PURPOSE OF DECONTAMINATION

- 1. TO PREVENT CROSS-CONTAMINATION OF DIFFERENT SITES USING COMMON EQUIPMENT
- 2. ENSURE REPRESENTATIVE SAMPLES ARE COLLECTED
- 3. ENSURE PROPER OPERATION OF EQUIPMENT
- 4. REDUCE EXPOSE HAZARDS

DECON SITE SELECTION

- 1. CONTROLLED ACCESS
- 2. STORE CLEAN EQUIPMENT TO PREVENT RECONTAMINATION
- 3. CONTROL RESIDUAL MATERIAL REMOVED FROM THE EQUIPMENT

Table 15.4. Potential Sources of Contamination Associated with Decontamination Procedures.

- use of "contaminated" potable water supplies (i.e., contaminated due to the presence of bacteria, organic compounds, metals, or other objectionable substances)
- use of contaminated supplies of commercially prepared distilled water (i.e., contaminated due to the presence of platicizers and organic compounds)
- contamination of samples with residues of fluids used for decontamination, such as dilute acids or solvents
- oil spray from unfiltered exhaust from generators used as power sources
- volatile organic contamination associated with equipment exhaust systems (steam cleaners, generators, support trucks, etc.)
- use of ethylene glycol (antifreeze) in decontamination equipment (e.g., hot-water power wash spray nozzles and hoses) to prevent freezing in extremely cold weather
- hydraulic fluids, oils, gasoline, or diesel fuel used to operate generators and other support equipment