Nebraska

Department of

Environment and Energy

Weatherization Assistance Program

Program Year 2024 State Plan

July 1, 2024 – June 30, 2025

Department of Environment and Energy

Jim Macy, Director

P.O. Box 95085

Lincoln, NE 68509

402-471-2186

OMB Number: 4040-0004 Expiration Date: 11/30/2025

APPLICATION FOR FEDERAL ASSISTANCE SF	-424		Version 02
Type of Submission: Preapplication Application Changed/Corrected Application	2. Type of Application: New X Continuation Revision	If Revision, select appropriate letter(s) Other (specify):	
3. Date Received 05/03/2024		4. Applicant Identifier:	
5a. Federal Entity Identifier:		5b. Federal Award Identifier: DE-EE0009914	
State Use Only:			
6. Date Received by State: 05/03/2024		7. State Application Identifier: PY2024-2025	
8. APPLICANT INFORMATION:			
a. Legal Name: State of Nebraska			
b. Employer/Taxpayer Identification Number (EIN/TIN): 470491233		c. UEI: HPZJJJ7AMFL4	
d. Address:			
Street 1: PO Box 98922			
Street 2:			
City: Lincoln			
County: LANCASTER County			
State: NE			
Province:			
Country: U.S.A.			
Zip / Postal Code: 685098922			
e. Organizational Unit:			
Department Name:		Division Name:	
Nebraska Department of Environment and Energy		Planning and Aid Division	
f. Name and contact information of person to be contacted	on matters involving this	application:	
Prefix: First Na	me: Katie		
Middle Name: E			
Last Name: Svoboda			
Suffix:			
Title: Grant Section Supervisor			
Organizational Affiliation: NDEE			
Telephone Number: 4024713347		Fax Number:	
Email: katie.svoboda@nebraska.gov			

OMB Number: 4040-0004 Expiration Date: 11/30/2025

APPLICATION FOR FEDERAL ASSISTANCE SF-424	Version 02
9. Type of Applicant:	
A State Government	
0. Name of Federal Agency:	
U. S. Department of Energy	
1. Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number:	
81.042	
CFDA Title:	
Weatherization Assistance Program	
2. Funding Opportunity Number:	
DE-WAP-0002024	
Title:	
2024 Weatherization Assistance Program (WAP)	
3. Competition Identification Number:	
Title:	
14. Areas Affected by Project (Cities, Counties, States, etc.):	
Statewide	
15. Descriptive Title of Applicant's Project:	
The State of Nebraska administers the Weatherization Assistance Program through its network of eight regional sub -grantees. The Weatherization Assistance Program enables low-income families to permanently reduce their energy bills by making their homes more energy efficient.	

OMB Number: 4040-0004 Expiration Date: 11/30/2025

APPLICATION	FOR FEDERAL ASS	ISTANCE SF-4	24				Version 02
16.Congressional D	istrict Of:						
a. Applicant:	Nebraska Congressional	District 01		b. Program/Project:	NE-Statewide		
Attach an additiona	l list of Program/Project	Congressional Dis	tricts if needed:				
17. Proposed Projection a. Start Date:	ot: 07/01/2024			b. End Date:	06/30/2025		
18. Estimated Fundi	ing (\$):						
a. Federal	3,469,604.00						
b. Applicant	0.00						
c. State	0.00						
d. Local	0.00						
e. Other	0.00						
f. Program Income	0.00						
g. TOTAL	3,469,604.00						
a. This application b. Program is b. Program is c. Program is 20. Is the applicant I No 21. By signing this a statements herein are true, come to	subject to E.O. 12372 but not covered by E.O. 1237 Delinquent On Any Feder application, I certify (1) to aplete and accurate to the	to the State under that has not been selected. Tal Debt? (If "Yes", the statements contained best of my knowledge)	the Executive Order cted by the State for provide explanation ontained in the list cedge. I also provide	12372 Process for review review.	** and agree		
Authorized Represe	entative:						
Prefix:	Mr	First Name:	Thaddeus				
Middle Name:	D.						
Last Name:	Fineran						
Suffix:							
Title:	Interim Director						
Telephone Number:	4024713383			Fax Number:			
Email:	thad.fineran@neb	raska.gov					
Signature of Authori	zed Representative:	Signed Electron	ically		Date Signed:	06/28/2024	
Authorized for Local Repro	duction						424 (Revised 10/2005) by OMB Circular A-102

OMB Control No: 1910-5127

Expiration Date: 04/30/2027

Weatherization Assistance Program (WAP)

WEATHERIZATION ANNUAL FILE WORKSHEET

Grant Number: EE0009914, State: NE, Program Year: 2024

Recipient: State of Nebraska

IV.1 Subgrantees

Subgrantee (City)	Planned Funds/Units
Blue Valley Community Action (Fairbury)	\$268,063.00
Blue valley Community retion (runousy)	15
Central Nebraska Community Services (Loup City)	\$333,230.00
	18
Community Action Partnership of Mid-Nebraska (Kearney)	\$572,595.00 35
	\$630,450.00
Community Action Program of Lancaster and Saunders Counties (Lincoln)	36
D. J. G. (DED) (G. 1)	\$1,361,982.00
Douglas County (RFP) (Omaha)	93
Northeast Nebraska Community Action Partnership (Pender)	\$667,132.00
Normeast Neoraska Community Action Farthership (Fender)	47
Northwest Community Action Partnership (Chadron)	\$652,063.00
Trotal west Community Tector Full desimp (Chaddon)	47
Southeast Nebraska Community Action Council (Humboldt)	\$324,162.00
,,	17
Total:	\$4,809,677.00
	308

IV.2 WAP Production Schedule

Weatherization Plans	Units
Total Units (excluding reweatherized)	277
Reweatherized Units	31
Average Unit Costs, Units subject to DOE Project Rules	
VEHICLE & EQUIPMENT AVERAGE COST PER DWELLING UNIT (DOE RULES)	
A Total Vehicles & Equipment (\$5,000 or more) Budget	\$0.00
B Total Units Weatherized	277
C Total Units Reweatherized	31
D Total Dwelling Units to be Weatherized and Reweatherized (B + C)	308
E Average Vehicles & Equipment Acquisition Cost per Unit (A divided by D)	\$0.00
AVERAGE COST PER DWELLING UNIT (DOE RULES)	
F Total Funds for Program Operations	\$2,614,096.00
G Total Dwelling Units to be Weatherized and Reweatherized (from line D)	308
H Average Program Operations Costs per Unit (F divided by G)	\$8,487.32
I Average Vehicles & Equipment Acquisition Cost per Unit (from line E)	\$0.00
J Total Average Cost per Dwelling (H plus I)	\$8,487.32

IV.3 Energy Savings

Method used to calculate savings: ☑ WAP algorithm ☐ Other (describe below)			
	Units	Savings Calculator (MBtus)	Energy Savings

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Weatherization Assistance Program (WAP)

WEATHERIZATION ANNUAL FILE WORKSHEET

Grant Number: EE0009914, State: NE, Program Year: 2024

Recipient: State of Nebraska

This Year Estimat	308	29.3	9024
Prior Year Estimat	279	29.3	8175
Prior Year Actua	1 157	29.3	4600
Method used to calculate savings description:			

IV.4 DOE-Funded Leveraging Activities

None

IV.5 Policy Advisory Council Members

 \square Check if an existing state council or commision serves in this category and add name below

Community Action of Nebraska Type of organization: Non-profit (not a financial institution) Contact Name: 4024713714 Email: director@canhelp.org Type of organization: Local agency Contact Name: Becky Schuerman Phone: 4024417180 Email: characteristic State Government Contact Name: June Baum Phone: 4024402599 Email: June Baum Phone: 4024179435 Email: june Baum Phone: 5312263215 Email: sizach@nppd.com Type of organization: Utility Contact Name: Steve Zach, Energy Efficiency Supervisor Phone: 40245032-22 Email: sizach@nppd.com Type of organization: Utility Contact Name: 5312263215 Email: beabel@oppd.com Type of organization: Wilkiy Contact Name: Misha Mazurkewyez, Environmental Manager Phone: 4024389222 Email: managenesses organizations and proper steve of the phone: 4024389222 Email: managenesses organizations and proper steve of the phone: 4024389222 Email: managenesses organizations and proper steve organizations an			
Community Action of Nebraska Phone: 4024713714 Email: director@canhelp.org Type of organization: Contact Name: Phone: 4024417180 Branil: beeky.schuerman@unl.edu Type of organization: Unit of State Government Contact Name: Laura Hart, Economic Development Consultant Phone: 402440599 Email: laura hart@nebraska.gov Type of organization: Unit of State Government Contact Name: June Baum Phone: 4024179435 Email: june.baum@nebraska.gov Type of organization: Utility Contact Name: Voltility Contact Name: Steve Zoch, Energy Efficiency Supervisor Phone: (402)563-5472 Email: sizach@nppd.com Type of organization: Utility Contact Name: Steve Zoch, Energy Efficiency Supervisor Phone: (402)563-5472 Email: sizach@nppd.com Type of organization: Utility Contact Name: Britton Gabel Phone: 5312263215 Email: beabel@oppd.com Type of organization: Indian Tribe Contact Name: Misha Mazurkewycz, Environmental Manager Phone: 402489222			
Fronce: 4024/13/14 Email: director@canhelp.org Type of organization: Local agency Contact Name: Becky Schueman Phone: 4024417180 Email: becky.schueman@unl.edu Type of organization: Unit of State Government Contact Name: Laura Hart, Economic Development Phone: 4024402599 Email: laura.hart@nebraska.gov Type of organization: Unit of State Government Contact Name: Laura Hart, Economic Development Consultant Phone: 4024402599 Email: laura.hart@nebraska.gov Type of organization: Unit of State Government Contact Name: June Baum Phone: 4024179435 Email: june.baum@nebraska.gov Type of organization: Utility Contact Name: Steve Zach, Energy Efficiency Supervisor Phone: (402)563-5472 Email: sizach@nppd.com Type of organization: Utility Contact Name: Sition Gabel Phone: 5312263215 Email: beabel@oppd.com Type of organization: Indian Tribe Contact Name: Phone: 402489222 Phone: 402489222 Phone: 402489222 Pone: 402489222 Particolored Programization Programization Pone: 402489222 Programization: Programization Programization Programization: Pro	Community Action of Nebraska		·
Type of organization: Local agency Contact Name: Becky Schuerman Phone: 4024417180 Email: becky.schuerman@unl.edu Type of organization: Unit of State Government Contact Name: Laura Hart, Economic Development Consultant Phone: 4024402599 Email: laura.hart@nebraska.gov Type of organization: Unit of State Government Contact Name: Laura Hart, Economic Development Consultant Phone: 4024402599 Email: laura.hart@nebraska.gov Type of organization: Unit of State Government Contact Name: June Baum Phone: 4024179435 Email: june.baum@nebraska.gov Type of organization: Utility Contact Name: Steve Zach, Energy Efficiency Supervisor Phone: (402)563-5472 Email: sizach@nppd.com Type of organization: Utility Contact Name: Britton Gabel Phone: 5312263215 Email: bgabel@oppd.com Ponca Tribe of Nebraska Ponca Tribe of Nebraska Type of organization: Misha Mazurkewyez, Environmental Manager Phone: M024389222	Community Action of Actionate	Phone:	4024713714
Lancaster County Extension Service Contact Name: A024417180 Email: becky.schuerman@unl.edu Type of organization: Unit of State Government Contact Name: Laura Hart, Economic Development Consultant Phone: 4024402599 Email: laura.hart@nebraska.gov Type of organization: Unit of State Government Contact Name: June Baum Phone: 4024179435 Email: june.baum@nebraska.gov Nebraska Department of Health & Human Services Nebraska Public Power District Omaha Public Power District Omaha Public Power District Ponca Tribe of Nebraska Ponca Tribe of Nebraska Contact Name: Becky Schuerman 4024417180 Email: Laura.hart@nebraska.gov Type of organization: Unit of State Government Contact Name: June Baum Phone: 4024179435 Email: june.baum@nebraska.gov Contact Name: Steve Zach, Energy Efficiency Supervisor Phone: (402)563-5472 Email: sizach@nppd.com Type of organization: Utility Contact Name: Britton Gabel Phone: 5312263215 Email: bgabel@oppd.com Type of organization: Indian Tribe Contact Name: Misha Mazurkewycz, Environmental Manager Phone: 4024389222		Email:	director@canhelp.org
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Prione: 4024417180	Language County Extension Service	Contact Name:	Becky Schuerman
Nebraska Department of Economic Development Type of organization: Unit of State Government Contact Name: Laura Hart, Economic Development Consultant Phone: 4024402599 Email: laura.hart@nebraska.gov Type of organization: Unit of State Government Contact Name: June Baum Phone: 4024179435 Email: june.baum@nebraska.gov Type of organization: Utility Contact Name: Steve Zach, Energy Efficiency Supervisor Phone: (402)563-5472 Email: sizach@nppd.com Type of organization: Utility Contact Name: Britton Gabel Phone: 5312263215 Email: bgabel@oppd.com Type of organization: Indian Tribe Contact Name: Misha Mazurkewycz, Environmental Manager Phone: 402489222	Lancaster County Extension Service	Phone:	4024417180
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Email: june.baum@nebraska.gov Type of organization: Utility Contact Name: Steve Zach, Energy Efficiency Supervisor Phone: (402)563-5472 Email: sjzach@nppd.com Type of organization: Utility Omaha Public Power District Omaha Public Power District Phone: 5312263215 Email: bgabel@oppd.com Type of organization: Indian Tribe Contact Name: Misha Mazurkewycz, Environmental Manager Phone: 4024389222	Notice to Description of Climbia & House Consider	Contact Name:	June Baum
Nebraska Public Power District Type of organization: Utility Contact Name: Steve Zach, Energy Efficiency Supervisor Phone: (402)563-5472 Email: sjzach@nppd.com Type of organization: Utility Contact Name: Britton Gabel Phone: 5312263215 Email: bgabel@oppd.com Type of organization: Indian Tribe Contact Name: Misha Mazurkewycz, Environmental Manager Phone: 4024389222	Nebraska Department of Health & Human Services	Phone:	4024179435
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Omaha Public Power District Type of organization: Utility Contact Name: Britton Gabel Phone: 5312263215 Email: bgabel@oppd.com Type of organization: Indian Tribe Contact Name: Misha Mazurkewycz, Environmental Manager Phone: 4024389222	Neoraska Public Power District	Phone:	(402)563-5472
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Ponca Tribe of Nebraska Contact Name: Misha Mazurkewycz, Environmental Manager Phone: 4024389222		Email:	bgabel@oppd.com
Ponca Tribe of Neoraska Phone: 4024389222		Type of organization:	
Ponca Tribe of Neoraska Phone: 4024389222	Device Teller of Nickensky	Contact Name:	Misha Mazurkewycz, Environmental Manager
Fmail: mmazurkewycz@noncatribe-ne org	Ponca Tribe of Nebraska	Phone:	
Initiazarkew yez (a ponedario e-ne. org		Email:	mmazurkewycz@poncatribe-ne.org

IV.6 State Plan Hearings (Note: attach notes and transcripts to the SF-424)

I to State I mil IIta	ings (1 total actual notes and cranscripts to the S1 121)
Date Held	Newspapers that publicized the hearings and the dates the notice ran
04/25/2024	A public hearing was held to receive public input on the PY2024 State Plan at 10:00 am Thursday, April 25, 2024, at the Nebraska Department of Environment and Energy. Notice of the meeting was published in the Omaha World-Herald and posted on the Public Hearing section of the Nebraska Department of Environment and Energy's website at http://dee.ne.gov/Press.nsf/PRList.xsp on April 14, 2024. It was distributed via email to all WAP program managers and agency executive directors. There were one (1) NDEE employee who attended the Public Hearing and all attendees declared no comment when they were called to announce themselves and make comments during the hearing.

IV.7 Miscellaneous

Recipient Business Off	icer
Kara Valentine	

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Expiration Date: 04/30/2027

OMB Control No: 1910-5127

OMB Control No: 1910-5127 Expiration Date: 04/30/2027

Weatherization Assistance Program (WAP)

WEATHERIZATION ANNUAL FILE WORKSHEET

Grant Number: EE0009914, **State:** NE, **Program Year:** 2024

Recipient: State of Nebraska

Deputy Director

Email: kara.valentine@nebraska.gov

Phone: (402) 471-3372

Recipient Principal Investigator

Sarah Starostka

Planning & Aid Division Administrator Email: sarah.starostka@nebraska.gov

Phone: (402) 471-4371

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OMB Control No: 1910-5127 Expiration Date: 02/28/2025

Weatherization Assistance Program (WAP) STATE PLAN / MASTER FILE WORKSHEET

Grant Number: EE0009914, State: NE, Program Year: 2024

Recipient: State of Nebraska

This worksheet should be completed as specified in Section III of the Weatherization Assistance Program Application Package.

V.1 Eligibility

V.1.1 Approach to Determining Client Eligibility

Provide a description of the definition of income used to determine eligibility

Definition of Income Used to Determine Eligibility (Client Eligibility)

In accordance with USDOE Weatherization Program Notice 24-3, effective as of January 25, 2024, Low income will mean that income in relation to family size, which: (1) is at or below 200 percent of the poverty level determined in accordance with criteria established by the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, or (2) is the basis on which cash assistance payments have been paid at any time during the preceding twelve months under Titles IV and XVI of the Social Security Act, or (3) is the basis on which energy assistance payments have been paid under the Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program of 1981(LIHEAP), provided that such basis is at least 200 percent of the poverty level determined in accordance with the criteria established by the Director of the Office of Management and Budget.

• Subgrantees are reminded that the supporting documentation for applicants applying for weatherization that may be on a waiting list or for other reasons must have their eligibility documentation updated at least annually.

WPN 22-5 extended categorical income eligibility to HUD means-tested programs. WAP subrecipients may certify that applicants have met the income requirements of HUD means-test programs through mechanisms including, but not limited to, applicant documentation, interagency lists of recipients, shared system databases, etc. The method of verification of eligibility will be included in the client file.

Describe what household eligibility basis will be used in the Program

All dwelling units certified as eligible for services shall be occupied by an income-eligible household family unit with income at or below 200 percent of the poverty level, or "which contains a member who has received cash assistance payments under Title IV or XVI of the Social Security Act or applicable State or local law during the twelve month period preceding the determination of eligibility for weatherization assistance," or which contains a member which has received energy assistance payments under the LIHEAP during the twelve month period preceding the determination of eligibility for weatherization assistance.

Describe the process for ensuring qualified aliens are eligible for weatherization benefits

Subgrantees must request documentation from WAP applicants and verify eligibility status through the Systematic Alien Verification for Entitlements (SAVE) Program. Such documentation can be provided to Nebraska Department of Environment and Energy (NDEE) staff for eligibility verification.

The SAVE Program is a web-based service that helps federal, state and local benefit-issuing agencies, institutions, and licensing agencies determine the immigration status of benefit applicants so only those entitled to benefits receive them.

USDOE has directed grantees to guidance provided by Health and Human Services (HHS) under LIHEAP. This guidance can be found by going to http://aspe.hhs.gov/hsp/immigration/restrictions-sum.shtml. NDEE is registered for the SAVE Program to verify qualified alien status of Weatherization Program applicants for sub-grantees. Sub-grantees submit the required information to the NDEE who completes the verification process. The verification documentation is required as part of the Subgrantee Client Files.

V.1.2 Approach to Determining Building Eligibility

Procedures to determine that units weatherized have eligibility documentation

The applicant must provide evidence or income documentation satisfactory to the outreach worker that the household meets the eligibility requirements. The documentation must be maintained in the client file and made available for inspection by the agency Subgrantee employee, State and Federal Funding staff.

Applicant income must be verified for the one-year period prior to the certification month. Income data for a part of a year may be annualized in order to determine eligibility—for

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U.S. Department of Energy

OMB Control No: 1910-5127

Expiration Date: 02/28/2025

Weatherization Assistance Program (WAP)

STATE PLAN / MASTER FILE WORKSHEET

Grant Number: EE0009914, State: NE, Program Year: 2024

Recipient: State of Nebraska

example, by multiplying by four the amount of income received during the most recent three months. The method of calculation is to be determined by the Subrecipient in accordance with the most recent DOE WPN Federal Poverty Guidelines and Definition of Income and the NeWAP Policies and Procedures Manual.

Applications on file for one year or more must be recertified for the year prior to pre-inspection. If weatherization work is expected to begin 12 months from the date of verified eligibility, the household shall show continued eligibility. Weatherization work begins on the date the Energy Audit on-site inspection is completed. If weatherization work has not begun after 12 months from the date of verified eligibility, the household income shall be re-verified. Applicant eligibility verification shall be documented in the file and shall include, as a minimum, (1) which 12-month period was considered, (2) a list of all sources of applicant income, (3) documentation of income from each source for the period(s) being considered, and (4) the date and initials of the agency employee verifying income.

Signed permission from the owner, or authorized agent, of each eligible dwelling unit must be obtained and documented in the client file prior to performing any inspections, tests, or weatherization measures on a dwelling. Rental Units are required to have a signed WX 14 Landlord Agreement in the client file giving permission from the owner.

Describe Reweatherization compliance

Subgrantees are required to retain records of all dwellings that received Federal funds including LIHEAP, HUD, or USDA "weatherization" activities. Dwellings may be reweatherized if 15 years have passed since the completion of original services and quality control inspection. Nebraska has been advised that additional implementation guidance of the new reweatherization policy is forthcoming. Nebraska will ensure compliance with any additional DOE guidance.

If a previously weatherized dwelling unit has been damaged by fire, flood, natural catastrophic weather or environmental occurrence, weatherization crews may return to a unit reported as a completion without regard to date of weatherization. 10 CFR 440.18(f)(2)(ii). Local authorities must deem the dwelling unit(s) salvageable as well as habitable and if the damage to the materials is not covered by insurance or other form of compensation. The use of USDOE WAP funds is limited to eligible weatherization activities and the purchase and delivery of weatherization materials (WPN 16-7). No more than ten (10) percent of a Subgrantee's USDOE completions may be reweatherized without prior approval from the Department of Environment and Energy.

Addresses of completed weatherized units and dates they were completed are tracked by Subgrantees through the NDEE database system. Each agency references new applications to that database to comply with re-weatherization regulations in 10 CFR 440.18(f)(2)(iii) Allowable expenditures. The Department of Environment and Energy also uses a database to track WAP clients and retains client BCJO files for completed units for ten years. The database is used to cross-reference submitted completed units to already completed units. Subgrantees are also responsible to let the Department of Environment and Energy know when a unit is a re-weatherized unit.

Describe what structures are eligible for weatherization

Eligible housing types include owner and renter-occupied single-family homes, manufactured (mobile) homes, and multifamily buildings.

Historic Preservation

On November 6, 2020, the NDEE extended the Programmatic Agreement (PA) with the Nebraska State Historical Preservation Office (NSHPO) and the USDOE until December 31, 2030. Properties funded under the WAP are considered "undertakings" subject to review under Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act, 16 U.S.C. 470f (NHPA) and its implementing regulations at 36 CFR 800, and include rehabilitation, energy efficiency, retrofits, renewables, and weatherization (undertakings). SHPO contact information is available at the following link: http://www.ncshpo.org/shpodirectory.shtml click on the State of Nebraska to find the Nebraska SHPO contact information.

Section 110(k) of the NHPA applies to USDOE funded activities. Recipients shall avoid taking any action that results in an adverse effect to historic properties pending compliance with Section 106.

Dwellings that may be weatherized include:

- 1. Framed Homes
 - a. Single family owner-occupied
 - b. Single family rental
 - c. Multi-family dwellings
- 2. Manufactured Homes

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a. Owner-occupied

b. Renter-occupied

Describe how Rental Units/Multifamily Buildings will be addressed

References to the specific eligibility of multifamily buildings is addressed in the regulations, 10 CFR 440.22(b)(2). Additional USDOE guidance can be found in USDOE Weatherization Program Notice 22-12.

Renter occupied housing units are eligible for weatherization services if they meet all other eligibility requirements. Signed permission from the owner, or authorized agent, of each eligible dwelling unit must be obtained and documented in the client file prior to performing any inspections, tests, or weatherization measures on a dwelling. Rent to own and contract for deed arrangements shall be considered rental properties.

NDEE does not require landlord contributions to provide weatherization services. However, funding restrictions (i.e. excessive health and safety or incidental repairs, or other funding limitations) may require a landlord contribution to allow comprehensive weatherization work to proceed. Landlord contributions should be sought for the weatherization of multifamily complexes to maximize the benefits to the low-income clients and to stretch limited WAP funding, when feasible.

Rental units may be weatherized when occupied by an eligible client; and

- The Subgrantee has written permission from the owner or his agent. Such written permission shall be permanently maintained in the file of the client whose unit is weatherized.
- The benefits of weatherization assistance will accrue primarily to low-income tenants.
- Not less than 66 percent (50 percent for duplexes and four-unit buildings) of the dwelling units in the building are occupied by eligible clients or will become occupied by eligible clients within 180 days under a Federal, State, or local program for rehabilitating the building or making similar improvements to the building.
- The Subgrantee must obtain and place in the client file a signed agreement from the landlord (or authorized agent of the landlord) that states that for a minimum of 12 months after weatherization work has been completed on a dwelling, the tenants in that dwelling will not be subjected to rent increases because of the increased value of dwelling units due solely to weatherization assistance provided under this part.
- No undue or excessive enhancement shall occur to the value of the dwelling units.
- In the event of a dispute between the tenant and property owner regarding the issues listed above, the Subgrantee will attempt to resolve the dispute; if that fails, the tenant will be referred to legal aid by the Subgrantee.
- In the case of a vacant rental dwelling, weatherization assistance may be provided if there is assurance that a low-income household will inhabit the dwelling within 180 days of the date the weatherization service was completed.
- Subgrantee has provided copies of the signed Landlord Agreements to the tenants and ensure that documentation is placed in the Subgrantee Client File.

The Nebraska WAP does not file liens or enforce restrictions.

Under 10 CFR 440.18(f)(1): No grant funds awarded under this part shall be used for any of the following purposes; To weatherize a dwelling unit which is designated for acquisition or clearance by a Federal, State or local program within 12 months from the date weatherization of the dwelling unit would be scheduled to be completed.

Multi-family Buildings

The total amount of funds that can be invested in a multi-family project is determined as follows: Multiply the total number of income-eligible units in the multi-family building by the current statewide average cost per unit. The total is the maximum amount of USDOE funding available to weatherize the building. All units in the building can be served and all units should be reported to USDOE. Sub-grantees must submit multi-family projects greater than 24 units to the Department of Environment and Energy for review and approval before work begins and costs are incurred. The Department of Environment and Energy reviews the proposed project and submits to the USDOE Program Office as per the Multi-Family Review Protocol.

Describe the deferral Process

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Description of Expenditure Limit

Historically, Nebraska has not limited Health & Safety investments in a home to a "per-unit dollar cost" but allocates 23.5 percent of its annual allocation to cover Health & Safety related expenditures in homes state-wide.

As part of NDEE's plan development and submission, staff reviews the previous year's invoiced Health and Safety expenditures and evaluates the invoiced cost and it's annual percentage allocation. Based on this review and evaluation, the DOE PY 2024-2025, and DOE Bil funding, the estimated state-wide per dwelling unit limit Health & Safety expenditure is \$1,800. Units may exceed the \$1,800 limit if approved in advance by NDEE on a case-by-case basis.

Deferring Weatherization Services to Eligible Clients

Although a client may be eligible for the Weatherization Program, there are situations or conditions where weatherization services should be deferred (i.e. delayed or postponed). Deferring work on a dwelling does not mean the dwelling will never be weatherized. If the situation or condition causing the deferral is remedied weatherization work can continue. Deferral conditions may include but are not limited to:

- The client has known health conditions that prohibit the installation of insulation and other weatherization materials.
- The building structure or its mechanical systems, including electrical and plumbing, are in such a state of disrepair that failure is imminent, and the conditions cannot be resolved cost-effectively.
- The house has sewage or other sanitary problems that would further endanger the client and weatherization installers if weatherization work were performed.
- The house has been condemned or electrical, heating, plumbing, or other equipment has been "red tagged" by local or state building officials or utilities and cannot be remedied by weatherization funds.
- Moisture problems have developed signs of significant mold.
- Dangerous conditions exist due to high carbon monoxide levels in combustion appliances and cannot be resolved under existing health and safety measures.
- The client is uncooperative, abusive, or threatening to the crew, subcontractors, auditors, inspectors, or others who must work on or visit the house.
- The extent and condition of lead-based paint in the house would potentially create further health and safety hazards.
- If, in the judgment of the energy auditor, any condition exists which may endanger the health and/or safety of the work crew or subcontractor, the work should not proceed until the condition is corrected.
- The property has suspected, friable asbestos containing materials.
- The property is currently listed for sale and/or the eligible occupant will be moving.
- The property has a significant remodel in progress.

The Deferral Process

There are conditions and situations where a Subgrantee must defer and not weatherize an otherwise eligible dwelling unit due to certain occupant issues or dwelling characteristic that are beyond the scope of WAP. The decision to defer work in a dwelling is difficult but necessary in some cases. This does not mean that assistance will never be available, but that work must be postponed until the problems can be resolved and/or alternative sources of help are found.

If a subgrantee staff member, including but not limited to Energy Auditor(s) and Crew Members and contractors, determines any conditions that exist, which may endanger the health and/or safety of the workers or occupants, should be deferred until the conditions are corrected. Crews and contractors are expected to pursue all reasonable options on behalf of the client.

When a Subgrantee has made the decision to defer work on a dwelling, it must notify the client, and the landlord when appropriate, in writing of the reason using the NeWAP Weatherization Deferral Notice (Wx-4). A copy of the notification, with documentation justifying the decision to defer services, must be kept in the client file. Subgrantees should attempt to identify all reasons why work is being deferred on a home and notify the client or landlord of all the reasons and what must be done for weatherization work to resume.

In the cases of deferral that cannot be remedied with Weatherization Readiness Funds (WRF), the client is to be referred to other known sources of funding to help alleviate the issues causing the deferral. Copies of all deferred weatherization applications and jobs shall be forwarded to NDEE for inclusion in a NeWAP Deferral Database Tracking System currently being developed.

In cases of deferral that can be remedied with WRF's, the following PY 2024-2025 Weatherization Readiness Funding Plan applies:

Distribution of Funds

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The Department of Environment and Energy will distribute the Weatherization Readiness Funding (WRF) among the states existing Subgrantees (seven community action agencies and one non-profit organization) utilizing the formula allocation, with a weighted average based on population, used for the Annual Weatherization Funding.

Priority for Service Delivery

Clients will continue to serve clients by date of application submission, be a priority, and by county. For deferred homes, the following Priority List shall be considered when prioritizing the delivers of WRF services:

- 1. The number of issues associated with the deferral,
- 2. The number of possible Energy Efficiency Measures impacted by the use of WRF, for example
 - o Roof Repairs will allow for the completion of three Attic Insulation ECMs and a Kneewall Insulation Measure,
 - Addressing missing electrical switch places and a missing electrical box cover allows for the completion of Exterior Wall Insulation ECMs, Attic Insulation Measures and Kneewall Insulation Measures,
 - o Completing water leak repairs from the plumbing system or from drainage issues results in the completion of a Foundation Insulation ECM, a Sillbox Insulation and a Floor Insulation, 3) The estimated cost associated with correcting the deferral issue and the extent of damage (i.e. limited termite damage, small leaks, percentages of missing siding or trim),
- 3. The time elapsed since the deferral, and
- 4. The date of construction of the home, older homes (constructed before 2000) should be given higher priority.

Average Cost per Unit (WRF ACPU)

The NeWAP WRF Average Cost per Unit (WRF ACPU) is \$15,000.00. Units that exceed the WRF of \$5,000 must receive approval from the NDEE on a case-by-case basis, prior to implementation.

Funding Restrictions and/or Limitations

In PY 2024, the use of Weatherization Readiness Funding (WRF):

- Is only available for use on Only Owner-Occupied Homes
- Is available for Cleanup or Remediation purposes; including but not limited to Lead paint, Asbestos (confirmed or suspected, including vermiculite), mold and/or moisture, etc. Subgrantees that plan to install drywall and/or joint tape/finish, utilizing WRF, must be reviewed and approved by NDEE on a case-by-case basis, prior to implementation.
- Is available for the installation of missing drywall and joint tape/finish and is only allowed when it directly impacts the implementation of an ECM and to ensure accurate blower door testing on the unit can be completed. Subgrantees that plan to install drywall and/or joint tape/finish, utilizing WRF, must be reviewed and approved by NDEE on a case-by-case basis, prior to implementation.

These case-by case decisions are made according to the facts associated with the particular situation in the dwelling unit, the proposed cost(s) of the work, future weatherization work and/or energy impact on the client.

WRF Funds are allowed to be carried forward into the next budget periods within the same grant cycle (e.g., PY 2023 can be carried into PY 2024) The Use of WRF does not need to result in a DOE-funded completion within the same PY but must be completed within the same grant cycle and within that following program year. (In other words, if a job receives WRF funds in PY2023, it needs to receive weatherization by the end of PY 2024. This will not work when the DOE grant cycle will be ending so be aware those will not be able to be carried into a second year.

Subgrantees are allowed to use DOE Formula WRF funds with a completed DOE WAP-BIL grant funded weatherization project. The Use of WRF does not need to result in a DOE BIL-funded completion within the same PY but must be completed within 12 months of the WRF Completion.

Subgrantee Monitoring

Each subgrantee is required to perform a Final Inspection on work performed with WRF funding to ensure that the completed work is satisfactory, allows for the completion of weatherization work and meets state, local and agency code and contractual requirements. Documentation is required to be kept in each client file as evidence that a final inspection has been performed.

Grantee Monitoring

NDEE monitors will complete inspections of Subgrantee submitted WRF units as part of the onsite in-progress and Quality Control Inspections discussed and quantified in the Nebraska Department of Environment and Energy Program Monitoring and Compliance Strategy (table) in Section 5.0 – Technical Assistance of this PY2024 Annual Plan.

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Subgrantee Tracking

Subgrantees will work with the NDEE to develop a Deferral Tracking system, as part of the NDEE database system, which will 1) provide a consistent tracking across the NeWAP system, 2) be used in the development of the Avoided Deferrals Summary of the Monitoring and Leveraging Report discussed below and 3) will provide Subgrantee and Grantee managers with data that will be used in program development for possible future funding opportunities.

Grantee Tracking

NDEE will track use the NDEE database system to track and provide, as part of the Monitoring and Leveraging Report, an Avoided Deferrals Summary of all units in PY2024 that utilize the WRF. The Summary will include the number of dwelling units made weatherization ready with these funds and for each building or unit the following information will be provided:

- Year of construction,
- · Housing Type (site-built single family, manufactured housing),
- Nature of repairs needed which prohibit weatherization (where applicable, identify multiple repairs or remediation reasons for a single building). Including but not limited to:
 - o Roof repair/replacement
 - o Wall repair (interior or exterior)
 - o Ceiling repair
 - Floor repair
 - o Foundation or subspace repair
 - o Exterior drainage repairs (e.g., landscaping or gutters)
 - Plumbing repairs
 - Electrical repair
 - o Cleanup or remediation required beyond scope of WAP
 - Lead Paint
 - Asbestos (confirmed or suspected, including vermiculite), mold and/or mositure
 - Other
- DOE WRF expenditure per unit and building;
- DOE WRF expenditure per BIL unit and building; and,
- Leveraged fund expenditure per unit and building (i.e., funds such as LIHEAP, HUD, nonfederal, etc. braided with DOE WRF to make building weatherization ready).

V.1.3 Definition of Children

Definition of children (below age): 6

V.1.4 Approach to Tribal Organizations

☐ Recommend tribal organization(s) be treated as local applicant?

If YES, Recommendation. If NO, Statement that assistance to low-income tribe members and other low-income persons is equal.

Low-income members of Indian tribes will receive benefits equivalent to the assistance provided to other low-income persons within Nebraska.

V.2 Selection of Areas to Be Served

Current service areas are predominantly based upon the historic boundaries of the state CAP agencies. This was done for two reasons. First, Nebraska Subgrantee CAP agencies in general, operate within boundaries that best serve the clients they serve through multiple assistance programs. Second, this approach enables CAPs to use existing outreach structures to recruit eligible clients. However, the State reserves the right to re-designate weatherization service areas during a program year should production of homes or service to eligible clients become deficient in any given service area for the WAP.

The Nebraska Department of Environment and Energy reserves the right to operate, on a temporary basis, the Weatherization Program in the territory of any defunded Subgrantee. This will be done to ensure continued service to an area during the search for a new Subgrantee.

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Formula to calculate Subgrantees allocation

Weighted average based on population.

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0.1 X $\{Population (S) + 0.2 X \{200\% of Poverty (S) + 0.3 X \{Poverty (S) + 0.4 X \{Elderly (S) + 0.4 X \}\}\}$

C = County S= State

Subgrantees under the WAP were required to notify the NDEE by January 26, 2024, of their interest in continuing as a service provider for the program year beginning July 1 of that year. At the time of submitting Subgrantee letter of intents to provide weatherization service in their specific counties, they will also submit any changes to: Articles of Incorporation, Mission Statement, key agency personnel, Board of Directors and representation, organizational chart, and proposed staffing levels. The application must also address:

- The organization's experience, performance and training in weatherization or housing renovation activities;
- The organization's experience in assisting low income persons in the area to be served; and
- The organization's capacity to undertake a timely and effective weatherization program.

For PY2024 Subgrantees notification of intent will be the written notification to serve the counties they submitted in their most recent Request for Proposal (RFP) for applications. At the time of the submission of the letter of intent, they will also provide any changes that were submitted in the RFP applications that would apply to PY2024.

V.3 Priorities

Eligible clients will receive weatherization assistance in Nebraska according to the following priorities:

- Persons over 60 years of age;
- 2. Persons with disabilities;
- 3. Families with children under 6 years old;
- 4. High residential energy users; and
- 5. Households with a high-energy burden.

Subgrantees must serve clients according to date of application submission, by priority, and by county. As a rule, within an individual county, a lower priority client should never be served prior to a higher priority client unless the higher priority client was not available during the available time period. Subgrantees must document irregularities in the selection of clients when a high priority client is not available.

As defined in 10 CFR 440, the term Persons with Disabilities means any individual (1) who is a handicapped individual as defined in section 7(6) of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, (2) who is under a disability as defined in section 1614(a)(3)(A) or 223(d)(1) of the Social Security Act or in section 102(7) of the Developmental Disabilities Services and Facilities Construction Act, or (3) who is receiving benefits under chapter 11 or 15 of title 38, U.S.C.

As defined in 10 CFR 440.3, high residential energy user means a low-income household whose residential energy expenditures exceed the median level of residential expenditures for all low-income households in the state.

As defined in 10 CFR 440.3 household with a high-energy burden means a low-income household whose residential energy burden (residential expenditures divided by the annual income of that household times one hundred (100) percent exceeds the median level of energy burden for all low-income households in the state.

V.4 Climatic Conditions

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Total heating degree-days in Nebraska range from a high of 7151 in the northcentral region of the State to a low of 5844 in Southeast region of Nebraska. The average heating degree-days have been supplied by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. Site-specific weather data is used in application of the NEAT audit. The average heating degree-days for each Subgrantee are set out below:

6,056
7,151
6,643
6,056
6,686
6,775
5,844
6506

V.5 Type of Weatherization Work to Be Done

V.5.1 Technical Guides and Materials

In Program Year 2024, the Nebraska WAP network will utilize the 2021 Nebraska Field Guide and Installation Standards along with the most updated Policies and Procedures. NDEE informed Subgrantees at that time of the expectations for work quality and adherence to the Field Guide and Installation Standards. NDEE implemented the Nebraska Field Guide and Installation Standards after approval by the Department of Energy in Program Year 2021 and will be in effect for five (5) years as Nebraska's technical guides. The Nebraska Field Guide and Installation Standards manual aligns with the USDOE Standard Work Specifications and the work quality standards that will meet the technical requirements for the WAP outlined in USDOE WPN 22-4, Section 2 and 10 CFR 440.

Each Subgrantee, by signing their Financial Aid Agreement with NDEE, agrees they understand the expectations of the Nebraska Field Guide and Installation Standards, USDOE WPN 22-4 Quality Work Plan, energy audit procedures, and 10 CFR 440 including Appendix A. By signing this agreement Subgrantees will also be acknowledging that they will include the following within their contract agreements.

"The Weatherization Assistance Program is dedicated to a high quality of work. To ensure this quality, all work performed by subgrantees, contractors, and subcontractors must meet the desired outcomes, specifications, and objectives found in the Nebraska Field Guide and Installation Standards. This Agreement constitutes confirmation of receipt and understanding of the expectations of the Nebraska Field Guide and Installation Standards." A signed contract that includes confirmation of receipt and understanding shall be sufficient and binding.

The approved Nebraska Field Guide and Installation Standards are available on the Department of Environment and Energy Weatherization website for Subgrantees to provide downloadable Installation Standards to crews and contract vendors. For in-network WAP Directors, Managers, or Certified Quality Control Inspectors employees the Department of Environment and Energy provides the Field Guides and Installation Standards in pdf format for either iPads or Tablet Readers. All contract vendors must provide their own electronic reader to download the Field Guides & Installation Standards.

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Subgrantees must provide a mechanism through their contractual agreements verifying that vendors understand and agree to the terms and usage of the Field Guides and Installation Standards and all USDOE installation requirements.

Field guide types approval dates

Single-Family: 6/2/2021 Manufactured Housing: 6/2/2021 Multi-Family:

V.5.2 Energy Audit Procedures

Audit Procedures and Dates Most Recently Approved by DOE

Audit Procedure: Single-Family Audit Name: NEAT Approval Date: 6/2/2021

Audit Procedure: Manufactured Housing

Audit Name: MHEA Approval Date: 6/2/2021

Audit Procedure: Multi-Family

Audit Name: Approval Date:

Comments

Approval of Energy Audit Procedures

NDEE received USDOE approval, effective June 2, 2021, of its audit procedures for site built and for certain small multifamily buildings using the NEAT and for manufactured homes using the MHEA. Both audit tools are already USDOE approved to calculate savings-to-investment (SIR) ratios. NDEE followed the latest WPN 19-4 guidance to comply with 10 CFR 440 for re-approval.

Single Family -- National Energy Audit (NEAT)

The National Energy Audit (NEAT) has been adopted by the Nebraska weatherization program. The U.S. Department of Energy's most recent approved Nebraska's Audit procedures with added User Defined measures was on March 31, 2021. Site-specific audits must be run on all single-family frame homes for all homes weatherized with Nebraska WAP funds.

Manufactured Housing - Mobile Home Energy Audit (MHEA)

Nebraska has chosen to utilize the Manufactured Home Energy Audit (MHEA). Site-specific audits must be completed on all mobile homes weatherized with Nebraska WAP funds. The MHEA Audit was approved with User Defined Measures by USDOE on March 31, 2021.

Small Multi-family Energy Audits

When weathering a multi-family building of 4-25 units, Subgrantees must utilize DOE's low-rise, Region 3, priority list with, NeWAP's modifications, that DOE Approved August 10, 2022.

Large Multi-family Energy Audits

The U.S. Department of Energy has indicated that they will rely on the MulTEA, EA-QUIP, REM audit software, HEAT, eQUEST and TREAT audits for these larger, multi-family buildings.

When considering weatherization of a multi-family building of greater than 25 units, Subgrantees must consult the NDEE for Energy Audit and technical assistance before performing weatherization work so that required information can be submitted for USDOE review and

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approval of these types of weatherization projects.

Savings to Investment Ratio

A SIR of 1.0 or greater means that the expected energy savings from installing the measure is equal to or greater than the initial cost of installation.

When an individual Measure SIR is not reached in multi-family (3 units and larger) building owners are allowed to buy-down DOE approved NEAT/MHEA Candidate Measures for Building Envelope and/or Baseload Energy Conservation Measures (ECMs) measures that don't achieve an individual SIR of 1 or greater as a stand-alone measure. However, in order for the measure(s) to qualify for a buy-down, the package of measures, **including the full cost of the Measure**, **which is to be bought down**, must have a Cumulative SIR (CSIR) of 1 or greater. **Note: Funding may not be solicited from an income-eligible homeowner. Homeowners may not contribute funds to pay the difference for a measure with an SIR of less than 1.0.**

Opting Out or Skipping Cost-effective Weatherization Measures

Opting out, skipping or "leapfrogging" of Measures that have been determined by the Energy Audit to be cost-effective is not allowed. Completion of all measures with an SIR of 1.0 or greater is required and all energy-savings measures must be considered and ranked in order of descending SIR. **The higher the SIR**, **the higher the priority**. Higher-ranking measures may not be skipped in order to complete a measure with a lower SIR. In other words, measures may not be skipped and/or clients cannot 'opt' out of a measure.

V.5.3 Final Inspection

Each Subgrantee is required to perform a final quality control inspection on the weatherized home completed by a Building Performance Institute, Inc. (BPI) Certified Quality Control Inspector before reporting it to the NDEE as a completed home and requesting reimbursement as required in USDOE Federal Regulations 10 CFR 440.16(g). The Quality Control Inspector must certify that work has been completed in accordance with the priority determined by the energy audit procedures required by 10 CFR 440.21.

In PY2024 Subgrantees will be required to meet USDOE WPN 22-4 Quality Work Plan requirements and to meet Quality Control Inspector (QCI) certification requirements. In PY2024 QCI work must meet or exceed standards specified in the Nebraska Standard Work Specification Field Guide and Installation Standards. Documentation is required to be kept in each client file as evidence that a final inspection has been performed by a Certified QCI. NDEE Program Monitors review client files as part of the Subgrantee monitoring to ensure compliance with this requirement. When a unit has received a QCI by the Subgrantee agency and has been monitored by a NDEE Field Conservation Technical staff, both QCI inspection forms will be included in the client file or building file.

Subgrantees operating with separate Energy Auditors and QCIs will have at least five (5) percent of all completed units reviewed. Subgrantee agencies operating with a combined Energy Auditor and QCI will be involved in a higher quality assurance review by NDEE above ten (10) percent of all completed units. Subgrantee that uses a Quality Control Inspector who works on two thirds of the jobs, the State will monitor a minimum of twenty (20) percent of the jobs completed by the sub-grantee. Subgrantees using one person as Energy Auditor and one person as QCI can allow the Energy Auditor to perform weatherization work on a dwelling. By allowing a Quality Control Inspector to do the final inspection even when that Inspector worked on the job, we will save extra travel and personnel shortages. We would still require at least one third of the jobs be inspected by someone who did not work on the job. All jobs would be inspected by a certified Quality Control Inspector. We reserve the right to require a different method if we find problems when monitoring subgrantees.

Subgrantee agencies operating with a combined Energy Auditor and QCI will be involved in a higher quality assurance review by NDEE above ten (10) percent of all completed units. Subgrantees operating with separate Energy Auditors and QCIs will have at least five (5) percent of all completed units reviewed. Subgrantees using one person to perform both the Energy Audit and the QCI are not allowed to utilize that person to perform weatherization work on a dwelling. Subgrantees using one person as Energy Auditor and one person as QCI can allow the Energy Auditor to perform weatherization work on a dwelling, while the QCI is not allowed to perform any weatherization work on a dwelling.

Any Subgrantees utilizing an independent privately contracted QCI will provide documentation of certification of the QCI performing the inspections on completed units and include all QCI inspection forms within the client or building files.

A part of monitoring will be to ensure that final inspectors are QCI certified and are inspecting to the Nebraska Energy Auditing Procedures and SWS Field Guide. In situations where inspectors are found not upholding the high quality of work expectations or are approving work, which is not consistent with the Nebraska's SWS Field Guide, inspectors and subrecipients will be notified in writing. Corrective action plans may be required to be developed and implemented based on the severity and frequency of noncompliance. Increased monitoring may

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be required. Concerns will be tracked to resolution. Repeat offenders may be suspended or disqualified from conducting final inspections for the NDEE.

V.6 Weatherization Analysis of Effectiveness

The State of Nebraska is committed to providing the citizens of Nebraska with an effective weatherization program that provides quality and cost-effective services. Annually since 2015 NDEE has completed a study detailing the actual energy savings and cost-effectiveness of weatherization work completed in Nebraska. The study uses a pre-and post-consumption analysis of randomly selected homes proportionately selected based on population demographics in each Subgrantee region. The results of that study and its methodology continue to be used to provide program feedback regarding the effectiveness of specific weatherization measures, and to assist in identifying training needs or training effectiveness based on energy savings and reduction of energy burden to low-income households.

During the application process, the Subgrantees secure a signed Client Consumption Release Form which authorizes the NeWAP to obtain the consumption records for each household for a 12-month period prior to weatherization (pre-consumption) and for a 12-month period after weatherization (post-consumption). The 30-year normalized client pre- and post-consumption data, based on fuel type, is used to calculate the percentage of energy consumption savings achieved.

For the period of July 2021 to June 2022, consumption 0n 62 homes was evaluated and the data showed an average savings for natural gas at 9.7 percent and an average savings for electricity at 8.5 percent. In comparison to the USDOE National Evaluation results:

- 2008 18 percent for gas, and 7 percent for electricity average annual energy savings
- 2010 16 percent for gas, and 8 percent for electricity average annual energy savings

The PY 2021 State of Nebraska analysis shows the annual energy savings for electricity and natural gas remain comparable to the National Evaluation results.

Nebraska is in the process of collecting and reviewing data for July 2022 to June 2023 to continue to evaluate the annual energy savings of Subgrantees weatherization work and to work with our state database developers to automate the evaluation program. These activities will continue to assist the Department of Environment and Energy in evaluating program effectiveness as well as help in identifying technical training needs or the effectiveness of training during that period.

Other Analysis of Effectiveness

The effectiveness of Subgrantee weatherization is also assessed through program technical monitoring activities and the requirement that all dwelling units weatherized in the program have an energy audit completed to measure energy effectiveness and minimum savings to investment ratio of 1.0 or better.

Inconsistencies noted through program monitoring result in actions that increase training and monitoring requirements in an effort to put a Subgrantee on the path to continuous improvement.

This year NDEE intends to continue its work to begin the implementation of core competency requirements for all program personnel at both the state and Subgrantee levels. Training will be targeted to provide personnel skills, knowledge, and the ability to perform weatherization program activities effectively.

NDEE will expand the monitoring activities of Subgrantees to include the percentage and types of efficiencies/improvement actions required as a result of on-site inspection activities.

V.7 Health and Safety

The average per dwelling expenditure of financial assistance provided under WAP for labor, weatherization materials, and related matters may not exceed \$8,497 statewide in Program Year 2024 (starting July 1, 2024), as per the U.S. Department of Energy's Weatherization Program Notice 24-1. Historically, Nebraska has not limited H&S investment to a per-unit cost, but it has allocated 23.5 percent of its annual allocations to cover H&S-related expenditures.

In PY2024, a per dwelling unit threshold for Health and Safety expenditures of \$1,800 has been established, based on historical data. Units that do not exceed the \$1,800 threshold limit are not required to receive additional NDEE review. If the Health and Safety cost exceeds the \$1,800 threshold or remediation limits associated with minor conditions in H&S categories NDEE reviews the unit on a case-by-case basis. These case-by case decisions are made according to the facts associated with the particular situation in the dwelling unit, the proposed cost(s) of the work and the future H&S and/or energy impact on the client.

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U.S. Department of Energy

OMB Control No: 1910-5127 Expiration Date: 02/28/2025

Weatherization Assistance Program (WAP)
STATE PLAN / MASTER FILE WORKSHEET

Grant Number: EE0009914, State: NE, Program Year: 2024

Recipient: State of Nebraska

Please see the USDOE approved Nebraska Weatherization Field Guide and Installation Standards, Section 2 for Nebraska's WAP Health and Safety Plan for Single Family Homes and Manufactured Homes. (Links to be posted on the Nebraska Department of Environment and Energy website. (http://dee.ne.gov/Publica.nsf/pages/22-045)

The Nebraska PY2024 Health and Safety Plan is a separate attachment to this document.

V.8 Program Management

V.8.1 Overview and Organization

The Nebraska weatherization assistance program (WAP) is administered by Department of Environment and Energy (NDEE), a code agency of the State of Nebraska Executive Branch. NDEE is the Grantee agency for the state of Nebraska for USDOE Formula Grant funding and is a Subawardee of the Nebraska Department of Health & Human Services on USDHHS LIHEAP funding for the weatherization assistance portion of that state funding. NDEE also administers Nebraska's State Energy Program (SEP) as well as the Dollar & Energy Savings Loan (DESL) program. All NDEE energy assistance programs are housed in the Planning & Aid Division.

The Department of Environment and Energy is the administrator of these two funds that are passed-through to seven (7) Community Action Agencies and NDEE is currently in a RFP process to secure a provider for Douglas County. The subgrantees accept applications, prioritize clients based on priority level and perform the weatherization work on dwellings.

V.8.2 Administrative Expenditure Limits

10 CFR §440.18(e) permits Subgrantees receiving less than \$350,000 in federally appropriated Low Income WAP funds to receive up to an additional 5% share of administrative funds. The Nebraska Department of Environment and Energy will use this provision in the 2024 Program Year.

V.8.3 Monitoring Activities

The Nebraska PY2024 Training and Technical Assistance and Monitoring Activities Plan is a separate attachment to this document.

V.8.4 Training and Technical Assistance Approach and Activities

The Nebraska PY2024 T&TA and Monitoring Plan is a separate attachment to this document.

Percent of overall trainings

Comprehensive Trainings: 60.0

Specific Trainings: 40.0

Breakdown of T&TA training budget

Percent of budget allocated to Auditor/QCI trainings: 20.0

Percent of budget allocated to Crew/Installer trainings: 60.0

Percent of budget allocated to Management/Financial trainings: 20.0

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OMB Control No: 1910-5127 Expiration Date: 02/28/2025 **U.S. Department of Energy**

Weatherization Assistance Program (WAP)

STATE PLAN / MASTER FILE WORKSHEET

 $\textbf{Grant Number:} \ EE0009914, \quad \textbf{State:} \ NE, \quad \textbf{Program Year:} \ 2024$

Recipient: State of Nebraska

V.9 Energy Crisis	and Disaster	Plan
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Nebraska will not use any grant funds for energy crisis relief during the 2024 Program Year.

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TRAINING AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE (T&TA) PLAN TEMPLATE

1.0 — GENERAL INFORMATION

COMMENTS THAT DO NOT GENERALLY FIT INTO THE AVAILABLE TABLES BELOW

ENTER ADDITIONAL H&S INFORMATION HERE

 Not all training outlined will be paid with DOE funds. We will be using LIHEAP funding to cover some of the training costs.

2.0 - OVERALL T&TA PLAN

YOUR OVERALL T&TA PLAN MUST INCORPORATE SUGGESTIONS AND FEEDBACK THE FOLLOWING ELEMENTS.

FEEDBACK FROM INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL REVIEWS, EXAMPLES INCLUDE:

- FEEDBACK FROM DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY (DOE) PROJECT OFFICER (PO) MONITORING VISITS
- INTERNAL STATE AUDITS
- GRANTEE MONITORING OF THE SUBGRANTEES
- Office of Inspector General (OIG) Reports
- AMERICAN CUSTOMER SATISFACTION INDEX FEEDBACK, AND
- OTHER. EXAMPLES INCLUDE:
 - TRAINING FEEDBACK
 - TRAINING RETENTION ACTIVITIES
- The NeWAP Network strives to provide our clients with work that meets the most progressive industry standards and technologies. Meeting this goal requires that everyone within the network work to provide staff with the best training options and formats available. Those training formats and options that meet the requirements of the various job types/descriptions within the network including, but are not limited to:
 - o Federal and regional training workshops and conferences,
 - Job specific on-line trainings,
 - NeWAP Quarterly Working Group meetings/trainings that cover:
 - Programmatic, auditing and technical changes,
 - issues or concerns being noted through in-field monitoring and/or Energy Audit Reviews
 - issues or concerns being noted as part of the annual energy consumption evaluation, and
 - changes, updates or concerns associated with the NeWAP database system.
 - In-field trainings incorporated into the In-Progress Monitoring completed by the WAP Technical Monitors
- NDEE incorporates the following suggestions and feedback when developing the statewide T&TA Plan:
 - Grant requirements
 - o Feedback from Department of Energy (DOE) Project Officers (PO) and monitoring reports
 - o Grantee Technical, Programmatic & Fiscal Monitoring Reports of the Subrecipients
 - Subrecipient submitted questions and training requests
 - Quarterly Weatherization Working Group Meetings
 - Subrecipient feedback
 - American Customer Satisfaction Index survey feedback
 - Public Comment received during the Public Comment period for the DOE State Plan
 - WAP Policy Advisory Council (PAC) feedback

EXISTING OR PLANNED ACCREDITED TRAINING CENTER PARTNERSHIP OR WORKING RELATIONSHIP.

At this time, the Nebraska WAP (NeWAP) network has a BPI Certified Quality Control Inspector on staff at all Subgrantee agencies. Additionally, the majority of Subgrantees have an experienced Energy Auditor on staff, a number of which are BPI Certified or in the process of earning their certification. The relatively low demand for additional Energy Auditor and/or Quality Control Inspector training in Nebraska makes it more cost-effective for the NeWAP to outsource this training and testing to IREC Accredited Programs with BPI Energy Auditor/QCI Certified trainers, testers and facilities to receive quality training. Historically NeWAP BPI certified staff have met these Comprehensive Training requirements through Santa Fe Community College, the Energy and Environmental Training Center of Kansas City, the Montana Weatherization Training Center or Indiana Community Action Association and those working relationships will continue.

PREPARATIONS FOR FUTURE/UPCOMING PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS, EXAMPLES INCLUDE:

- UPDATED STANDARD WORK SPECIFICATIONS (SWS)
- MIGRATION TO ONLINE WEATHERIZATION ASSISTANT
- Inclusion of specific language from Weatherization Program Notices (WPN)
 - The Nebraska WAP Retrofitting Nebraska Installation Standards for Single Family and Manufactured Housing Field Guide was submitted to DOE for review and approved and the NeWAP received an Updated Approval of the State of Nebraska Energy Audit Procedures for Site-Built Single Family, Manufactured Housing, and Small Multi-Family for the Weatherization Assistance Program with an Effective Date of 6/2/2021 and an Expiration Date of 6/2/2026. Nebraska Grantee staff provided all subgrantees with electronic copies of the approved Field Guide and Installations and the updated NeWAP Policies and Procedures in a Quarterly Working Group meeting.
 - To date grantee technical staff participated in the online Train-the-Trainer event provided by Oakridge National Laboratory (ORNL), made state-specific training modifications and completed NeWAP set-up, supply and fuel cost libraries, worked with Sub-Grantee Weatherization Managers to establish Agency specific staff designations and audit access options and provided in-house training of all NeWAP energy auditing and administrative staff. Grantee technical staff continues to work with subgrantee and ORNL staff based on the following timelines and dates:

Training/Wav10 Event	Description	Scheduled Date
Train-the-Trainer event	NDEE Technical Staff attended the training to learn the options for starting the	March 8, 2023 -
provided by ORNL	transition	Completed
NDEE Technical Staff working	NDEE technical staff to make state-specific	April - July 1, 2024 -
with Sub-Grantee	training modifications and complete	Continuing
Weatherization Managers	NeWAP specific set-up, supply and fuel	
	cost libraries	
Documentation Submittal	Submit set-up libraries, supply libraries	Working with ORNL
	and fuel cost libraries to DOE for review	on "sharing" options.
	and approval	DOE submission
		planned for March 1,
		2024
Add Agency Administrator Staff	Work with Sub-Grantee Weatherization	July 2023 - Completed
into Nebraska Specific WAv10	Managers to establish Agency specific	
website	staff designations and audit access options	
Hands-on training of NeWAP	In-house training of all NeWAP energy	January 23 & 24, 2024
Subgrantee Energy Auditor and	auditing and administrative staff	- Completed

Administrative Staff		
Hands-on trainings	For new network hires	February & March
		2024
Final NeWAP Technical Staff	In conjunction with the NeWAP Quarterly	March 2024
conversion meeting/update	Working Group Meeting.	
Work with ORNL to begin data	Statewide WA web-based site available for	April 1, 2024
conversion and aggregation	use (wa-xx.ornl.gov)	
Determine if NeWAP Policy	NDEE Technical Staff will complete and	March thru June 2024
Changes are required	review sub-grantee audits and determine	
	whether fuel-switching or other audit	
	options will require NeWAP Policy	
	Changes	
Wav8.9 to Wav10 Transition	Agencies will begin running Energy Audits	February thru March
	in both Wav8.9 and Wav10 until NDEE	2024
	and/or ORNL believes the sub-grantee	
	staff is prepared for full web-based	
	conversion.	
Final Transition Day	The network is completely transitioned to	May 1, 2024
	Wav10	

All Weatherization Program Notices are provided to the Subgrantee's Weatherization Program Managers for the appropriate dissemination among their staff. WPN information requiring specific language or field work changes will be distributed to all Subgrantee management through monthly Subgrantee virtual meetings. Information will also be provided to technical staff in Quarterly Working Group meetings or if needed in **Specific** "hands-on" trainings throughout the program year.

WHAT PROTOCOLS ARE IN PLACE WHICH ENSURE UNTRAINED STAFF ARE NOT LEFT WITHOUT SUPERVISIONS DURING FIELD OPERATIONS?

The Nebraska WAP requires Grantee, Subgrantee or sub-contracted staff, paid with weatherization funds, be supervised for all work activities until all appropriate training is completed and/or certification requirements are met. No untrained, unsupervised field staff are allowed on-site to perform weatherization activities. Below are the training/certifications requirements for completing on-site work without direct supervision:

- Energy Auditor/QCI Staff:
 - Each Subgrantee to have on staff at least one BPI Energy Auditor (EA)/Certified Quality Control Inspector (QCI) or contract inspections with an individual(s) with the required EA/QCI Certifications. Subgrantees replacing or hiring new EA/QCI staff must be certified or have the knowledge, skills and abilities to meet the Job Task Analysis (JTA) requirements and to secure their certification within six months of their hire date.

Field Staff:

- All existing field staff must have been trained, or in the case of new hires be trained, in the
 appropriate training covering their appropriate JTA, as developed by Everblue in conjunction
 with BPI, through the NeWAP Badges Program or an IREC certified facility (on-line or in-person).
- Replacement or new hires must receive their training within six months of their hire date and be supervised by trained and/or certified staff until such time that skills are satisfactorily demonstrated, and any required certifications are received.
- All existing technical and field staff must be RRP Certified. Subgrantees replacing or hiring new technical, or field chief staff must be certified or have the knowledge, skills and abilities to secure their certification within six months of their hire date or be supervised by RRP trained/certified staff until such time certification is received.
- Training will be made available to all field staff as per Section 4.0.

PARTNERSHIPS WITH THE STATEWIDE HOME PERFORMANCE INDUSTRY ON TRAINING ISSUES; IF APPLICABLE.

The NDEE Training and Technical Assistance plan reflects the current DOE Energy Auditor/Quality Control Inspector Weatherization Assistance Program initiatives while looking forward to implementing future program requirements that will allow Nebraska's WAP network to meet all of the BPI Home Energy Professional Certifications. During PY2024-2025 and beyond, the Nebraska WAP will make all training opportunities available, for a fee that covers the cost of the training, to individuals, organizations and other interested parties that are not members of the Nebraska WAP Network.

HOW DOES ANALYSIS CONDUCTED, AS DETAILED IN SECTION V.6 OF THE ANNUAL APPLICATION, INFLUENCE THE DEVELOPMENT OF T&TA ACTIVITIES AND PRIORITIES?

- Program technical monitoring activities (in-progress and QCI) provide NDEE Monitors the opportunity
 to note and document specific Subgrantee, crew or contractors' inconsistencies or concerns and allows
 them to provide/schedule on-site or Specific trainings to help alleviate any deficiencies. Examples of
 these types of past training opportunities include sidewall core density testing, CAZ testing (on-site and
 in group format) with newer, less experienced field staff, and on-site blower door testing with
 crews/contractors that have provided dubious testing results.
- The results of the Nebraska WAP Annual Consumption Evaluations are provided to all program Subgrantees during one of the program's Quarterly Working Group (QWG) meetings. The individual Subgrantee, as well as the state-wide, results are discussed with technical staff to evaluate "trends" being experienced by specific Subgrantees or within the program as a whole. Following the QWG meeting each agency is provided with each of their reviewed client charts, that shows the energy use impact of the weatherization services on their home. Subgrantee's review the client file associated with the chart(s) provided to help to educate their crews and/or contractors regarding the impact of the completed work and to address non-beneficial trends that they may be experiencing. The results of the Nebraska WAP Annual Consumption Evaluation are used by NDEE to develop training options or focus on missed energy-efficiency opportunities within the network to ensure upward savings trends. (i.e. providing trainings/information regarding ASHRAE 62.2 calculations and adding Refrigerator Replacement as an additional electric savings ECM when the percentage of state-wide electric savings was reduced in conjunction with the full program implementation of ASHRAE 62.2).

3.0 — WORKFORCE CREDENTIALS

DESCRIBE THE FOLLOWING ASPECTS OF YOUR T&TA PLAN RELATED TO WORKFORCE CREDENTIALS.

FEDERALLY REQUIRED CREDENTIALS. EXAMPLES INCLUDE:

- Environmental Protection Agency Lead Renovation, Repair, and Painting Program
- Home Energy Professionals Quality Control Inspector Certification
- The Nebraska WAP requires:
 - Each Subgrantee to have on staff at least one BPI Certified Quality Control Inspector or to contract inspections with an individual(s) with the required QCI Certifications.
 - All existing Subgrantee technical, field staff and, contractors to be RRP Certified.

 All Subgrantee technical and field staff to be trained in the appropriate training covering the Home Energy Professional Certifications, as developed by BPI, that most closely represents their job duties.

GRANTEE/STATE REQUIRED CREDENTIALS. EXAMPLES INCLUDE:

- Building Performance Institute Building Analyst
- GRANTEE-DEVELOPED CERTIFICATIONS

The Nebraska WAP has no additional national or Grantee-developed credentialing requirements.

SUBGRANTEE/LOCAL REQUIRED CREDENTIALS. EXAMPLES INCLUDE:

CONTRACTOR LICENSING

The State of Nebraska currently does not require state-wide or local jurisdictional licensing of contractors, excluding electricians, but numerous local jurisdictions do have local licensing requirements for specific construction trades that are involved in implementing weatherization work. NeWAP Policies and Procedures require subgrantees to develop and maintain a separate contractor file for each contractor that includes a checklist(s) of all required documentation to assist in NDEE and/or federal monitoring reporting. Required documentation includes, but is not limited to: General Liability Insurance, Proof of Worker's Compensation Insurance or documentation of Sole Proprietorship with no employees, current signed contract, Current Contractor's Registration with the State of Nebraska, Current Electrical, Plumbing and Mechanical Licenses (as applicable) Proof of being a Lead Renovator Firm and Proof of Completing Lead Renovator Training.

INDUSTRY REQUIRED CREDENTIALS. EXAMPLES INCLUDE:

- EQUIPMENT/MATERIAL MANUFACTURE CERTIFICATION
- VENDOR CERTIFICATION

(e.g. EQUIPMENT/MATERIAL MANUFACTURE CERTIFICATION, VENDOR CERTIFICATION)

The Nebraska WAP has no additional equipment, vendor, or manufacturer credentialing requirements.

PROCESS FOR MAINTAINING WORKFORCE CREDENTIALS

The Nebraska WAP incorporates the following into the NeWAP *Policies and Procedures Manual* to help ensure and/or maintain Subgrantee staff workforce credentials:

- Subgrantees replacing or hiring new QCI staff must be certified or have the knowledge, skills and abilities to meet the JTA requirements and to secure their certification within six months of their hire date.
- When subgrantees replace or hire new field staff they must be trained in the appropriate JTA, as developed by BPI, through an IREC facility (on-line or in-person) within six months of their hire date.
- Subgrantees technical staff replacement or new hires must receive training, in the Home Energy Professional Certifications, as developed by BPI, that most closely represents their job duties within six months of their hire date.

HOW CREDENTIALS ARE TRACKED

- NDEE tracks all attendees of trainings that have been provided through the Nebraska WAP network since 2010 and to track all Nebraska WAP network staff member trainings (per Subgrantee) who have completed additional virtual trainings or have received BPI QCI and EA Certifications.
- NDEE communicates in Quarterly Working Group meetings with Subgrantees regarding their staff
 training needs and possible new hire training requirements and will also collect individual Subgrantee
 training information requiring specific language or field work changes will be distributed to all
 Subgrantee management through monthly Subgrantee virtual progress and update meetings.
- NDEE staff will continue to update the training and certification spreadsheets and make modifications

that will assist in tracking initial certifications, training, certification maintenance and continuing education requirements.

4.0 - TRAINING

GRANTEES HAVE TWO OPTIONS TO DESCRIBE THEIR TRAINING.

- A) Use the embedded spreadsheet* to Identify and describe the training schedule for <u>Grantee and Subgrantee</u> staff. Include technical and non-technical training.
- B) OR Use the fields below to identify and describe the training schedule for Grantee and Subgrantee staff. Include technical and non-technical training.

GRANTEE'S ARE TO INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING IN THEIR DESCRIPTIONS REGARDLESS OF WHAT OPTION IS BEING USED TO DESCRIBE THEIR TRAINING PLAN:

- SPECIFY WHETHER ATTENDANCE IS MANDATORY, AND THE RAMIFICATIONS FOR NON-COMPLIANCE.
- SPECIFY IF THE T&TA PLAN SPANS MULTIPLE PROGRAM YEARS (PY), INDICATE WHICH TRAININGS ARE INTENDED IN THE CURRENT PY AND WHICH ARE PLANNED FOR FUTURE PYS.
- * THE EMBEDDED SPREADSHEET, IF COMPLETED AT THE END OF THE YEAR TO RECORD DELIVERED TRAINING, CAN BE USED AS DOCUMENTATION FOR THE REQUIRED ANNUAL T&TA REPORT. DOUBLE CLICK TO OPEN SPREADSHEET. ENTER INFORMATION AND CLOSE. IT WILL AUTOMATICALLY SAVE YOUR INFORMATION



TTA Planning and Reporting Template F

PROGRAMMATIC/ADMINISTRATION TRAINING

- FINANCIAL (I.E. 2 CFR 200)
- MANAGEMENT (I.E. 10 CFR 440)
- Meeting NeWAP production and quality goals requires everyone within the network work to provide staff with the best training options and formats available. Those training formats and options that meet the requirements of program management and fiscal job types/descriptions within the network including, but are not limited to:
 - Federal and regional training workshops and conferences regarding the requirements associated with 2 CFR 200 and 10 CFR 440,
 - NeWAP Quarterly Working Group (QWG) meetings/trainings that cover programmatic updated regarding Weatherization,
- Subgrantees who have attended relevant conferences will be asked to provide a brief description of relevant issues at the QWG following the conference,
- Issues, changes, updates or concerns associated with the NeWAP database system and information submittal is address as part of the annual Fiscal Monitoring

COMPREHENSIVE TECHNICAL TRAINING ALIGNED TO THE JOB TASK ANALYSIS (IDENTIFY AT WHAT INTERVALS WORKERS WILL RECEIVE REGULAR, COMPREHENSIVE TRAINING AS REQUIRED BY WEATHERIZATION PROGRAM NOTICE (WPN) 15-4)

- QUALITY CONTROL INSPECTOR
- ENERGY AUDITOR
- CREW LEAD
- RETROFIT INSTALLER/TECHNICIAN

The Nebraska WAP is committed to increasing the network's expertise and numerous program technical training opportunities and hands-on training opportunities have been conducted with the goal to maximize energy savings, minimize production costs, improve quality of work, and foster management expertise.

Energy Auditor/Quality Control Inspectors:

As a result of this commitment, each Subgrantee in the Nebraska WAP network has on staff at least one BPI Certified Energy Auditor (EA)/ Quality Control Inspector (QCI) with the required EA/QCI Certifications, and the majority of have an experienced Energy Auditor (BPI Certified) on staff. Any additional required Energy Auditor/Quality Control Inspector trainings will be outsourced to facilities where the network can receive quality training by an IREC Accredited Program with BPI Certified Trainers and Testers where Certification in these areas can be provided. The low demand for the Energy Auditor and Quality Control Inspector training in Nebraska makes it more feasible to outsource these training at random intervals, as needed, at this time.

Installer and Crew Chief Field Staff:

NDEE has also contracted with Everblue to provide access to the NeWAP Network to their LMS: Moodle Learning Management System (LMS) Hosting and Technical Support Annual aka *Weatherization Badge Program*. Which includes access to 25 Badges and associated micro badges, individual progress tracking reports. Everblue directly links the LMS system to the Nebraska Weatherization NeWAP Field Guide Installation Standards with appropriate NDEE Logos. All subgrantee field staff will be required to complete appropriate badge training/certification and their individual progress will be tracked and monitored within the system.

Subgrantees are also encouraged to include eligible field staff in weatherization industry conferences, trainings and workshops to help to ensure that the Nebraska Network operates to meet the most progressive industry standards and technologies.

SPECIFIC TECHNICAL TRAINING

- TOPICS IDENTIFIED DURING MONITORING VISIT(S)
- ENERGY MODELING
- HEALTH & SAFETY. ALL H&S TOPICS IN WPN 22-7 REQUIRE SOME LEVEL OF TRAINING FOR ALL AFFECTED WORKERS, THE FREQUENCY OF THIS TRAINING IS A GRANTEE DECISION. EXAMPLES INCLUDE:
 - AIR CONDITIONING AND HEATING SYSTEMS
 - ASBESTOS
 - BIOLOGICALS AND UNSANITARY CONDITIONS
 - BUILDING STRUCTURE AND ROOFING
 - O CODE COMPLIANCE
 - COMBUSTION GASES
 - ELECTRICAL
 - FORMALDEHYDE, VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOCs), FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, AND OTHER AIR POLLUTANTS

- FUEL LEAKS
- GAS RANGE/OVENS
- HAZARDOUS MATERIALS DISPOSAL
- Injury Prevention of Occupants and Weatherization Workers
- LEAD BASED PAINT
- O EPA'S LEAD RENOVATION, REPAIR & PAINTING PROGRAM (RRP)MOLD/MOISTURE
- PESTS
- RADON
- SAFETY DEVICES
- VENTILATION AND INDOOR AIR QUALITY
 - AMERICAN SOCIETY OF HEATING REFRIGERATION AND AIR-CONDITIONING ENGINEERS (ASHRAE)
- O WINDOW REPAIR, DOOR REPAIR
- WORKER SAFETY
 - OSHA
- Additional topics as described in Health & Safety Plan
- CLIENT EDUCATION (TRAINING WORKERS TO CONDUCT CLIENT EDUCATION). EXAMPLES INCLUDE:
 - ENERGY SAVINGS STRATEGIES
 - PROGRAM-SPECIFIC INFORMATION. EXAMPLES INCLUDE:
 - WHAT TO EXPECT
 - ADDITIONAL RESOURCES
 - HEALTH & SAFETY ISSUES

Subgrantee technical staff:

Subgrantee technical staff: Specific Training will be delivered to the network state-wide based on the specific training type and the facility needs. Specific Trainings, required based on job designation, will be scheduled at random intervals as needed and may include, but not be limited to, the following:

Anticipated Specific Trainings	Staff Required	Training Requirement
Lead Safe Weatherization – RRP Certification	All Field Staff	Mandatory
Mobile Home Weatherization and Duct Pressures	All Field Staff	Voluntary
CAZ Testing	EA/QCI/Crew Chief	Mandatory
ASHRAE 62.2 Updates and Requirements	EA/QCI	Mandatory
NEAT/MHEA Web-based Trainings	EA/QCI	Mandatory
Blower Door Guided Air Sealing	All Field Staff	Voluntary
Installing and Testing Dense Pack Insulation	All Field Staff	Voluntary
Quarterly Technical Working Groups	Technical & Programmatic Staff	Mandatory
HVAC Inspections and Testing	EA/QCI	Voluntary
Badge Training Program	All Field Staff	Mandatory
BPI Energy Auditor & QCI Trainings & Certifications	EA/QCI	Mandatory

In the case of both Comprehensive and Specific Training, opportunities will be available for a fee, to cover the cost of training, to individuals and organizations that are not members of the Nebraska WAP Network.

Additionally, specific training needs will be addressed as identified during inspections and monitoring completed by NDEE Technical Monitors, the Building Program Specialist, Federal Aid Administrator, NDEE Grant Section Supervisor and USDOE Project Officers.

CONFERENCES. EXAMPLES INCLUDE:

- ENERGY OUTWEST
- BUILDING PERFORMANCE ASSOCIATION
- NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR STATE AND COMMUNITY SERVICE PROVIDERS
- COMMUNITY ACTION PARTNERSHIP

NDEE Technical Monitors, Building Program Specialist and Subgrantee Technical Staff will attend (as needed) weatherization industry conferences, trainings, and workshops to ensure that the Nebraska Network operates to meet the most progressive industry standards and technologies and to meet EA/QCI re-certification CEU requirements. Information provided as part of those trainings will be shared with all members of the Nebraska WAP through various training activities, Quarterly Working Group meetings and onsite inspections.

NDEE and Subgrantee management and fiscal staff will attend industry related conferences, trainings, workshops, and grant management webinars to increase their knowledge, skills and abilities in grant administration. Examples would be continued participation in training and webinars that address grant administration, such as the NASCSP Annual Conference and the Energy Out West Conference.

OTHER, PLEASE SPECIFY:

DESCRIBE OTHER TRAINING ACTIVITIES HERE

5.0 — TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE

DESCRIBE THE TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE ACTIVITIES INCLUDED IN THE T&TA BUDGET CATEGORY.

PROGRAMMATIC/ADMINISTRATION SUPPORT

Technical Monitors, a Building Program Specialist, a Federal Aid Administrator III and the Grants Section Supervisor are responsible for providing technical assistance, completing monitoring and evaluating the operation of the Nebraska WAP Subgrantees as per required in WPN 20-4. NDEE believes that strong internal systems, oversight, training and technical assistance are essential to enable Subgrantees to achieve the objectives of the Nebraska WAP and will ensure quality weatherization work and adequate financial and programmatic management controls. NDEE combines onsite inspections on in-progress units with an extensive training and technical assistance program and administrative, fiscal and technical monitoring to identify areas where more specific training is required to:

- improve work quality,
- improve delivery of program services, and
- to correct Subgrantee administrative and management problems.

TECHNICAL SUPPORT

NEWAP Technical Monitors and the Building Program Specialist are responsible for completing inspections and providing technical assistance activities as part of the Program Monitoring and Compliance Strategy. Technical assistance provided may include but is not limited to:

- staff training,
- policy interpretation,
- State Plan and Field Guide & Installation Standards clarification,
- working with Subgrantees to address deficiencies, and
- training Subgrantees on new and existing weatherization techniques.

Training is essential for staff development and is provided on an ongoing basis to upgrade the quality of service delivered by the WAP Technical Monitors. Each monitor is expected to research and attend training opportunities offered through the Nebraska WAP Training Network, which will enable them to gain additional knowledge and skills in building science principals, weatherization technology, furnace technology, and diagnostic equipment.

All NDEE monitoring including, onsite Quality Control Inspections, onsite In-progress inspections, desktop Energy Audit Reviews, Programmatic and Financial reviews of the NeWAP subgrantees are performed in an impartial and complete manner.

Technical Monitoring activities includes but are not limited to:

- Onsite Inspection of In-progress Units completed by NDEE Technical Monitors that are BPI Certified
 Quality Control Inspectors to provide technical guidance or assistance to Subgrantees and to verify
 compliance with program installation requirements. Some Subgrantees are monitored each month,
 while others are monitored more infrequently depending on production and identified needs to
 address quality and/or health and safety concerns. A minimum of 10 percent of weatherized homes for
 each Subgrantee will be completed with additional inspections completed if recurring inconsistencies
 are experienced.
- Quality Control Inspections on units submitted for reimbursement to NDEE as per Section 3 of WPN 22-4. These inspections will include, but not be limited to diagnostic testing, client file review and energy audit review. Five (5) percent or greater of all completed units will be inspected for each Subgrantee that utilizes a separate Energy Auditor and Quality Control Inspector. Ten (10) percent or greater of all completed units will be inspected for each Subgrantee that utilizes one person to perform both the Energy Auditor and Quality Control Inspections. Twenty (20) percent or greater of all completed units will be inspected for each Subgrantee that uses a Quality Control Inspector who works on no more than two thirds of the jobs. At least one third of the jobs must be inspected by someone who did not work on the job.
- **File Review Monitoring** completed on every weatherized home receiving an In-Progress or Quality Control Inspection.
- **Desktop Energy Audit Reviews** completed on audits submitted with reimbursement requests to ensure the appropriate audit tool is used, input values are appropriate, energy efficiency measures are identified and implemented according to SIR's for appropriate measures.
- February 1, 2018, NDEE implemented a more accountable process for NeWAP Technical Monitoring reporting and follow-up procedures. NDEE Technical Monitors started a process where after they have completed an in-progress monitoring or a QCI monitoring visit, they write-up a report to the Subgrantee identifying any findings, concerns, recommendations, commendations, or best practices, and identify any corrective actions that are required. The report will be reviewed and signed by the NDEE Grant Section Supervisor and sent to the Subgrantee within 30 days of the monitoring visit. The Subgrantee has 30 days to respond and resolve any corrective actions if needed. NDEE will utilize a tracking spreadsheet and use the NDEE online database to ensure all follow-up on Technical Monitoring has been completed in a timely manner.

The NDEE Building Program Specialist also completes a **Desktop Energy Audit Reviews** on weatherized homes. The audits are reviewed to ensure that the appropriate audit tool is used, input values are in accordance with program requirements, energy efficiency measures identified based on SIR's are implemented, etc. Issues and concerns associated with the reviews are discussed in the Quarterly Working Group and any procedural changes are incorporated into the audit process.

Administration/Fiscal Compliance Monitoring is an extremely important aspect of weatherization program management and NDEE believes that a successful monitoring program improves Subgrantee operations, identifies problems early enough for corrective action, promotes quality work and is essential in assisting Subgrantees in fulfilling program objectives.

 The Federal Aid Administrator conducts an Administrative/Fiscal Compliance Monitoring annually with each Subgrantee consisting of both an administrative review and a fiscal review. Prior to monitoring the Federal Aid Administrator will review the Subgrantees required annual audit and previous year's Administration and Fiscal Compliance Monitoring to ensure the Subgrantee has resolved any findings from these audits and monitoring.

The financial review will include:

- 1. A check of the contract files against contract procedures
- 2. Sample journal entries
- 3. Inventory reconciliation
- 4. Cost categories
- 5. Administrative expenses
- The program administration review will include:
 - 1. The outreach support level and client application process
 - 2. Reviewing client files for compliance with all federal and state WAP rules and regulations regarding mandated documentation of: household income, client certification of eligibility, owner/landlord permission for weatherization, rent declaration, fuel release statement, inspection statement, lien/debt statement, a complete Building Check & Job Order form/site-specific audit, complete material cost information, funding source designation, final quality control inspection and client release
 - 3. Client certification and prioritization system
 - 4. Inspection/quality control systems
 - 5. Subcontracting system
 - 6. Review of goals for serving elderly, disabled, and families with Children under 6 years old, highenergy use and high-energy burden
 - 7. Review of procurement systems
- A minimum of 10% of all USDOE unit client files completed in the time period being reviewed during
 the Program Compliance Administrative/Fiscal Monitoring visit will be examined. NDEE staff will review
 Subgrantee management systems to ensure compliance with rules, regulations, and mandated file
 documentation. Material records will be examined and inventory will be inspected to verify the
 adherence to Federal specifications. The financial review will encompass the examination of all
 completed programs not previously reviewed.
- NDEE will issue a report within thirty (30) calendar days to the Weatherization Program Director,
 Agency Executive Director and the Board President detailing the monitoring findings along with
 recommendations for Subgrantee improvement. The Subgrantee is required to respond within thirty
 (30) calendar days with a corrective action plan that includes steps to be taken to address findings
 identified during the onsite monitoring. NDEE Program Monitors and staff will follow-up during onsite
 visits to ensure that the corrective actions are implemented as directed.

Administrative/Fiscal Monitoring Schedule for PY 2024-2025:

- Blue Valley Community Action April 2025
- Central Nebraska Community Action Partnership October 2024
- Northeast Nebraska Community Action Partner November 2024
- Community Action Partnership of Lancaster and Saunders Counties
 February 2025

- Community Action Partnership of Mid Nebraska June 2025
- Northwest Community Action Partnership May 2025
- Southeast Nebraska Community Action Partnership March 2025
- Douglas County
 TBD once provider is determined.

Resolution Strategy

NDEE issues administrative/fiscal compliance monitoring reports to the Subgrantee Weatherization Program Director, Agency Executive Director and the Board President detailing the monitoring findings within thirty (30) calendar days after the monitoring visit along with recommendations for Subgrantee improvement. The Subgrantee is required to respond within thirty (30) calendar days with a corrective action plan that includes steps to be taken to address findings identified during the onsite monitoring. NDEE Administrative and Fiscal Compliance Monitor and staff will follow-up during onsite visits to ensure that the corrective actions are implemented as directed.

HEALTH & SAFETY SUPPORT ACTIVITIES

Quarterly Working Group

Meetings attended by technical staff personnel from each Subgrantee with NDEE staff provide training opportunities to discuss technical and administrative issues, specific problems, innovative solutions, and program direction. Technical Working Group meetings will continue to meet on a quarterly basis in PY2024-2025 and will communicate regularly on an as needed basis through email or by conference call.

Lead Safe Weatherization Training

Lead safe weatherization training, as needed, will be offered through the Nebraska WAP Training Network during the PY 2024-2025. NDEE will continue to ensure that WAP Network staff and crews receive training and ongoing technical assistance regarding Lead-Safe Weatherization work practices through the WAP Training Network and through monthly site visits to observe Lead Safe Weatherization practices of crews and contractors.

Lead Safe Weatherization Site Visits

NDEE Technical Monitors make periodic unannounced site visits to homes that are being weatherized to observe that the required lead-safe work practices are being used by crews and contractors. This is an opportunity to clarify and demonstrate best practices related to lead-safe weatherization.

MONITORING

WHAT PERCENTAGE OF T&TA FUNDING IS ALLOCATED TO MONITORING? (IF DEFINED IN SECTION B OF THE BUDGET DETAILS WITHIN THE ANNUAL APPLICATION, INCLUDE THAT WITHIN YOUR DESCRIPTION BELOW.)

The staff responsible for technical monitoring are listed by their position title and percentage of funds associated with administrative or technical monitoring by each person under this award. (This is not a percentage of all awards, such as LIHEAP and USDOE funding, but based on how it is paid as a percentage when working on monitoring activities related to this award.)

NDEE administrative/fiscal personnel:

- Grant Section Supervisor: 20% administrative/80% T & TA
- Federal Aid Administrator: 20% administrative/80% T & TA

NDEE Technical Monitoring Personnel:

- Building Program Specialist: 20% administrative/80% T & TA
- Two (2) Environmental Specialist II: 20% administrative/80% T & TA

• One (1) Environmental Specialist III: 20% administrative/80% T & TA

NDEE anticipates the following funding allocation percentage for Technical, Programmatic and Fiscal Monitoring activities:

• 20% administrative/80% T & TA

The NDEE Monitoring Strategy includes the following monitoring and program review activities for each Subgrantee:

Subgrantee.		rtment of Environmer			
	Program Monitoring and Compliance Strategy				
Monitoring/Review Activity	Purpose	Conducted by:	# of Units	Frequency	
Onsite Inspection of in-progress units	Provide technical guidance or assistance to Subgrantees on inprogress projects. Includes lead safe monitoring, training, and/or technical	(3) WAP Technical Monitors/Certified Quality Control Inspectors	10% of all units for each Subgrantee	Monthly or every other month as needed to reach targeted percentage of units per Subgrantee.	
Onsite badge training and verification	assistance. Incorporate the Nebraska WAP Badges training and verification program into the network and verify trainee certifications in the tracking tool.	(3) WAP Technical Monitors/Certified Quality Control Inspectors and Building Program Specialist	N/A	Monthly or as needed based on Subgrantee field staff new hire dates	
Quality Control Inspection	Quality Control Program Inspections including final diagnostic testing, or on-site monitoring of completed units submitted for reimbursement to NDEE. Includes client file review and energy audit review.	(3) WAP Technical Monitors/Certified Quality Control Inspectors	At least 10% of all completed units. 20% of all units for subgrantees that use the option to allow Quality Control Inspectors to work on no more than two thirds of the jobs.	Monthly	
On-Site File Review Monitoring	Subgrantee agency office client files	(3) WAP Technical Monitors/Certified Quality Control Inspectors and Federal Aid Administrator	File review for each completed project that receives an onsite inspection and during annual Program Compliance Fiscal Monitoring.	Monthly or every other month to ensure that file review is completed for every unit inspected by a WAP Technical Monitor. Annual during Program Compliance Fiscal Monitoring.	

Lead Safe Weatherization	Assure that lead-safe procedures are implemented as required.	(3) WAP Technical Monitors	n/a	At least once per quarter/per sub-grantee and per crew/contractor.
Program Compliance Administrative/ Fiscal Monitoring	Comprehensive review of Subgrantee program administration including a financial review and a systems monitoring.	Federal Aid Administrator	n/a	At least once annually for each Subgrantee.
Desktop Energy Audit Review	Review energy audits submitted with reimbursement requests to ensure the appropriate audit tool is used, input values are appropriate, energy efficiency measures are identified and implemented according to SIR's for appropriate measures.	Building Program Specialist and WAP Technical Monitors/Certified Quality Control Inspectors	10% of all completed units	Sampling from Reimbursement Requests

OTHER, PLEASE SPECIFY

PERFORMANCE AND RISK ASSESSMENT

NDEE Technical monitors complete both In-Progress and QCI monitoring visits followed-up by reports identifying any findings, concerns, questioned costs, missed measures, quality control concerns or Health & Safety violations and require corrective action. These reports are included in a risk assessment that looks at not only the Technical Monitoring but Fiscal and Program Compliance Monitoring(s) as well. Based on the results of these Monitoring's and Risk Assessment, NDEE can designate a subgrantee as Vulnerable or At-Risk and adjust the amount of desktop monitoring, on-site visits and the number of units inspected for each agency. Subgrantees designated as Vulnerable can receive an increased monitoring of 10% until such time as the Agency has corrected its deficiencies. While an At-Risk designation increases the monitoring an additional 10%, again until it has corrected its deficiencies or puts its funding At-Risk. Additional monitoring visits may be required based on the severity and frequency of noncompliance.

In situations where inspectors are found not upholding the high quality of work expectations or are approving work, which is not consistent with the Nebraska's SWS Field Guide, inspectors and subrecipients will be notified in writing. Corrective action plans may be required to be developed and implemented based on the severity and frequency of noncompliance. Increased monitoring percentage and frequency may be required. Concerns will be tracked to resolution. Repeat offenders may be suspended or disqualified from conducting final inspections for the NDEE.

6.0 CLIENT EDUCATION

DESCRIBE WHAT CURRENT AND PLANNED CLIENT EDUCATION MATERIALS AND/OR ACTIVITIES ARE INCLUDED IN THE T&TA BUDGET CATEGORY. ONLY THOSE PAID FOR WITH T&TA FUNDS NEED TO BE MENTIONED.

NOTE: THIS DOES NOT INCLUDE TRAINING WORKERS TO DELIVER CLIENT EDUCATION. THIS SHOULD BE DESCRIBED IN THE TRAINING SECTION, ABOVE.

CLIENT EDUCATION ACTIVITIES PRIOR TO, DURING AND AFTER WEATHERIZATION WHICH ADDRESS THE WEATHERIZATION

PROCESS AND ENERGY SAVINGS DETAILS

The Nebraska WAP approach to client education has been designed to enhance program participants' understanding of home energy efficiency improvements, to increase energy savings, and to contribute to the ongoing effectiveness of installed weatherization measures. Educational materials prepared by NDEE and federal program initiatives are provided to our Subgrantees to provide important client education to each WAP client. Subgrantees will be required to provide (at a minimum) the following client educational materials in verbal and written format:

- Prior to Weatherization
 - Radon Informed Consent/Consent to Perform Work Form WX6
 - Home and Safety Home Screening Questionnaire Form WX7
 - Renovate Right (occupants of all buildings built pre-1978)
 - Lead Hazard Pre-Renovation Form WX3
 - Health and Safety Checklist Form WX8
- During Weatherization
 - Weatherization Deferral Notice Form WX4
 - o A Brief Guide to Mold, Moisture and Your Home
 - Nebraska Mold Assessment and Release Form WX5
 - o EPA's a Citizen's Guide to Radon
 - Combustion Equipment Safety Fact Sheet
- Following Weatherization
 - Nebraska Weatherization Program Even More Dollar and Energy Savings Brochure
 - ASHRAE 62.2 Fact Sheet
 - Consumer Product Safety Asbestos Fact Sheet

NDEE developed Weatherization Forms and Factsheets are available for download to all Subgrantees and program clients on the NDEE website.

Additionally, during PY 2024-2025 the NeWAP will work and provide assistance, as requested with the National Renewable Energy Laboratory'd (NREL), in the development of client education resources. NeWAP's existing client education resources have been provided to NREL for their review, input, and use (as needed). It is our belief that our use of NeWAP's current resources, used in association with NREL's planned informational and format updates, will help educate NeWAP's clients about energy efficiency that will help them to continue to save valuable energy resources into the future, well beyond the impact being created by the weatherization work.

CLIENT EDUCATION ACTIVITIES REGARDING H&S ISSUES AS INDICATED IN WPN 22-7

- O AIR CONDITIONING AND HEATING SYSTEMS
- ASBESTOS
- BIOLOGICALS AND UNSANITARY CONDITIONS
- BUILDING STRUCTURE AND ROOFING
- CODE COMPLIANCE
- COMBUSTION GASES
- o ELECTRICAL
- o FORMALDEHYDE, VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOCs), FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, AND OTHER AIR POLLUTANTS
- FUEL LEAKS

- Gas Range/Ovens
- HAZARDOUS MATERIALS DISPOSAL
- O INJURY PREVENTION OF OCCUPANTS AND WEATHERIZATION WORKERS
- LEAD BASED PAINT
- O EPA'S LEAD RENOVATION, REPAIR & PAINTING PROGRAM (RRP)MOLD/MOISTURE
- PESTS
- RADON
- SAFETY DEVICES
- VENTILATION AND INDOOR AIR QUALITY
 - AMERICAN SOCIETY OF HEATING REFRIGERATION AND AIR-CONDITIONING ENGINEERS (ASHRAE)
- O WINDOW REPAIR, DOOR REPAIR
- WORKER SAFETY
 - OSHA
- O ADDITIONAL TOPICS AS DESCRIBED IN HEALTH & SAFETY PLAN

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Nebraska WAP Subgrantees provide on-site, electronic and hardcopy educational resources to clients including, but not limited to, the following topics:

Air Conditioning and Heating Systems

- Discuss appropriate use and maintenance of units.
- o Provide all paperwork and manuals for any installed equipment.
- Where combustion equipment is present, provide a copy of the Combustion Equipment Safety FACTSheet describing how to avoid backdrafting.
- When bulk fuel tanks are not removed as part of the weatherization work, discuss and provide information on proper disposal.
- When deferral is necessary information is provided to the client, in writing, describing conditions
 that must be met in order for weatherization to commence with a copy of this notification placed in
 the client file.

Asbestos

- o Inform the client in writing if suspected Asbestos Containing Materials (ACMs) are present and what precautions will be taken to ensure the occupants' and workers' safety during weatherization.
- o Instruct client in writing not to disturb suspected ACMs.
- Provide a copy of the Asbestos FACTSheet information to the client.
- When deferral is necessary, provide information in writing describing conditions that must be met in order for weatherization to commence.

Biologicals and Unsanitary Conditions

- o Inform client in writing of observed conditions.
- o Provide information on how to maintain a sanitary home.
- When deferral is necessary, provide information in writing describing conditions that must be met in order for weatherization to commence.

Building Structure and Roofing

- Notify client in writing of structurally compromised areas.
- When deferral is necessary, provide information in writing describing conditions that must be met in order for weatherization to commence.

Code Compliance

- o Inform client in writing of observed code compliance issues when it results in a deferral.
- When deferral is necessary, provide information in writing describing conditions that must be met in order for weatherization to commence.

Combustion Gases

• Provide the client with a copy of the Combustion Equipment Safety FACTSheet with combustion safety and hazards information.

Electrical

• When electrical issues are the cause of a deferral, provide information to client on over-current protection, overloading circuits, and basic electrical safety/risks.

Formaldehyde, Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs), Flammable Liquids, and other Air Pollutants

- Inform client in writing of observed hazardous condition and associated risks.
- o Provide client written materials on safety and proper disposal of household pollutants.
- When deferral is necessary, provide information in writing describing conditions that must be met in order for weatherization to commence.

Fuel Leaks

o Inform client in writing if fuel leaks are detected.

Gas Range/Ovens

- Inform client of the importance of using exhaust ventilation when cooking and the importance of keeping burners clean to limit the production of CO.
- Provide the client with a copy of the Combustion Equipment Safety FACTSheet.
- o Provide client with verbal and written information on the use of the CO detector.

Hazardous Materials Disposal

Inform client in writing of hazards associated with hazardous waste materials being generated/handled in the home.

Injury Prevention of Occupants and Weatherization Workers & Worker Safety

- o Inform client in writing of observed condition/hazard and its associated risks.
- When deferral is necessary, provide information in writing describing conditions that must be met in order for weatherization to commence.

Lead Based Paint and EPA's Lead Renovation, Repair & Painting Program (RRP)Mold/Moisture

- Follow pre-renovation education provisions for RRP.
- When deferral is necessary, provide information in writing describing conditions that must be met in order for weatherization to commence.
- Provide a copy of the Weatherization Deferral Notice completed by the Weatherization
 Representative and signed by the client or building owner.

Pests

- o Inform client in writing of observed condition and associated risks.
- When deferral is necessary, provide information in writing describing conditions that must be met in order for weatherization to commence.

Radon

- Provide all clients EPA's A Citizen's Guide to Radon and inform them of radon related risks.
- Review with all clients the radon informed consent/consent to perform work form. The form must be signed with a copy of the included in the client file prior to receiving weatherization services.

Safety Devices

- Provide the client with verbal and written information on the use of smoke detectors, propane detectors and CO detectors.
- Provide the client with a copy of the Combustion Equipment Safety FACTSheet.

Ventilation and Indoor Air Quality and the American Society of Heating Refrigeration and Air-Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE)

- Provide client with information on function, use, and maintenance (including location of service switch and cleaning instructions) of ventilation system and components.
- Provide client with equipment manuals for installed equipment.
- o Include disclaimer that ASHRAE 62.2 does not account for high polluting sources or guarantee indoor air quality.

- $\circ\quad$ Provide the client with a copy of the ASHRAE 62.2 FACTSheet. Window Repair, Door Repair
- o Provide information on lead risks wherever issues are identified.

PY 2024-2025

Weatherization Readiness Funding Plan

Distribution of Funds

The Department of Environment and Energy (NDEE) will distribute the Weatherization Readiness Funding (WRF) among the states existing Subgrantees utilizing the formula allocation, with a weighted average based on population, used for the Annual Weatherization Funding.

Priority for Service Delivery

Clients will continue to serve clients by date of application submission, by priority, and by county. For deferred homes, the following Priority List shall be considered when prioritizing the delivers of WRF services:

- 1. The number of issues associated with the deferral,
- 2. The number of possible Energy Efficiency Measures impacted by the use of WRF, for example:
 - a. Roof Repairs will allow for the completion of three Attic Insulation ECMs and a Kneewall Insulation Measure,
 - Addressing missing electrical switch places and a missing electrical box cover allows for the completion of Exterior Wall Insulation ECMs, Attic Insulation Measures and Kneewall Insulation Measures,
 - c. Completing water leak repairs from the plumbing system or from drainage issues results in the completion of a Foundation Insulation ECM, a Sillbox Insulation and a Floor Insulation,
 3) The estimated cost associated with correcting the deferral issue and the extent of damage (i.e. limited termite damage, small leaks, percentages of missing siding or trim),
- 3. The time elapsed since the deferral, and
- 4. The date of construction of the home, older homes (constructed before 2000) should be given higher priority.

Average Cost per Unit (WRF ACPU)

The NeWAP WRF Average Cost per Unit (WRF ACPU) is \$15,000.00. Units that exceed the \$5,000 limit must receive preapproval from the NDEE prior to implementation of WRF implementation.

Funding Restrictions and/or Limitations

In PY 2024, the use of Weatherization Readiness Funding (WRF):

- Is only available for use on Only Owner-Occupied Homes
- Is limited for Cleanup or Remediation purposes; including but not limited to Lead paint,
 Asbestos (confirmed or suspected, including vermiculite), mold and/or moisture, etc.
 Subgrantees that plan to install drywall and/or joint tape/finish, utilizing WRF, must be reviewed
 and approved by NDEE on a case-by-case basis, prior to implementation.
- Is limited for the installation of missing drywall and joint tape/finish and is only allowed when it
 directly impacts the implementation of an ECM and to ensure accurate blower door testing on
 the unit can be completed. Subgrantees that plan to install drywall and/or joint tape/finish,
 utilizing WRF, must be reviewed and approved by NDEE on a case-by-case basis, prior to
 implementation.

Subgrantee Monitoring

Each subgrantee is required to perform a Final Inspection on work performed with WRF funding to ensure that the completed work is satisfactory, allows for the completion of weatherization work and

meets state, local and agency code and contractual requirements. Documentation is required to be kept in each client file as evidence that a final inspection has been performed.

Grantee Monitoring

NDEE monitors will complete inspections of Subgrantee submitted WRF units as part of the onsite inprogress and Quality Control Inspections discussed and quantified in the Nebraska Department of Environment and Energy Program Monitoring and Compliance Strategy (table) in Section 5.0 – Technical Assistance of this PY 2024-2025 Annual Plan.

Subgrantee Tracking

Subgrantees will continue to work with the NDEE to develop a Deferral Tracking system, as part of the NDEE database system, which will 1) provide a consistent tracking across the NeWAP system, 2) be used in the development of the Avoided Deferrals Summary of the Monitoring and Leveraging Report discussed below and 3) will provide Subgrantee and Grantee managers with data that will be used in program development for possible future funding opportunities.

Grantee Tracking

NDEE will track use the NDEE database system to track and provide, as part of the Monitoring and Leveraging Report, an Avoided Deferrals Summary of all units in PY 2024-2025 that utilize the WRF. The Summary will include the number of dwelling units made weatherization ready with these funds and for each building or unit the following information will be provided:

- Year of construction,
- Housing Type (site-built single family, manufactured housing),
- Nature of repairs needed which prohibit weatherization (where applicable, identify multiple repairs or remediation reasons for a single building). Including but not limited to:
 - o Roof repair/replacement
 - Wall repair (interior or exterior)
 - Ceiling repair
 - Floor repair
 - Foundation or subspace repair
 - Exterior drainage repairs (e.g., landscaping or gutters)
 - Plumbing repairs
 - Electrical repair
 - o DOE WRF expenditure per unit and building; and,
 - Leveraged fund expenditure per unit and building (i.e., funds such as LIHEAP, HUD, nonfederal, etc. braided with DOE WRF to make building weatherization ready)

Weatherization Grantee Health and Safety (H&S) Plan- Optional Template

State of Nebraska Weatherization Assistance Program

1.0 - GENERAL INFORMATION

Additional information that does not fit neatly in one of the other sections of this document.

The average per dwelling expenditure of financial assistance provided under WAP for labor, weatherization materials, and related matters may not exceed \$8,497 statewide in PY 2024-2025 WAP Program. As per the U.S. Department of Energy's Weatherization Program Notice 24-1. Historically, Nebraska has not limited H&S investment to a per-unit cost, but it has allocated between 20-23 percent of its annual allocations to cover H&S related expenditures. A per dwelling unit limit for Health and Safety expenditures of \$1,800 has been established, based on historical data. Units may exceed the \$1,800 limit if approved in advance by the Nebraska Department of Environment and Energy (NDEE) on a case-by-case basis.

- 1. Please see the USDOE approved Nebraska Weatherization Field Guide and Installation Standards, Chapter 2 for Nebraska's WAP Health and Safety requirements for Single Family, Small Multi-Family and Manufactured Homes. (Links to be posted on the Nebraska Department of Environment and Energy website http://dee.ne.gov/Publica.nsf/pages/22-045
- 2. Subgrantees requesting approval to exceed any Health & Safety limits need to submit the correct NeWAP Health & Safety request form, written request and bidding documentation to the NDEE weatherization technical staff for review and approval prior to implementation.

2.0 - BUDGETING

Grantees are encouraged to budget H&S costs as a separate category and, thereby, exclude such costs from the Average Cost Per Unit (ACPU) cost limitation. This separate category also allows these costs to be isolated from energy efficiency costs in program evaluations. H&S costs that are budgeted and reported under the Program Operations category rather than the H&S category, the related H&S costs must be included in the calculation of the ACPU and cost-justified through the Grantee's Department of Energy (DOF)-approved energy gudit tool.

(= = =) = pp = = = = = = = = = = = = = =		
Select which option used below.		
Separate H&S Budget ☑	Contained in Program Operations	

3.0 - H&S EXPENDITURE LIMITS

Pursuant to 10 CFR 440.16(h), Grantees must establish H&S expenditure limits for their Program and provide justification for those limits by explaining the basis and related historical H&S expenditures. DOE acknowledges that it may be necessary for Grantees to deviate from historical expenditures when certain circumstances arise (e.g., funding source changes).

10 CFR 440.16(h)(2) dictates that these limits must be expressed as a percentage of the ACPU. To calculate this percentage, use the following formula:

 $\textit{Total Average H\&S Cost per Unit} = \frac{\textit{H\&S budget amount}}{\textit{Program Operations budget amount}}$

For example, if the ACPU is \$5,000 and a Grantee's Program expends an average of \$750 per dwelling on energy-related H&S measures, the Total Average H&S Cost per Unit would equal 15 percent. DOE acknowledges that this percentage may vary

significantly between Grantees due to different geographical areas and depending upon the availability of other funding sources, resource availability, etc. Low percentages should include a statement of what other funding supports H&S costs, while larger percentages will require greater justification and relevant historical support.

15 percent is not a maximum limit on H&S expenditures. DOE will conduct a secondary level of review on H&S Plans with a Grantee request of more than 15 percent of Program Operations used for H&S purposes. DOE strongly encourages using the table below in developing justification for the requested H&S budget amount. In accordance with 10 CFR 440.18(d)(15), these funds are to be expended by the Program in direct weatherization activities, "of which is necessary before, or because of, installation of weatherization materials." This same section of the regulation excludes the H&S costs from the ACPU limitation if H&S costs are budgeted separately.

DOE recommends reviewing recent budget requests and compare those to actual H&S expenditures to see if previous budget estimates have been accurate. The resulting Total Average H&S Cost per Unit multiplied by the Grantee's production estimate in the Annual File should correlate to the H&S budget amount listed in the Grantee's annual plan.

H&S expenditure limits and justification explaining the basis for setting the limits.

Historically, Nebraska has not limited Health & Safety investments in a home to a "per-unit dollar cost" but allocates between 20-23 percent of its annual allocation to cover Health & Safety related expenditures in homes state-wide. This annual percentage allocation is reviewed and evaluated annually by NDEE staff.

Based on this review the DOE PY 2024-2025 the estimated state-wide per dwelling unit limit Health & Safety expenditure is \$1,800. Units may exceed the \$1,800 limit if approved in advance by NDEE on a case-by-case basis.

See Measure Matrix Attachment

Utilizing the spreadsheet embedded below, provide a full list of H&S measures using historical data from your program, including average cost, and frequency rate. If installing more than a single instance of one measure in a unit (e.g. multiple CO alarms), Grantees may aggregate costs so that frequency does not exceed 100%, or enter a justification into the measure column, which explains why that measure has a frequency rate of over 100%. The spreadsheet will auto calculate your expected Total Average H&S Cost per Unit.

Instructions: Double-click icon directly below to open, view and edit Measure Matrix Spreadsheet. Complete the spreadsheet by entering the required information. To save, close the spreadsheet and it will save to this document.



Measure Matrix Final.xlsx

4.0 - INCIDENTAL REPAIR MEASURES

Any measures that could potentially be identified as H&S, but the Grantee chooses to instead identify and treat those measures as incidental repair measures (IRMs), must be implemented consistently throughout the Grantee's weatherization program. The measure must fit the regulatory definition of an IRM and be cost justified along with the associated energy conservation measure and/or package of measures. 10 CFR 440.3 defines Incidental Repairs as, "those repairs necessary for the effective performance or preservation of weatherization materials."

H&S measures identified and treated as IRMs within your Program.

Incidental repairs are those repairs necessary for the effective performance or preservation of weatherization materials and are not Health and Safety measures and accordingly would not be charged as such.

Minor wall, attic, or roof repairs to preserve installed insulation shall be deemed an IRM, and not H&S. Minor repairs are those that can be corrected following IRM rules when the cost is associated with the ECM.

5.0 – OCCUPANT PRE-EXISTING OR POTENTIAL HEALTH CONDITIONS AND HAZARD IDENTIFICATION AND NOTIFICATION FORM(S)

Grantees must develop a written policy that includes, at a minimum, the following documentation relating to H&S Plan implementation and maintain signed copies in each client file. <u>Each notification must include</u> the occupant(s) (and landlord if applicable) name and address, be signed and dated by the occupant (and landlord if applicable) indicating that they understand and have been informed of their rights and options and signed by the Subgrantee personnel collecting the information.

Required topics are:

Occupant Pre-existing or Potential Health Condition Screening

- Provides documentation that allows occupant(s) to self-report known or suspected health concerns as part of initial application for weatherization, during the energy audit, or other part of the weatherization process as specified. Must minimally contain the following:
 - Any known risks associated with the measures and materials being installed
 - Subgrantee point of contact information for occupant(s)
 - Date of screening

Hazard Identification Notification

- Provides documentation that the occupant and landlord (if applicable), have been informed of any potential hazards identified during the energy audit or intake process. Must minimally contain the following:
 - Date(s) of the energy audit/assessment and when the occupant(s) (and landlord, if applicable) was informed of a potential H&S issue
 - A clear description of the problem, including any testing results
 - A statement indicating if, or when weatherization could continue

Radon Informed Consent Form

- Provides documentation that the occupant(s) (and landlord if applicable) have been informed of any potential hazards associated with radon in weatherized dwellings. The form must minimally contain the following:
 - An explanation on the potential small risk of increasing radon levels when building tightness is improved. This
 is based on the results of the <u>Buildings Assessment of Radon Reduction Interventions with Energy retrofits</u>
 Expansion Study (The BEX Study)
 - A list of precautionary measures WAP will install based on <u>EPA Healthy Indoor Environment Protocols.</u>
 - Some of the benefits of Weatherization including energy savings, energy cost savings, improved home comfort, and increased safety.

Procedure for soliciting occupants' health and safety concerns related to components of their homes

 Prior to any on-site inspection work being scheduled in a home, sub-grantee intake personnel will assist clients in completing a Weatherization Client Questionnaire and a Health & Safety Home Screening Questionnaire (WX7) as part of the application process.

- The questionnaire provides information on health concerns and/or issues such as non-working furnaces, foundation issues, leaks, debris, pet/pest issues, broken glazing, etc. in the home that impact not only the client's safety but the safety of weatherization workers.
- The questionnaire will be included in the client file for future reference.

Procedure for determining whether occupants suffer from health conditions which may be negatively impacted by the act of weatherizing their dwelling

• If it is determined through the Health & Safety Home Screening Questionnaire that someone in the home is sensitive to a product that may be or is intended to be used during the weatherization process, the sensitivity must be documented in the file and, if possible, an alternative product may be used. If no successful alternative is found, the weatherization of the home may proceed without completion of the measure with no impact on weatherization measures with lower SIRs, with prior Nebraska Department of Environment and Energy approval.

Procedure for addressing potential health concerns including pre-existing health conditions when they are identified

- When a client's health is fragile and/or the weatherization activities would constitute a health or safety hazard, the occupants at risk will be required to leave the home during the activities and requested to return at least 1 hour (or a reasonable time as determined by the installers) after installers are scheduled to leave to allow for clean-up and/or appropriate ventilation of the home.
- Weatherization funds cannot be used to relocate clients or reimburse them for such costs incurred as a result of the requirement to leave during the day. If the client is unable to leave the home and the intended work may exacerbate an occupant's health condition, the home may need to be deferred.
- Sub-grantees must take all reasonable precautions against performing work on homes that would subject clients to Health & Safety risks.

& Satety risks.		
Location where forms have been uploaded/submitted		
Separate attachment to SF424 □	Separate attachment to H&S Plan ☑	

6.0 - Health and Safety Categories

For each of the following H&S categories identified by DOE in the following tables, follow the directions below.

- Any section that is "Required" below must be explicitly detailed in the H&S Plan regardless of funding source used. If the Grantee checks the box for "Concurrence with DOE Guidance" the contents of the box may be left as it exists or reference the section/location within Grantee Policy and Procedure manual that contains language or insert Grantee specific language. If the "Alternative Guidance" box is checked, the Grantee must provide that alternative guidance in the box.
 - o If a Grantee is proposing an alternative action/allowability for a "Required" item, the alternative requires comprehensive explanation of how it meets the intent of the DOE program notice.
 - o If a "Required" item/category will not be addressed with any funding source and will always result in deferral, the H&S Plan must state that.
- Any section that is "Allowable" below must be detailed only if DOE WAP funds are used to implement the measures. If the Grantee uses DOE funds for any "Allowable" activities from the Table of Issues then they must be described here in detail, including defining "minor", "major", "limited", "case-by-case", and "at-risk" if the term is applied. If you only check the box "Allowed with Alternative Funds" then no additional information is required.
- Any section that is "Prohibited" below may not be addressed with DOE WAP H&S funds and does not need to be specifically addressed in the H&S Plan. The Grantee simply needs to check the "Concur with DOE guidance" box and indicate if the condition will result in deferral/referral.

 The Grantee H&S Plan may address additional H&S hazards specific to their program that are not included in the Table of Issues. If a Grantee chooses to include additional measures as DOE WAP funded H&S costs, the H&S Plantee 	the
must include details pertaining to the measures allowed, testing required, and client education for these specif hazards.	
 All required "Testing/Inspection" related items must be documented in the client file to verify completion and results. 	d

6.1 – Air-Conditioning, Heating Systems, and Combustion Appliances		
Required Actions		
Concur with DOE Guidance ☐ Alternative Guidance ☑ Results in Deferral/Referral ☐		
DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑ Alternative Funds □		

Air Conditioning

- Repair of air conditioning systems or heat pump is an allowable Health & Safety Cost. Replacement or installation of air conditioning system is not an allowable Health & Safety Cost.
 - A maximum \$500 may be spent to repair heat pumps and central air conditioning systems, although approval to
 exceed this limitation will be reviewed on a case-by-case basis by the Nebraska Department of Environment and
 Energy *prior* to any work being implemented.
 - In renter occupied homes, if the cost to repair the central air conditioner or heat pump exceeds \$1,500, the owner may repair or replace the unit. However, if the central air conditioner or heat pump is replaced in accordance with the requirements of this Field Guide and Installation Standards, the Nebraska Weatherization Assistance Program (NeWAP) may contribute a maximum of \$1,500 to the replacement cost.
- Use proper protocols (Manual J, NEAT/MHEA outputs, etc.) based on post-weatherization housing characteristics, including installing mechanical ventilation, when installing or replacing a heating or cooling appliance.

Heating Systems

- "Red tagged", inoperable or non-existent primary heating system replacement, repair, or installation is an allowable H&S Cost
- Repair or replacement of heating systems is an allowable Health & Safety Cost.
 - A maximum \$500 may be spent to repair heating systems, although approval to exceed this limitation will be reviewed on a case-by-case basis by the Nebraska Department of Environment and Energy *prior* to any work being implemented.
 - In renter occupied homes, if the cost to repair the heating system exceeds \$1,500, the owner may repair or replace the unit. However, if the heating system is replaced in accordance with the requirements of this Field Guide and Installation Standards, the Nebraska Weatherization Assistance Program (NeWAP) may contribute a maximum of \$1,500 to the replacement cost.
- Use proper protocols (Manual J, NEAT/MHEA outputs, etc.) based on post-weatherization housing characteristics, including installing mechanical ventilation, when installing or replacing a heating or cooling appliance.
- Unsafe primary units must be repaired, replaced and removed, or rendered inoperable, or deferral is required.
- Replacement or Repair of gas-liquid-fueled space heater is not allowed.
- Gas-liquid-fueled space heater units that conform to the safety standards on ANSI Z21.11.2 may remain as back-up heat sources.
- Units that do not meet ANSI Z21.11.2 must be removed, and properly disposed of, prior to weatherization but may remain until a replacement heating system is in place.
- Gas-liquid-fueled space heater units that conform to the safety standards on ANSI Z21.11.2, but are not operating safely, must be removed and properly disposed of.
- A gas-liquid-fueled space heater that remains in a completed single-family house after weatherization shall:
 - Not have an input rating in excess of 40,000 Btu/hour;
 - Not be located in, or obtain combustion air from sleeping rooms, bathrooms, toilet rooms, or storage closets, except:
 - One listed wall-mounted space heater in a bathroom if permitted by the authority having jurisdiction which:
 - has an input rating that does not exceed 6,000 Btu/hour;
 - Is equipped with an oxygen-depletion sensing safety shut-off system; and
 - The bathroom has adequate combustion air;
 - One listed wall-mounted space heater in a bedroom if permitted by the authority having jurisdiction which:
 - has an input rating that does not exceed 10,000 Btu/hour;
 - Is equipped with an oxygen-depletion sensing safety shut-off system; and
 - the bathroom has adequate combustion air.

Combustion Appliances

Combustion safety testing is required when combustion appliances are present.

A backdraft test must be performed at the time of Initial Inspection, the Quality Control and at the end of each workday (utilizing Daily Safety Test Out (DSTO) Form WX10) in which envelope or duct sealing measures have been performed, if the project will require more than one day, on all vented naturally drafting combustion appliances. **Solid-Fuel Burning Appliances** A backdraft test must not be performed on solid fuel burning appliances. **Allowable Actions** Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds

✓ Allowed with Alternative Funds □

- Repair of air conditioning systems, which do not qualify as an ECM, is an allowable H&S cost as follows:
 - A maximum of \$500 may be spent to repair heat pumps and central air conditioners in owner occupied unit, although approval to exceed this limitation will be reviewed on a case-by-case basis by the Nebraska Department of Environment and Energy **prior** to any work being implemented.
 - In renter occupied homes, if the cost to repair the central air conditioner or heat pump exceeds \$1,500, the owner may repair or replace the unit. However, if the central air conditioner or heat pump is replaced in accordance with the requirements of the Field Guide and Installation Standards the NeWAP may contribute a maximum of \$1,500 toward the replacement cost.
- Repair or replacement of heating systems is an allowable Health & Safety Cost.
 - A maximum \$500 may be spent to repair heating systems, although approval to exceed this limitation will be reviewed on a case-by-case basis by the Nebraska Department of Environment and Energy *prior* to any work being implemented.
 - In renter occupied homes, if the cost to repair the heating system exceeds \$1,500, the owner may repair or replace the unit. However, if the heating system is replaced in accordance with the requirements of this Field Guide and Installation Standards, the Nebraska Weatherization Assistance Program (NeWAP) may contribute a maximum of

\$1,500 to the replacement cost.		
Prohibited Actions		
Concur with DC	DE Guidance ☑	
Using DOE WAP H&S funds for replacement or installation of secondary heat sources is prohibited.		
Required Testing/Inspection		
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑ Alternative Guidance □		

Air Conditioning

N/A

Heating Systems

- Verify that systems are present, operable, and performing correctly.
- Run DOE-approved audit to determine if the system can be installed as an energy conservation measure (ECM) prior to replacement as a Health & Safety measure.
- For combustion equipment, inspect chimney and flue and test for Combustion Appliance Zone (CAZ) depressurization.

Combustion Appliances

- NeWAP subgrantees must complete CAZ testing on all areas within a home that contain one or more atmospherically vented combustion appliances.
- CAZ testing must be completed on all weatherized homes, at the time of the initial and quality control inspections, with all testing results documented in the client file using the CAZ Depressurization Test (Form WX9).
- Depressurization and spillage testing is required for all Category 1 appliances pre- and post-weatherization and before leaving the home on any day when work has been done that could affect draft (e.g., air or duct sealing, adding exhaust ventilation).
- CO testing is required for all combustion appliances, regardless of venting type.
- Inspect venting of combustion appliances and confirm adequate clearances.
- Combustion safety testing is required when combustion appliances are present.
- Test naturally drafting appliances for draft and spillage under worst case conditions before and after air tightening.
- NeWAP subgrantees must verify and document in each client file that each Combustion Appliance Zone in a weatherized home has adequate combustion air supply.

Solid-Fuel Burning Appliances

- Visually inspect the entirety of solid fuel-fired appliance installations (e.g., wood stoves, coal stoves, pellet stoves, fireplaces) including the venting system to ensure that it adheres to the applicable code or local authority having jurisdiction. Appliances must be inspected pre- and post-weatherization.
- The inspection shall include, but not be limited to:
 - System clearances to combustibles, inside and outside of the home.
 - The type and condition of the flooring material where the unit is installed.
 - O Visual signs of wear or missing or malfunctioning components.
 - Evidence of ash deposit build-out.
 - o Evidence of creosote build-up.
 - Signs of structural failure.
 - Evidence of blockage, restriction, leakage, corrosion and/or flame roll-out.
 - Visual evidence of soot on the walls, mantel or ceiling or hearth.

Gas Fireplaces

Non-sealed combustion type fireplace that vents into a conventional chimney with or without a pre-constructed liner.

- A spillage test is required and is to be performed when the CAZ is under worst case depressurization.
 - Complete test by using a smoke stick and moving it directly in front of the fireplace in a traverse-like pattern.
 - Any spillage after one minute is a failure.
 - If spillage occurs under worst case depressurization, spillage testing would then be performed under natural conditions.
- CO is to be tested in ambient air directly in front of and above the fireplace if the inspector is unable to place the test probe in the exhaust vent or exterior termination point.

Sealed combustion insert.

• A spillage test is not required, but it is recommended to use a smoke stick directly in front of the fireplace while operating. Any sign of spillage may indicate an issue and should be appropriately documented.

• CO is to be tested in ambient air directly in front of and above the unit if the inspector is unable to place the test probe in the exhaust vent or exterior termination point.

Gas Stoves

- If the gas stove is specified for use as a heating appliance:
 - A spillage test is required and is to be performed when the CAZ is under worst case depressurization.
 - Any spillage after one minute is a failure.
 - If spillage occurs under worst case depressurization, spillage testing would then be performed under natural conditions.
 - o If the vent pipe is accessible, carbon monoxide testing is required.
 - o If the vent pipe is accessible, draft testing is required.

Wood Fireplaces and Pellet Stoves

- Non-sealed combustion type and venting into a conventional chimney.
 - A backdraft test must not be performed on wood fireplaces and pellet stoves.
 - o A spillage test must not be performed on wood fireplaces and pellet stoves.
 - o CO tests must not be performed on wood fireplaces and pellet stoves.

Cooking Stoves/Ovens

Inspect cooking burners for operability and flame quality.

Grantee Combustion Testing Action Levels

Cooling Systems

N/A

Heating Systems and Combustion Appliances

 The NeWAP requires Energy Auditors and Quality Control Inspectors to complete combustion, spillage and efficiency testing and compare those results to the BPI 1200 (2017) Standard and to follow all Action Levels associated with the Standard.

Solid Fuel Burning Appliances - homes containing wood, gas or pellet fireplaces and/or stoves

- must be evaluated for the weatherization impact of their operation on other combustion appliances. A blower door
 must be set to run at 300 CFM (set up as for depressurization testing) to mimic the worst-case airflow dynamics likely
 when a fireplace or stove is in use.
- If spillage occurs in the other combustion appliances under the worst-case depressurization test, spillage testing would then be performed under natural conditions and Carbon Monoxide Detectors will be installed, as per manufacturer's instructions, located adjacent to the fireplace and the back-drafting appliance.

manufacturer's instructions, located adjacent to the r	neplace and the back-draiting appliance.
Grantee Woodstove & Fireplace inspecti	on/testing policy including actions/limits
Concur with DOE Guidance	Alternative Guidance ✓

- Manufactured homes that have non-manufactured home, or incorrectly installed solid fuel combustion heating systems must be deferred.
- Fireplaces must be inspected pre- and post-weatherization.
- The inspection shall include, but not be limited to:
 - o System clearances to combustibles, inside and outside of the home.
 - The type and condition of the flooring material where the unit is installed.
 - o Visual signs of wear or missing or malfunctioning components.
 - Evidence of ash deposit build-out.
 - Evidence of creosote build-up.
 - Signs of structural failure.
 - Evidence of blockage, restriction, leakage, corrosion and/or flame roll-out.
 - Visual evidence of soot on the walls, mantel or ceiling or hearth.
- Assessing solid fuel fired appliances involves inspecting the venting/chimney and the overall installation to ensure it adheres to applicable state and local codes.
- State code requires that the flue areas and chimney requirements of masonry fireplaces meet the following requirements:
 - > Flue area requirements of masonry fireplaces (excluding sealed combustion/direct vented units) must meet the following requirement:
 - Round chimney flues shall have a minimum cross-sectional area of at least 1/12 of the fireplace opening.
 - Square chimney flues shall have a minimum cross-sectional area of at least 1/10 of the fireplace opening.
 - Rectangular chimney flues with an aspect ratio less than 2 to 1 shall have a minimum cross-sectional area of at least 1/10 of the fireplace opening.
 - Rectangular chimney flues with an aspect ratio of 2 to 1 or more shall have a minimum cross-sectional area of at least 1/8 of the fireplace opening.
 - Chimney terminations must extend at least 2 feet higher than any portion of a building within 10 feet but shall not be less than 3 feet above the highest point where the chimney passes through the roof.
 - Appropriate chimney caps and/or rain caps must be in place.
- Homes with fireplaces and solid fuel fired appliances that do not meet state and local code requirements regarding flue area and chimney terminations must not be weatherized.
- Homes with fireplaces and solid fuel fired appliances that are indicated in the pre-inspection of having any deficiency that could cause an unsafe condition must not be weatherized.
- Weatherized homes containing wood, gas or pellet fireplaces and/or stoves must be evaluated for the impact of their operation on other combustion appliances. A blower door must be set to run at 300 CFM (set up as for depressurization testing) to mimic the worst-case airflow dynamics likely when a fireplace or stove is in use.
- If spillage occurs in the other combustion appliances under the worst-case depressurization test, spillage testing would then be performed under natural conditions and Carbon Monoxide Detectors will be installed, as per manufacturer's instructions, located adjacent to the fireplace and the back-drafting appliance.

Required Occupant Education Concur with DOE Guidance Alternative Guidance

- When deferral is necessary, provide information to the client, in writing, describing conditions that must be met in order for weatherization to commence. A copy of this notification must also be placed in the client file.
- Discuss appropriate use and maintenance of units.
- Provide all paperwork and manuals for any installed equipment.
- Where combustion equipment is present, provide a copy of the Combustion Equipment Safety Factsheet describing how to avoid back drafting.
- When bulk fuel tanks are not removed as part of the weatherization work, discuss and provide information on proper disposal.
- Where combustion equipment is present, provide safety information regarding how to recognize depressurization.

6.2 – Asbestos (Confirmed and/or Presumed Asbestos Containing Material) **Required Actions** Alternative Guidance ✓ Concur with DOE Guidance □ Results in Deferral/Referral □ DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑ Alternative Funds □ As per the NeWAP Policies and Procedures Manual: The presence of asbestos or suspected asbestos containing material (ACM) in a weatherization home requires Subgrantees to take reasonable and necessary precautions to prevent asbestos contamination in the home. In homes where a friable suspected ACM is found, as determined by an appropriately trained crew leader, auditor or inspector or testing is present, the sub-grantee must take precautionary measures as if it contains asbestos, utilize personal air monitoring and follow the following requirements based on the location/type of suspected ACM material. **Grantee ACM policy** In siding, walls, ceilings, etc. In homes where a friable suspected ACM is located, as determined by an appropriately trained crew leader, auditor or inspector or testing, is present the sub-grantee must take precautionary measures as if it contains asbestos, such as utilizing personal air monitoring. In homes with asbestos siding, as determined by an appropriately trained crew leader, auditor or inspector or testing, is present and in good condition weatherization work may continue. In vermiculite If the presence of asbestos has been previously confirmed or if the sub-grantee believes that vermiculite insulation is present, when blower door tests are performed, it must be performed using pressurization instead of depressurization. On pipes, furnaces, or other small, covered surfaces An appropriately trained crew leader, auditor or inspector shall complete an initial visual inspection of all surfaces and subsurfaces, piping, and equipment for a suspected ACM. Assume asbestos is present in suspect covering materials. In homes where friable suspected ACM is present the sub-grantee must take precautionary measures as if it contains asbestos, such as utilizing personal air monitoring and blower door testing must not be completed. In homes with asbestos present, encapsulated and in good condition weatherization work may continue. **Grantee Blower Door Testing Policy When Suspected ACM Exists** In siding, walls, ceilings, etc. In homes where friable suspected ACM siding, as determined by an appropriately trained crew leader, auditor or inspector or testing, is present, blower door testing, using positive pressure techniques, must be completed. In homes with asbestos siding, as determined by an appropriately trained crew leader, auditor or inspector or testing, is present and in good condition, blower door testing, using either negative or positive pressure techniques, must be completed. In vermiculite If the presence of asbestos has been previously confirmed or if the sub-grantee believes that vermiculite insulation is present, when blower door tests are performed, it must be performed using pressurization instead of depressurization. On pipes, furnaces, or other small, covered surfaces In homes where friable suspected ACM, as determined by an appropriately trained crew leader, auditor or inspector or testing, is present blower door testing must not be completed. In homes with asbestos, as determined by an appropriately trained crew leader, auditor or inspector or testing, is present, encapsulated and in good condition blower door testing, using either negative or positive pressure techniques, must be completed

Allowable Actions

Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds

✓

Allowed with Alternative Funds □

In siding, walls, ceilings, etc.

- In homes where asbestos siding is present and in good condition installing dense-pack insulation from the exterior is allowed
- In homes where asbestos siding is present and in bad condition wall insulation measure work must be completed from the interior of the home.
- Removal of siding is allowed to perform energy conservation measures; however, precautions must be taken not to
 damage the siding. Asbestos siding should never be cut, sanded or drilled. Where possible, insulate the exterior walls
 through the interior of the home.

In vermiculite

• The costs associated with vermiculite/asbestos *testing* is an eligible Health & Safety expenditure, to specified expenditure limits and when AHERA sample testing is conducted by a certified tester.

Prohibited Actions Concur with DOE Guidance ☑

In siding, walls, ceilings, etc.

• The costs associated with testing, abatement or replacement with new siding are not eligible expenditures in the NeWAP.

In vermiculite

• The costs associated with vermiculite abatement or encapsulation are not eligible expenditures in the NeWAP.

On pipes, furnaces, or other small, covered surfaces

• In homes where friable suspected ACM, as determined by an appropriately trained crew leader, auditor or inspector or testing, is present the costs associated with asbestos testing, abatement or encapsulation not eligible expenditures in the Nebraska Weatherization Assistance Program.

Required Testing/Inspection			
Concur with DOE Guidance	Alternative Guidance ☑		Results in Deferral/Referral
DOE WAP H&S Funds	<u> </u>		Alternative Funds □
 Visual inspections of all surfaces an 	d subsurfaces, piping a	and equipment for sus	pected ACM.
Allowable Testing/Inspection			
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑ Allowed with Alternative Funds □		ed with Alternative Funds 🗆	
 AHERA sample testing may be conducted by a certified tester and the cost of sample testing and asbestos training 			
requirements may be charged to the Health & Safety budget category.			
 Subgrantees are limited to a maximum cost of \$300 for vermiculite testing. 			
Required Occupant Education			
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑ Alternative Guidance □			lternative Guidance 🛚
• Inform the client, and landlord if applicable, in writing if suspected ACMs are present and what precautions will be taken			
to ensure the occupants' and workers' safety during weatherization			

- to ensure the occupants' and workers' safety during weatherization.
- Inform the client, and landlord if applicable, of results if testing is performed.
- Instruct client in writing not to disturb suspected ACM.
- Provide a copy of the Asbestos Factsheet information to the client.
- When deferral is necessary, provide information in writing describing conditions that must be met in order for weatherization to commence

6.3 – Biologicals and Unsanitary Conditions			
Required Actions			
Concur with DOE Guidance	Alternative Guidance 🗹 Results in Deferra		Results in Deferral/Referral □
DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑			Alternative Funds □

	teria, raw sewage, rotting wood, etc.) in the home pose a health ybe worsened and not resolved by weatherization activities.	
	d Actions	
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑	Allowed with Alternative Funds □	
	omote biological concerns and unsanitary conditions is allowed.	
	emediate these minor conditions, although approval to exceed	
	by the Nebraska Department of Environment and Energy prior to	
any work being implemented.	,	
Required Test	ting/Inspection	
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑ Alternative	Guidance Results in Deferral/Referral	
DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑	Alternative Funds □	
Sensory and visual inspection of interior, exterior, attics and actions are sensory and visual inspection of interior.	and basements.	
Prohibited Tes	sting/Inspection	
Concur with Do	OE Guidance 🗹	
 Testing or addressing bacteria, viruses or major biologic 	cal and/or unsanitary conditions is not an allowable reimbursable	
cost.		
Required Occu	upant Education	
Concur with DOE Guidance ✓	Alternative Guidance □	
 Inform client in writing of observed conditions. 		
 Provide information on how to maintain a sanitary home 	e.	
 When deferral is necessary, provide information in writing 	ng describing conditions that must be met in order for	
weatherization to commence.		
6.4 Building Structure and Boof	ing to a recting well foundation	
-	ing (e.g., roofing, wall, foundation)	
	Allewed with Alternative Funds D	
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑	Allowed with Alternative Funds □	
Subgrantees are limited to a maximum cost of \$300 to implement minor repairs when necessary to effectively weatherize		
the home. Approval to exceed this limitation will be reviewed on a case-by-case basis by the Nebraska Department of		
Environment and Energy prior to any work being implement. Prohibited Actions		
	DOE Guidance 🗹	
, ,	ajor" repairs	
	est of \$300 or that is not reviewed and approved by the Nebraska scope of the Nebraska Weatherization Assistance Program.	
	ting/Inspection	
	Guidance Results in Deferral/Referral	
DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑	. Quiuance \square	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Alternative Funds □	
	Alternative Funds amages that compromise building durability and to verify that the	
portions of the home where weatherization will occur ar	Alternative Funds □	
portions of the home where weatherization will occur ar inspections.	Alternative Funds amages that compromise building durability and to verify that the re safe for entry and performance of assessments, work and	
portions of the home where weatherization will occur ar inspections. Allowable Tes	Alternative Funds amages that compromise building durability and to verify that the re safe for entry and performance of assessments, work and sting/Inspection	
portions of the home where weatherization will occur ar inspections. Allowable Tes Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑	Alternative Funds amages that compromise building durability and to verify that the re safe for entry and performance of assessments, work and sting/Inspection Allowed with Alternative Funds	
portions of the home where weatherization will occur ar inspections. Allowable Tes Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑ Structural testing is not an allowable reimbursable cost	Alternative Funds amages that compromise building durability and to verify that the re safe for entry and performance of assessments, work and sting/Inspection Allowed with Alternative Funds t.	
portions of the home where weatherization will occur ar inspections. Allowable Tes Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds Structural testing is not an allowable reimbursable cost Prohibited Tes	Alternative Funds amages that compromise building durability and to verify that the re safe for entry and performance of assessments, work and sting/Inspection Allowed with Alternative Funds	

Using DOE WAP H&S funds for any testing/evaluation of states.	structural materials by a third-party is prohibited.		
Required Occu	pant Education		
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑ Alternative Guidance □			
 Inform client in writing of observed conditions. 			
· · ·	 When deferral is necessary, provide information in writing describing conditions that must be met in order for 		
weatherization to commence.			
6.5 – Code	Compliance		
	e Actions		
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑	Allowed with Alternative Funds □		
	n allowable unless triggered by weatherization measures being		
installed in a specific room or area of the home.			
	ive Weatherization Measures include, but are not limited to: the		
	in the home, appropriate disconnect switching and clearance		
·	appropriately sized chimney liner when water heaters are		
	c. Costs associated with the purchase of any required permits are		
eligible.			
	therization-related work conforms with the applicable codes in		
the jurisdiction where the work is being performed.			
Follow State and local codes while installing weatherizati			
The cost of the permits must not be passed onto the clier			
 When correction of preexisting code compliance issues is 	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ure(s) that triggered the code compliance issue must be included		
in the client file.	1.0.11		
	d Actions		
	DE Guidance 🗹		
Condemned properties and properties that have been deemed "unsafe" by local code authorities where H&S conditions			
exist that cannot be corrected under this guidance must be deferred. Required Testing/Inspection			
	Guidance Results in Deferral/Referral		
DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑	Alternative Funds □		
 Visual inspection of building to verify that the conditions of the home are safe for entry and performance of assessments, 			
work and inspections.			
	ting/Inspection		
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds □	Allowed with Alternative Funds □		
Using DOE WAP H&S funds for any code compliance analytical compliance and compliance analytical compliance and compliance analytical compliance and compliance analytical compliance analytical compliance and compliance and compliance and compliance analytical compliance analytical compliance and compliance and compliance and compliance and compliance analytical compliance and compliance analysis and compliance and c	ysis/evaluation by a third-party is prohibited.		
Required Occupant Education			

	6.6 – Electrical	
	Required Actions	
Concur with DOE Guidance	Alternative Guidance ☑	Results in Deferral/Referral

When deferral is necessary, provide information in writing describing conditions that must be met in order for

Concur with DOE Guidance ☑

Inform client in writing of observed conditions.

weatherization to commence.

Alternative Guidance

DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑	Alternative Funds □	
The two primary energy-related H&S electrical concerns associa	ted with weatherization work are insulating homes that contain	
knob-and-tube wiring and overloaded electrical. Electrical safety	is a basic need that impacts home weatherization and repair.	
Knob-and-Tube Wiring		
Determine the location of live knob-and-tube wire location.		
•	sly covered with insulation determine where the wiring is located	
	tion may be completed by a licensed electrician, the use of a	
Overloaded Electrical	he wires or another verifiable option approved by the NDEE.	
	rical haves fitted with cover plates	
Wiring splices must be enclosed in metal or plastic elect Tlastrical bayes in attics must be marked with a float that		
Electrical boxes in attics must be marked with a flag that	ble Actions	
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑	Allowed with Alternative Funds □	
Knob-and-Tube Wiring	Allowed with Alternative Funds 🗅	
_	ng prior to insulating building components containing knob and	
tube wiring, as required by the AHJ.	ig prior to insulating building components containing knob and	
 Subgrantees are limited to a maximum cost of \$300 to in 	mplement these minor repairs, although approval to exceed this	
limitation will be reviewed on a case-by-case basis by th		
	the current electrical service in the house could potentially create	
•	tion measures, the sub-grantee will inform the client of the of the	
	Deferral Notice (Form WX4) completed by the Weatherization	
Representative and signed by the client or building own		
	ed Actions	
Knob-and-Tube Wiring	OOE Guidance 🗹	
N/A		
Overloaded Electrical		
	uses must remain intact. In homes that utilize fuses where attic	
• If no insulation is being installed in a home the existing fuses must remain intact. In homes that utilize fuses where attic insulation is being installed the State Electrical Board recommends the use of a licensed electrician for the installation of		
safety Type-S-Fuses as indicated in the National Electrical		
	najor" repairs	
 Major electrical repairs are defined as costing over \$300).	
	ting/Inspection	
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑ Alternative	e Guidance □ Results in Deferral/Referral □	
DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑	Alternative Funds □	
A visual inspection of all of the home's areas for the pre-	sence and condition of knob-and-tube wiring.	
 Evaluating the existing knob-and-tube wiring for safety i 	ssues prior to beginning weatherization work.	
 Check for building and/or system alterations that may cr 	reate an electrical hazard.	
Allowable Te	sting/Inspection	
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑	Allowed with Alternative Funds □	
 Verification that existing knob-and-tube wiring is active. 		
Required Occ	upant Education	
Concur with DOE Guidance ✓	Alternative Guidance □	

- When electrical issues are the cause of a deferral, provide information to client on over-current protection, overloading circuits, and basic electrical safety/risks.
- Serious electrical hazards exist when gross overloads such as over usage, overloaded outlets and/or oversized fuses are present. Should auditors and crews find such existing problems, they should notify the owner and note the problem in the client file.

6.7 – Fuel Leaks						
Required Actions						
Concur with DOE Guidance 🗹	Alternative Guidance □		Results in Deferral/Referral			
DOE WAP H&S Funds	✓ Alternative Funds □					
When a minor gas leak is found on the property, but before (or in front) of the meter, the utility service must be						
contacted before work can proceed						
 Fuel leaks that are the responsibility 	of the occupant (vs.	the utility) must be re	paired before installing weatherization			
measures in the home.						
		e Actions				
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Fu		L	ed with Alternative Funds			
 Fuel leaks found on the property, be 	•	•	ired before weatherizing a unit.			
		ed Actions				
		DE Guidance 🗹				
			responsibility of the utility to address.			
 Using DOE WAP H&S funds to repai 		•	•			
Using DOE WAP H&S funds for envi	•	•	leaks is prohibited.			
	•	ing/Inspection				
Concur with DOE Guidance 🗹		Guidance 🗆	Results in Deferral/Referral			
DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑			Alternative Funds			
	alves, couplings, and o	connections for fuel le	aks from the utility connection to the			
appliances throughout the home.						
Test all gas appliances for fuel leaks		- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Conduct sensory inspection of all but			e it leaks exist.			
All		ting/Inspection	1 11 41 11 11			
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Fu		l.	ed with Alternative Funds			
Test exposed gas lines from utility c	· -	-				
Conduct sensory inspection on bulk						
Prohibited Testing/Inspection						
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑						
Using DOE WAP H&S funds for environmental testing of soil or water is prohibited. Required Occupant Education						
Company the DOE Cuideness			Nhamatina Cuidanaa 🗇			
Concur with DOE Guidance		L	Alternative Guidance			
Inform occupants in writing of fuel I	eak testing results, in	cluding specific location	on if fuel leaks are detected.			
F	5.8 – Gas Ovens/	Stovetops/Range	S			
Allowable Actions						
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Fu			ed with Alternative Funds			
There are no Allowable Actions in the state of the s						
Ovens/Stovetops/Ranges.						

Prohibited Actions					
Concur with DOE Guidance					
Maintenance on or repair gas cook	tops and stoves is no	t allowed.			
Replacement is not allowed.					
	•	ing/Inspection	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
	Concur with DOE Guidance				
DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑			Alternative Funds		
Test gas ovens for CO. Yis all bis and a street line business and a street line business and a street line business.	l				
Visually inspect cooking burners and Define and		o and flame quality. O testing and resulting	a actions		
			Limit for ovens of less than 225 ppm as		
	Allowable Test	ing/Inspection			
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Fu			ed with Alternative Funds		
Test gas ovens for CO.					
 Visually inspect cooking burners and 	l ovens for operability	and flame quality.			
	Required Occu	pant Education			
Concur with DOE Guidance	$\overline{\checkmark}$	A	Alternative Guidance 🛚		
 Inform clients of the importance of 	using exhaust ventilat	tion when cooking and	of keeping burners and broilers clean to		
limit the production of CO.					
	6 0 - Hazarda	ous Materials			
		Actions			
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑	Alternative		Results in Deferral/Referral		
DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑			Alternative Funds		
		tion work (e.g., refrige	erant, lead dust, mercury, CFL lighting/		
ballasts, etc.) shall be disposed of a	_				
 Subgrantees must document proper 	r disposal requiremen	ts in contract languag	e with responsible party.		
 Limited removal of pollutants is allo 	wed and required if t	hey pose a risk to wor	kers.		
 If pollutants pose a risk to workers a 	and removal cannot b	e performed or is not	allowed by the client, the unit must be		
deferred.					
Define "limited" removal of pollutants					
 Removal costs that do not exceed \$200 can be considered as "limited" repair cost. 					
		e Actions			
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑ Allowed with Alternative Funds □					
The removal and proper disposal of pollutants generated in the course of weatherization work.					
Prohibited Actions					
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑					
 Lead Remediation, Asbestos Remediation, and Radon Mitigation work is not eligible for reimbursement with DOE WAP H&S funds. 					
	•	ing/Inspection			
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑	Alternative	Guidance 🗆	Results in Deferral/Referral		
DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑	1		Alternative Funds □		
 Sensory and visual inspection. 					

Allowable Testing/Inspection

Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑

Allowed with Alternative Funds □

The NeWAP does not use DOE WAP H&S funds for any "allowable testing" of Hazardous Materials.				
Prohibited Te	sting/Inspection			
Concur with D	OE Guidance ☑			
 Using DOE WAP H&S funds for any testing for hazardous 	materials other than tha	t specifically permitted in the asbestos,		
lead, and radon sections of this document is prohibited.				
Required Occ	pant Education			
Concur with DOE Guidance ✓	Alt	ernative Guidance 🏻		
 Inform client in writing of hazards associated with hazar 	dous waste materials bei	ng generated/handled in the home.		
 Inform occupant in writing of observed hazardous condi 	tions.			
 Provide client written materials on safety and proper dis 	posal of household pollu	tants.		
	ention of Occupants			
	le Actions			
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑		d with Alternative Funds ☑		
 When necessary to effectively weatherize the home, w 	orkers may make minor	repairs and installations to allow for the		
implementation of weatherization measures.				
	ed Actions			
	OE Guidance ☑			
 Using DOE WAP H&S funds for major repairs, as defined 		an is prohibited		
	ajor" repairs			
 Subgrantees are limited to a maximum cost of \$200 to it 	nplement minor repairs,	although approval to exceed this		
	limitation will be reviewed on a case-by-case basis by the Nebraska Department of Environment and Energy prior to any			
work being implemented.				
 Injury prevention repair costs that exceed \$200 can be of 		air cost.		
	ting/Inspection			
	Guidance ☑	Results in Deferral/Referral		
DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑		Alternative Funds		
 Visual inspection and assessment of conditions that may 				
	ting/Inspection			
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds □	Allowed	d with Alternative Funds		
 The NeWAP does not use DOE WAP H&S funds for any to 	esting options.			
Required Occ	pant Education			
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑	Alt	ernative Guidance 🏻		
 Inform client and landlord (if applicable) in writing of ob 	served condition and any	potential hazards identified during the		
Energy Audit inspection or intake process including at a	minimum:			
 the date of the Energy Audit or assessment, 				
 the date of notification, 				
 a clear description of the problem, and 				
 when deferral is necessary, conditions that must be met in order for weatherization to commence. 				
C. 11 Lood Book Company (Bring Vermish on Booking at)				
6.11 – Lead-Based Surface Coverings (Paint, Varnishes, Roofing, etc.)				
	d Actions			
	Guidance	Results in Deferral/Referral		
DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑	A	Alternative Funds		

TRAINING AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE (T&TA) PLAN TEMPLATE

1.0 — GENERAL INFORMATION

COMMENTS THAT DO NOT GENERALLY FIT INTO THE AVAILABLE TABLES BELOW

ENTER ADDITIONAL H&S INFORMATION HERE

 Not all training outlined will be paid with DOE funds. We will be using LIHEAP funding to cover some of the training costs.

2.0 - OVERALL T&TA PLAN

YOUR OVERALL T&TA PLAN MUST INCORPORATE SUGGESTIONS AND FEEDBACK THE FOLLOWING ELEMENTS.

FEEDBACK FROM INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL REVIEWS, EXAMPLES INCLUDE:

- FEEDBACK FROM DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY (DOE) PROJECT OFFICER (PO) MONITORING VISITS
- INTERNAL STATE AUDITS
- GRANTEE MONITORING OF THE SUBGRANTEES
- Office of Inspector General (OIG) Reports
- AMERICAN CUSTOMER SATISFACTION INDEX FEEDBACK, AND
- OTHER. EXAMPLES INCLUDE:
 - TRAINING FEEDBACK
 - TRAINING RETENTION ACTIVITIES
- The NeWAP Network strives to provide our clients with work that meets the most progressive industry standards and technologies. Meeting this goal requires that everyone within the network work to provide staff with the best training options and formats available. Those training formats and options that meet the requirements of the various job types/descriptions within the network including, but are not limited to:
 - o Federal and regional training workshops and conferences,
 - Job specific on-line trainings,
 - NeWAP Quarterly Working Group meetings/trainings that cover:
 - Programmatic, auditing and technical changes,
 - issues or concerns being noted through in-field monitoring and/or Energy Audit Reviews
 - issues or concerns being noted as part of the annual energy consumption evaluation, and
 - changes, updates or concerns associated with the NeWAP database system.
 - In-field trainings incorporated into the In-Progress Monitoring completed by the WAP Technical Monitors
- NDEE incorporates the following suggestions and feedback when developing the statewide T&TA Plan:
 - Grant requirements
 - o Feedback from Department of Energy (DOE) Project Officers (PO) and monitoring reports
 - o Grantee Technical, Programmatic & Fiscal Monitoring Reports of the Subrecipients
 - Subrecipient submitted questions and training requests
 - Quarterly Weatherization Working Group Meetings
 - Subrecipient feedback
 - American Customer Satisfaction Index survey feedback
 - Public Comment received during the Public Comment period for the DOE State Plan
 - WAP Policy Advisory Council (PAC) feedback

EXISTING OR PLANNED ACCREDITED TRAINING CENTER PARTNERSHIP OR WORKING RELATIONSHIP.

At this time, the Nebraska WAP (NeWAP) network has a BPI Certified Quality Control Inspector on staff at all Subgrantee agencies. Additionally, the majority of Subgrantees have an experienced Energy Auditor on staff, a number of which are BPI Certified or in the process of earning their certification. The relatively low demand for additional Energy Auditor and/or Quality Control Inspector training in Nebraska makes it more cost-effective for the NeWAP to outsource this training and testing to IREC Accredited Programs with BPI Energy Auditor/QCI Certified trainers, testers and facilities to receive quality training. Historically NeWAP BPI certified staff have met these Comprehensive Training requirements through Santa Fe Community College, the Energy and Environmental Training Center of Kansas City, the Montana Weatherization Training Center or Indiana Community Action Association and those working relationships will continue.

PREPARATIONS FOR FUTURE/UPCOMING PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS, EXAMPLES INCLUDE:

- UPDATED STANDARD WORK SPECIFICATIONS (SWS)
- MIGRATION TO ONLINE WEATHERIZATION ASSISTANT
- Inclusion of specific language from Weatherization Program Notices (WPN)
 - The Nebraska WAP Retrofitting Nebraska Installation Standards for Single Family and Manufactured Housing Field Guide was submitted to DOE for review and approved and the NeWAP received an Updated Approval of the State of Nebraska Energy Audit Procedures for Site-Built Single Family, Manufactured Housing, and Small Multi-Family for the Weatherization Assistance Program with an Effective Date of 6/2/2021 and an Expiration Date of 6/2/2026. Nebraska Grantee staff provided all subgrantees with electronic copies of the approved Field Guide and Installations and the updated NeWAP Policies and Procedures in a Quarterly Working Group meeting.
 - To date grantee technical staff participated in the online Train-the-Trainer event provided by Oakridge National Laboratory (ORNL), made state-specific training modifications and completed NeWAP set-up, supply and fuel cost libraries, worked with Sub-Grantee Weatherization Managers to establish Agency specific staff designations and audit access options and provided in-house training of all NeWAP energy auditing and administrative staff. Grantee technical staff continues to work with subgrantee and ORNL staff based on the following timelines and dates:

Training/Wav10 Event	Description	Scheduled Date
Train-the-Trainer event	NDEE Technical Staff attended the training	March 8, 2023 -
provided by ORNL	to learn the options for starting the transition	Completed
NDEE Technical Staff working	NDEE technical staff to make state-specific	April - July 1, 2024 -
with Sub-Grantee	training modifications and complete	Continuing
Weatherization Managers	NeWAP specific set-up, supply and fuel	
	cost libraries	
Documentation Submittal	Submit set-up libraries, supply libraries	Working with ORNL
	and fuel cost libraries to DOE for review	on "sharing" options.
	and approval	DOE submission
		planned for March 1,
		2024
Add Agency Administrator Staff	Work with Sub-Grantee Weatherization	July 2023 - Completed
into Nebraska Specific WAv10	Managers to establish Agency specific	
website	staff designations and audit access options	
Hands-on training of NeWAP	In-house training of all NeWAP energy	January 23 & 24, 2024
Subgrantee Energy Auditor and	auditing and administrative staff	- Completed

Administrative Staff		
Hands-on trainings	For new network hires	February & March
		2024
Final NeWAP Technical Staff	In conjunction with the NeWAP Quarterly	March 2024
conversion meeting/update	Working Group Meeting.	
Work with ORNL to begin data	Statewide WA web-based site available for	April 1, 2024
conversion and aggregation	use (wa-xx.ornl.gov)	
Determine if NeWAP Policy	NDEE Technical Staff will complete and	March thru June 2024
Changes are required	review sub-grantee audits and determine	
	whether fuel-switching or other audit	
	options will require NeWAP Policy	
	Changes	
Wav8.9 to Wav10 Transition	Agencies will begin running Energy Audits	February thru March
	in both Wav8.9 and Wav10 until NDEE	2024
	and/or ORNL believes the sub-grantee	
	staff is prepared for full web-based	
	conversion.	
Final Transition Day	The network is completely transitioned to	May 1, 2024
	Wav10	

All Weatherization Program Notices are provided to the Subgrantee's Weatherization Program Managers for the appropriate dissemination among their staff. WPN information requiring specific language or field work changes will be distributed to all Subgrantee management through monthly Subgrantee virtual meetings. Information will also be provided to technical staff in Quarterly Working Group meetings or if needed in **Specific** "hands-on" trainings throughout the program year.

WHAT PROTOCOLS ARE IN PLACE WHICH ENSURE UNTRAINED STAFF ARE NOT LEFT WITHOUT SUPERVISIONS DURING FIELD OPERATIONS?

The Nebraska WAP requires Grantee, Subgrantee or sub-contracted staff, paid with weatherization funds, be supervised for all work activities until all appropriate training is completed and/or certification requirements are met. No untrained, unsupervised field staff are allowed on-site to perform weatherization activities. Below are the training/certifications requirements for completing on-site work without direct supervision:

- Energy Auditor/QCI Staff:
 - Each Subgrantee to have on staff at least one BPI Energy Auditor (EA)/Certified Quality Control Inspector (QCI) or contract inspections with an individual(s) with the required EA/QCI Certifications. Subgrantees replacing or hiring new EA/QCI staff must be certified or have the knowledge, skills and abilities to meet the Job Task Analysis (JTA) requirements and to secure their certification within six months of their hire date.

Field Staff:

- All existing field staff must have been trained, or in the case of new hires be trained, in the
 appropriate training covering their appropriate JTA, as developed by Everblue in conjunction
 with BPI, through the NeWAP Badges Program or an IREC certified facility (on-line or in-person).
- Replacement or new hires must receive their training within six months of their hire date and be supervised by trained and/or certified staff until such time that skills are satisfactorily demonstrated, and any required certifications are received.
- All existing technical and field staff must be RRP Certified. Subgrantees replacing or hiring new technical, or field chief staff must be certified or have the knowledge, skills and abilities to secure their certification within six months of their hire date or be supervised by RRP trained/certified staff until such time certification is received.
- Training will be made available to all field staff as per Section 4.0.

PARTNERSHIPS WITH THE STATEWIDE HOME PERFORMANCE INDUSTRY ON TRAINING ISSUES; IF APPLICABLE.

The NDEE Training and Technical Assistance plan reflects the current DOE Energy Auditor/Quality Control Inspector Weatherization Assistance Program initiatives while looking forward to implementing future program requirements that will allow Nebraska's WAP network to meet all of the BPI Home Energy Professional Certifications. During PY2024-2025 and beyond, the Nebraska WAP will make all training opportunities available, for a fee that covers the cost of the training, to individuals, organizations and other interested parties that are not members of the Nebraska WAP Network.

HOW DOES ANALYSIS CONDUCTED, AS DETAILED IN SECTION V.6 OF THE ANNUAL APPLICATION, INFLUENCE THE DEVELOPMENT OF T&TA ACTIVITIES AND PRIORITIES?

- Program technical monitoring activities (in-progress and QCI) provide NDEE Monitors the opportunity
 to note and document specific Subgrantee, crew or contractors' inconsistencies or concerns and allows
 them to provide/schedule on-site or Specific trainings to help alleviate any deficiencies. Examples of
 these types of past training opportunities include sidewall core density testing, CAZ testing (on-site and
 in group format) with newer, less experienced field staff, and on-site blower door testing with
 crews/contractors that have provided dubious testing results.
- The results of the Nebraska WAP Annual Consumption Evaluations are provided to all program Subgrantees during one of the program's Quarterly Working Group (QWG) meetings. The individual Subgrantee, as well as the state-wide, results are discussed with technical staff to evaluate "trends" being experienced by specific Subgrantees or within the program as a whole. Following the QWG meeting each agency is provided with each of their reviewed client charts, that shows the energy use impact of the weatherization services on their home. Subgrantee's review the client file associated with the chart(s) provided to help to educate their crews and/or contractors regarding the impact of the completed work and to address non-beneficial trends that they may be experiencing. The results of the Nebraska WAP Annual Consumption Evaluation are used by NDEE to develop training options or focus on missed energy-efficiency opportunities within the network to ensure upward savings trends. (i.e. providing trainings/information regarding ASHRAE 62.2 calculations and adding Refrigerator Replacement as an additional electric savings ECM when the percentage of state-wide electric savings was reduced in conjunction with the full program implementation of ASHRAE 62.2).

3.0 — WORKFORCE CREDENTIALS

DESCRIBE THE FOLLOWING ASPECTS OF YOUR T&TA PLAN RELATED TO WORKFORCE CREDENTIALS.

FEDERALLY REQUIRED CREDENTIALS. EXAMPLES INCLUDE:

- Environmental Protection Agency Lead Renovation, Repair, and Painting Program
- Home Energy Professionals Quality Control Inspector Certification
- The Nebraska WAP requires:
 - Each Subgrantee to have on staff at least one BPI Certified Quality Control Inspector or to contract inspections with an individual(s) with the required QCI Certifications.
 - All existing Subgrantee technical, field staff and, contractors to be RRP Certified.

 All Subgrantee technical and field staff to be trained in the appropriate training covering the Home Energy Professional Certifications, as developed by BPI, that most closely represents their job duties.

GRANTEE/STATE REQUIRED CREDENTIALS. EXAMPLES INCLUDE:

- Building Performance Institute Building Analyst
- GRANTEE-DEVELOPED CERTIFICATIONS

The Nebraska WAP has no additional national or Grantee-developed credentialing requirements.

SUBGRANTEE/LOCAL REQUIRED CREDENTIALS. EXAMPLES INCLUDE:

CONTRACTOR LICENSING

The State of Nebraska currently does not require state-wide or local jurisdictional licensing of contractors, excluding electricians, but numerous local jurisdictions do have local licensing requirements for specific construction trades that are involved in implementing weatherization work. NeWAP Policies and Procedures require subgrantees to develop and maintain a separate contractor file for each contractor that includes a checklist(s) of all required documentation to assist in NDEE and/or federal monitoring reporting. Required documentation includes, but is not limited to: General Liability Insurance, Proof of Worker's Compensation Insurance or documentation of Sole Proprietorship with no employees, current signed contract, Current Contractor's Registration with the State of Nebraska, Current Electrical, Plumbing and Mechanical Licenses (as applicable) Proof of being a Lead Renovator Firm and Proof of Completing Lead Renovator Training.

INDUSTRY REQUIRED CREDENTIALS. EXAMPLES INCLUDE:

- EQUIPMENT/MATERIAL MANUFACTURE CERTIFICATION
- VENDOR CERTIFICATION

(e.g. EQUIPMENT/MATERIAL MANUFACTURE CERTIFICATION, VENDOR CERTIFICATION)

The Nebraska WAP has no additional equipment, vendor, or manufacturer credentialing requirements.

PROCESS FOR MAINTAINING WORKFORCE CREDENTIALS

The Nebraska WAP incorporates the following into the NeWAP *Policies and Procedures Manual* to help ensure and/or maintain Subgrantee staff workforce credentials:

- Subgrantees replacing or hiring new QCI staff must be certified or have the knowledge, skills and abilities to meet the JTA requirements and to secure their certification within six months of their hire date.
- When subgrantees replace or hire new field staff they must be trained in the appropriate JTA, as developed by BPI, through an IREC facility (on-line or in-person) within six months of their hire date.
- Subgrantees technical staff replacement or new hires must receive training, in the Home Energy Professional Certifications, as developed by BPI, that most closely represents their job duties within six months of their hire date.

HOW CREDENTIALS ARE TRACKED

- NDEE tracks all attendees of trainings that have been provided through the Nebraska WAP network since 2010 and to track all Nebraska WAP network staff member trainings (per Subgrantee) who have completed additional virtual trainings or have received BPI QCI and EA Certifications.
- NDEE communicates in Quarterly Working Group meetings with Subgrantees regarding their staff
 training needs and possible new hire training requirements and will also collect individual Subgrantee
 training information requiring specific language or field work changes will be distributed to all
 Subgrantee management through monthly Subgrantee virtual progress and update meetings.
- NDEE staff will continue to update the training and certification spreadsheets and make modifications

that will assist in tracking initial certifications, training, certification maintenance and continuing education requirements.

4.0 - TRAINING

GRANTEES HAVE TWO OPTIONS TO DESCRIBE THEIR TRAINING.

- A) Use the embedded spreadsheet* to Identify and describe the training schedule for <u>Grantee and Subgrantee</u> staff. Include technical and non-technical training.
- B) OR Use the fields below to identify and describe the training schedule for Grantee and Subgrantee staff. Include technical and non-technical training.

GRANTEE'S ARE TO INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING IN THEIR DESCRIPTIONS REGARDLESS OF WHAT OPTION IS BEING USED TO DESCRIBE THEIR TRAINING PLAN:

- SPECIFY WHETHER ATTENDANCE IS MANDATORY, AND THE RAMIFICATIONS FOR NON-COMPLIANCE.
- SPECIFY IF THE T&TA PLAN SPANS MULTIPLE PROGRAM YEARS (PY), INDICATE WHICH TRAININGS ARE INTENDED IN THE CURRENT PY AND WHICH ARE PLANNED FOR FUTURE PYS.
- * THE EMBEDDED SPREADSHEET, IF COMPLETED AT THE END OF THE YEAR TO RECORD DELIVERED TRAINING, CAN BE USED AS DOCUMENTATION FOR THE REQUIRED ANNUAL T&TA REPORT. DOUBLE CLICK TO OPEN SPREADSHEET. ENTER INFORMATION AND CLOSE. IT WILL AUTOMATICALLY SAVE YOUR INFORMATION



TTA Planning and Reporting Template F

PROGRAMMATIC/ADMINISTRATION TRAINING

- FINANCIAL (I.E. 2 CFR 200)
- MANAGEMENT (I.E. 10 CFR 440)
- Meeting NeWAP production and quality goals requires everyone within the network work to provide staff with the best training options and formats available. Those training formats and options that meet the requirements of program management and fiscal job types/descriptions within the network including, but are not limited to:
 - Federal and regional training workshops and conferences regarding the requirements associated with 2 CFR 200 and 10 CFR 440,
 - NeWAP Quarterly Working Group (QWG) meetings/trainings that cover programmatic updated regarding Weatherization,
- Subgrantees who have attended relevant conferences will be asked to provide a brief description of relevant issues at the QWG following the conference,
- Issues, changes, updates or concerns associated with the NeWAP database system and information submittal is address as part of the annual Fiscal Monitoring

COMPREHENSIVE TECHNICAL TRAINING ALIGNED TO THE JOB TASK ANALYSIS (IDENTIFY AT WHAT INTERVALS WORKERS WILL RECEIVE REGULAR, COMPREHENSIVE TRAINING AS REQUIRED BY WEATHERIZATION PROGRAM NOTICE (WPN) 15-4)

- QUALITY CONTROL INSPECTOR
- ENERGY AUDITOR
- CREW LEAD
- RETROFIT INSTALLER/TECHNICIAN

The Nebraska WAP is committed to increasing the network's expertise and numerous program technical training opportunities and hands-on training opportunities have been conducted with the goal to maximize energy savings, minimize production costs, improve quality of work, and foster management expertise.

Energy Auditor/Quality Control Inspectors:

As a result of this commitment, each Subgrantee in the Nebraska WAP network has on staff at least one BPI Certified Energy Auditor (EA)/ Quality Control Inspector (QCI) with the required EA/QCI Certifications, and the majority of have an experienced Energy Auditor (BPI Certified) on staff. Any additional required Energy Auditor/Quality Control Inspector trainings will be outsourced to facilities where the network can receive quality training by an IREC Accredited Program with BPI Certified Trainers and Testers where Certification in these areas can be provided. The low demand for the Energy Auditor and Quality Control Inspector training in Nebraska makes it more feasible to outsource these training at random intervals, as needed, at this time.

Installer and Crew Chief Field Staff:

NDEE has also contracted with Everblue to provide access to the NeWAP Network to their LMS: Moodle Learning Management System (LMS) Hosting and Technical Support Annual aka *Weatherization Badge Program*. Which includes access to 25 Badges and associated micro badges, individual progress tracking reports. Everblue directly links the LMS system to the Nebraska Weatherization NeWAP Field Guide Installation Standards with appropriate NDEE Logos. All subgrantee field staff will be required to complete appropriate badge training/certification and their individual progress will be tracked and monitored within the system.

Subgrantees are also encouraged to include eligible field staff in weatherization industry conferences, trainings and workshops to help to ensure that the Nebraska Network operates to meet the most progressive industry standards and technologies.

SPECIFIC TECHNICAL TRAINING

- TOPICS IDENTIFIED DURING MONITORING VISIT(S)
- ENERGY MODELING
- HEALTH & SAFETY. ALL H&S TOPICS IN WPN 22-7 REQUIRE SOME LEVEL OF TRAINING FOR ALL AFFECTED WORKERS,
 THE FREQUENCY OF THIS TRAINING IS A GRANTEE DECISION. EXAMPLES INCLUDE:
 - AIR CONDITIONING AND HEATING SYSTEMS
 - ASBESTOS
 - BIOLOGICALS AND UNSANITARY CONDITIONS
 - BUILDING STRUCTURE AND ROOFING
 - O CODE COMPLIANCE
 - COMBUSTION GASES
 - ELECTRICAL
 - FORMALDEHYDE, VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOCs), FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, AND OTHER AIR POLLUTANTS

- FUEL LEAKS
- Gas Range/Ovens
- HAZARDOUS MATERIALS DISPOSAL
- Injury Prevention of Occupants and Weatherization Workers
- LEAD BASED PAINT
- O EPA'S LEAD RENOVATION, REPAIR & PAINTING PROGRAM (RRP)MOLD/MOISTURE
- PESTS
- RADON
- SAFETY DEVICES
- VENTILATION AND INDOOR AIR QUALITY
 - AMERICAN SOCIETY OF HEATING REFRIGERATION AND AIR-CONDITIONING ENGINEERS (ASHRAE)
- O WINDOW REPAIR, DOOR REPAIR
- WORKER SAFETY
 - OSHA
- Additional topics as described in Health & Safety Plan
- CLIENT EDUCATION (TRAINING WORKERS TO CONDUCT CLIENT EDUCATION). EXAMPLES INCLUDE:
 - ENERGY SAVINGS STRATEGIES
 - PROGRAM-SPECIFIC INFORMATION. EXAMPLES INCLUDE:
 - WHAT TO EXPECT
 - ADDITIONAL RESOURCES
 - HEALTH & SAFETY ISSUES

Subgrantee technical staff:

Subgrantee technical staff: Specific Training will be delivered to the network state-wide based on the specific training type and the facility needs. Specific Trainings, required based on job designation, will be scheduled at random intervals as needed and may include, but not be limited to, the following:

Anticipated Specific Trainings	Staff Required	Training Requirement
Lead Safe Weatherization – RRP Certification	All Field Staff	Mandatory
Mobile Home Weatherization and Duct Pressures	All Field Staff	Voluntary
CAZ Testing	EA/QCI/Crew Chief	Mandatory
ASHRAE 62.2 Updates and Requirements	EA/QCI	Mandatory
NEAT/MHEA Web-based Trainings	EA/QCI	Mandatory
Blower Door Guided Air Sealing	All Field Staff	Voluntary
Installing and Testing Dense Pack Insulation	All Field Staff	Voluntary
Quarterly Technical Working Groups	Technical & Programmatic Staff	Mandatory
HVAC Inspections and Testing	EA/QCI	Voluntary
Badge Training Program	All Field Staff	Mandatory
BPI Energy Auditor & QCI Trainings & Certifications	EA/QCI	Mandatory

In the case of both Comprehensive and Specific Training, opportunities will be available for a fee, to cover the cost of training, to individuals and organizations that are not members of the Nebraska WAP Network.

Additionally, specific training needs will be addressed as identified during inspections and monitoring completed by NDEE Technical Monitors, the Building Program Specialist, Federal Aid Administrator, NDEE Grant Section Supervisor and USDOE Project Officers.

CONFERENCES. EXAMPLES INCLUDE:

- ENERGY OUTWEST
- BUILDING PERFORMANCE ASSOCIATION
- NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR STATE AND COMMUNITY SERVICE PROVIDERS
- COMMUNITY ACTION PARTNERSHIP

NDEE Technical Monitors, Building Program Specialist and Subgrantee Technical Staff will attend (as needed) weatherization industry conferences, trainings, and workshops to ensure that the Nebraska Network operates to meet the most progressive industry standards and technologies and to meet EA/QCI re-certification CEU requirements. Information provided as part of those trainings will be shared with all members of the Nebraska WAP through various training activities, Quarterly Working Group meetings and onsite inspections.

NDEE and Subgrantee management and fiscal staff will attend industry related conferences, trainings, workshops, and grant management webinars to increase their knowledge, skills and abilities in grant administration. Examples would be continued participation in training and webinars that address grant administration, such as the NASCSP Annual Conference and the Energy Out West Conference.

OTHER, PLEASE SPECIFY:

DESCRIBE OTHER TRAINING ACTIVITIES HERE

5.0 — TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE

DESCRIBE THE TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE ACTIVITIES INCLUDED IN THE T&TA BUDGET CATEGORY.

PROGRAMMATIC/ADMINISTRATION SUPPORT

Technical Monitors, a Building Program Specialist, a Federal Aid Administrator III and the Grants Section Supervisor are responsible for providing technical assistance, completing monitoring and evaluating the operation of the Nebraska WAP Subgrantees as per required in WPN 20-4. NDEE believes that strong internal systems, oversight, training and technical assistance are essential to enable Subgrantees to achieve the objectives of the Nebraska WAP and will ensure quality weatherization work and adequate financial and programmatic management controls. NDEE combines onsite inspections on in-progress units with an extensive training and technical assistance program and administrative, fiscal and technical monitoring to identify areas where more specific training is required to:

- improve work quality,
- improve delivery of program services, and
- to correct Subgrantee administrative and management problems.

TECHNICAL SUPPORT

NEWAP Technical Monitors and the Building Program Specialist are responsible for completing inspections and providing technical assistance activities as part of the Program Monitoring and Compliance Strategy. Technical assistance provided may include but is not limited to:

- staff training,
- policy interpretation,
- State Plan and Field Guide & Installation Standards clarification,
- working with Subgrantees to address deficiencies, and
- training Subgrantees on new and existing weatherization techniques.

Training is essential for staff development and is provided on an ongoing basis to upgrade the quality of service delivered by the WAP Technical Monitors. Each monitor is expected to research and attend training opportunities offered through the Nebraska WAP Training Network, which will enable them to gain additional knowledge and skills in building science principals, weatherization technology, furnace technology, and diagnostic equipment.

All NDEE monitoring including, onsite Quality Control Inspections, onsite In-progress inspections, desktop Energy Audit Reviews, Programmatic and Financial reviews of the NeWAP subgrantees are performed in an impartial and complete manner.

Technical Monitoring activities includes but are not limited to:

- Onsite Inspection of In-progress Units completed by NDEE Technical Monitors that are BPI Certified
 Quality Control Inspectors to provide technical guidance or assistance to Subgrantees and to verify
 compliance with program installation requirements. Some Subgrantees are monitored each month,
 while others are monitored more infrequently depending on production and identified needs to
 address quality and/or health and safety concerns. A minimum of 10 percent of weatherized homes for
 each Subgrantee will be completed with additional inspections completed if recurring inconsistencies
 are experienced.
- Quality Control Inspections on units submitted for reimbursement to NDEE as per Section 3 of WPN 22-4. These inspections will include, but not be limited to diagnostic testing, client file review and energy audit review. Five (5) percent or greater of all completed units will be inspected for each Subgrantee that utilizes a separate Energy Auditor and Quality Control Inspector. Ten (10) percent or greater of all completed units will be inspected for each Subgrantee that utilizes one person to perform both the Energy Auditor and Quality Control Inspections. Twenty (20) percent or greater of all completed units will be inspected for each Subgrantee that uses a Quality Control Inspector who works on no more than two thirds of the jobs. At least one third of the jobs must be inspected by someone who did not work on the job.
- **File Review Monitoring** completed on every weatherized home receiving an In-Progress or Quality Control Inspection.
- **Desktop Energy Audit Reviews** completed on audits submitted with reimbursement requests to ensure the appropriate audit tool is used, input values are appropriate, energy efficiency measures are identified and implemented according to SIR's for appropriate measures.
- February 1, 2018, NDEE implemented a more accountable process for NeWAP Technical Monitoring reporting and follow-up procedures. NDEE Technical Monitors started a process where after they have completed an in-progress monitoring or a QCI monitoring visit, they write-up a report to the Subgrantee identifying any findings, concerns, recommendations, commendations, or best practices, and identify any corrective actions that are required. The report will be reviewed and signed by the NDEE Grant Section Supervisor and sent to the Subgrantee within 30 days of the monitoring visit. The Subgrantee has 30 days to respond and resolve any corrective actions if needed. NDEE will utilize a tracking spreadsheet and use the NDEE online database to ensure all follow-up on Technical Monitoring has been completed in a timely manner.

The NDEE Building Program Specialist also completes a **Desktop Energy Audit Reviews** on weatherized homes. The audits are reviewed to ensure that the appropriate audit tool is used, input values are in accordance with program requirements, energy efficiency measures identified based on SIR's are implemented, etc. Issues and concerns associated with the reviews are discussed in the Quarterly Working Group and any procedural changes are incorporated into the audit process.

Administration/Fiscal Compliance Monitoring is an extremely important aspect of weatherization program management and NDEE believes that a successful monitoring program improves Subgrantee operations, identifies problems early enough for corrective action, promotes quality work and is essential in assisting Subgrantees in fulfilling program objectives.

 The Federal Aid Administrator conducts an Administrative/Fiscal Compliance Monitoring annually with each Subgrantee consisting of both an administrative review and a fiscal review. Prior to monitoring the Federal Aid Administrator will review the Subgrantees required annual audit and previous year's Administration and Fiscal Compliance Monitoring to ensure the Subgrantee has resolved any findings from these audits and monitoring.

The financial review will include:

- 1. A check of the contract files against contract procedures
- 2. Sample journal entries
- 3. Inventory reconciliation
- 4. Cost categories
- 5. Administrative expenses
- The program administration review will include:
 - 1. The outreach support level and client application process
 - 2. Reviewing client files for compliance with all federal and state WAP rules and regulations regarding mandated documentation of: household income, client certification of eligibility, owner/landlord permission for weatherization, rent declaration, fuel release statement, inspection statement, lien/debt statement, a complete Building Check & Job Order form/site-specific audit, complete material cost information, funding source designation, final quality control inspection and client release
 - 3. Client certification and prioritization system
 - 4. Inspection/quality control systems
 - 5. Subcontracting system
 - 6. Review of goals for serving elderly, disabled, and families with Children under 6 years old, highenergy use and high-energy burden
 - 7. Review of procurement systems
- A minimum of 10% of all USDOE unit client files completed in the time period being reviewed during
 the Program Compliance Administrative/Fiscal Monitoring visit will be examined. NDEE staff will review
 Subgrantee management systems to ensure compliance with rules, regulations, and mandated file
 documentation. Material records will be examined and inventory will be inspected to verify the
 adherence to Federal specifications. The financial review will encompass the examination of all
 completed programs not previously reviewed.
- NDEE will issue a report within thirty (30) calendar days to the Weatherization Program Director,
 Agency Executive Director and the Board President detailing the monitoring findings along with
 recommendations for Subgrantee improvement. The Subgrantee is required to respond within thirty
 (30) calendar days with a corrective action plan that includes steps to be taken to address findings
 identified during the onsite monitoring. NDEE Program Monitors and staff will follow-up during onsite
 visits to ensure that the corrective actions are implemented as directed.

Administrative/Fiscal Monitoring Schedule for PY 2024-2025:

- Blue Valley Community Action April 2025
- Central Nebraska Community Action Partnership October 2024
- Northeast Nebraska Community Action Partner November 2024
- Community Action Partnership of Lancaster and Saunders Counties
 February 2025

- Community Action Partnership of Mid Nebraska June 2025
- Northwest Community Action Partnership May 2025
- Southeast Nebraska Community Action Partnership March 2025
- Douglas County
 TBD once provider is determined.

Resolution Strategy

NDEE issues administrative/fiscal compliance monitoring reports to the Subgrantee Weatherization Program Director, Agency Executive Director and the Board President detailing the monitoring findings within thirty (30) calendar days after the monitoring visit along with recommendations for Subgrantee improvement. The Subgrantee is required to respond within thirty (30) calendar days with a corrective action plan that includes steps to be taken to address findings identified during the onsite monitoring. NDEE Administrative and Fiscal Compliance Monitor and staff will follow-up during onsite visits to ensure that the corrective actions are implemented as directed.

HEALTH & SAFETY SUPPORT ACTIVITIES

Quarterly Working Group

Meetings attended by technical staff personnel from each Subgrantee with NDEE staff provide training opportunities to discuss technical and administrative issues, specific problems, innovative solutions, and program direction. Technical Working Group meetings will continue to meet on a quarterly basis in PY2024-2025 and will communicate regularly on an as needed basis through email or by conference call.

Lead Safe Weatherization Training

Lead safe weatherization training, as needed, will be offered through the Nebraska WAP Training Network during the PY 2024-2025. NDEE will continue to ensure that WAP Network staff and crews receive training and ongoing technical assistance regarding Lead-Safe Weatherization work practices through the WAP Training Network and through monthly site visits to observe Lead Safe Weatherization practices of crews and contractors.

Lead Safe Weatherization Site Visits

NDEE Technical Monitors make periodic unannounced site visits to homes that are being weatherized to observe that the required lead-safe work practices are being used by crews and contractors. This is an opportunity to clarify and demonstrate best practices related to lead-safe weatherization.

MONITORING

WHAT PERCENTAGE OF T&TA FUNDING IS ALLOCATED TO MONITORING? (IF DEFINED IN SECTION B OF THE BUDGET DETAILS WITHIN THE ANNUAL APPLICATION, INCLUDE THAT WITHIN YOUR DESCRIPTION BELOW.)

The staff responsible for technical monitoring are listed by their position title and percentage of funds associated with administrative or technical monitoring by each person under this award. (This is not a percentage of all awards, such as LIHEAP and USDOE funding, but based on how it is paid as a percentage when working on monitoring activities related to this award.)

NDEE administrative/fiscal personnel:

- Grant Section Supervisor: 20% administrative/80% T & TA
- Federal Aid Administrator: 20% administrative/80% T & TA

NDEE Technical Monitoring Personnel:

- Building Program Specialist: 20% administrative/80% T & TA
- Two (2) Environmental Specialist II: 20% administrative/80% T & TA

• One (1) Environmental Specialist III: 20% administrative/80% T & TA

NDEE anticipates the following funding allocation percentage for Technical, Programmatic and Fiscal Monitoring activities:

• 20% administrative/80% T & TA

The NDEE Monitoring Strategy includes the following monitoring and program review activities for each Subgrantee:

Nebraska Department of Environment and Energy				
Program Monitoring and Compliance Strategy				
Monitoring/Review Activity	Purpose	Conducted by:	# of Units	Frequency
Onsite Inspection of in-progress units	Provide technical guidance or assistance to Subgrantees on inprogress projects. Includes lead safe monitoring, training, and/or technical	(3) WAP Technical Monitors/Certified Quality Control Inspectors	10% of all units for each Subgrantee	Monthly or every other month as needed to reach targeted percentage of units per Subgrantee.
Onsite badge training and verification	assistance. Incorporate the Nebraska WAP Badges training and verification program into the network and verify trainee certifications in the tracking tool.	(3) WAP Technical Monitors/Certified Quality Control Inspectors and Building Program Specialist	N/A	Monthly or as needed based on Subgrantee field staff new hire dates
Quality Control Inspection	Quality Control Program Inspections including final diagnostic testing, or on-site monitoring of completed units submitted for reimbursement to NDEE. Includes client file review and energy audit review.	(3) WAP Technical Monitors/Certified Quality Control Inspectors	At least 10% of all completed units. 20% of all units for subgrantees that use the option to allow Quality Control Inspectors to work on no more than two thirds of the jobs.	Monthly
On-Site File Review Monitoring	Subgrantee agency office client files	(3) WAP Technical Monitors/Certified Quality Control Inspectors and Federal Aid Administrator	File review for each completed project that receives an onsite inspection and during annual Program Compliance Fiscal Monitoring.	Monthly or every other month to ensure that file review is completed for every unit inspected by a WAP Technical Monitor. Annual during Program Compliance Fiscal Monitoring.

Lead Safe Weatherization	Assure that lead-safe procedures are implemented as required.	(3) WAP Technical Monitors	n/a	At least once per quarter/per sub-grantee and per crew/contractor.
Program Compliance Administrative/ Fiscal Monitoring	Comprehensive review of Subgrantee program administration including a financial review and a systems monitoring.	Federal Aid Administrator	n/a	At least once annually for each Subgrantee.
Desktop Energy Audit Review	Review energy audits submitted with reimbursement requests to ensure the appropriate audit tool is used, input values are appropriate, energy efficiency measures are identified and implemented according to SIR's for appropriate measures.	Building Program Specialist and WAP Technical Monitors/Certified Quality Control Inspectors	10% of all completed units	Sampling from Reimbursement Requests

OTHER, PLEASE SPECIFY

PERFORMANCE AND RISK ASSESSMENT

NDEE Technical monitors complete both In-Progress and QCI monitoring visits followed-up by reports identifying any findings, concerns, questioned costs, missed measures, quality control concerns or Health & Safety violations and require corrective action. These reports are included in a risk assessment that looks at not only the Technical Monitoring but Fiscal and Program Compliance Monitoring(s) as well. Based on the results of these Monitoring's and Risk Assessment, NDEE can designate a subgrantee as Vulnerable or At-Risk and adjust the amount of desktop monitoring, on-site visits and the number of units inspected for each agency. Subgrantees designated as Vulnerable can receive an increased monitoring of 10% until such time as the Agency has corrected its deficiencies. While an At-Risk designation increases the monitoring an additional 10%, again until it has corrected its deficiencies or puts its funding At-Risk. Additional monitoring visits may be required based on the severity and frequency of noncompliance.

In situations where inspectors are found not upholding the high quality of work expectations or are approving work, which is not consistent with the Nebraska's SWS Field Guide, inspectors and subrecipients will be notified in writing. Corrective action plans may be required to be developed and implemented based on the severity and frequency of noncompliance. Increased monitoring percentage and frequency may be required. Concerns will be tracked to resolution. Repeat offenders may be suspended or disqualified from conducting final inspections for the NDEE.

6.0 CLIENT EDUCATION

DESCRIBE WHAT CURRENT AND PLANNED CLIENT EDUCATION MATERIALS AND/OR ACTIVITIES ARE INCLUDED IN THE T&TA BUDGET CATEGORY. ONLY THOSE PAID FOR WITH T&TA FUNDS NEED TO BE MENTIONED.

NOTE: THIS DOES NOT INCLUDE TRAINING WORKERS TO DELIVER CLIENT EDUCATION. THIS SHOULD BE DESCRIBED IN THE TRAINING SECTION, ABOVE.

CLIENT EDUCATION ACTIVITIES PRIOR TO, DURING AND AFTER WEATHERIZATION WHICH ADDRESS THE WEATHERIZATION

PROCESS AND ENERGY SAVINGS DETAILS

The Nebraska WAP approach to client education has been designed to enhance program participants' understanding of home energy efficiency improvements, to increase energy savings, and to contribute to the ongoing effectiveness of installed weatherization measures. Educational materials prepared by NDEE and federal program initiatives are provided to our Subgrantees to provide important client education to each WAP client. Subgrantees will be required to provide (at a minimum) the following client educational materials in verbal and written format:

- Prior to Weatherization
 - Radon Informed Consent/Consent to Perform Work Form WX6
 - Home and Safety Home Screening Questionnaire Form WX7
 - Renovate Right (occupants of all buildings built pre-1978)
 - Lead Hazard Pre-Renovation Form WX3
 - Health and Safety Checklist Form WX8
- During Weatherization
 - Weatherization Deferral Notice Form WX4
 - o A Brief Guide to Mold, Moisture and Your Home
 - Nebraska Mold Assessment and Release Form WX5
 - o EPA's a Citizen's Guide to Radon
 - Combustion Equipment Safety Fact Sheet
- Following Weatherization
 - Nebraska Weatherization Program Even More Dollar and Energy Savings Brochure
 - ASHRAE 62.2 Fact Sheet
 - o Consumer Product Safety Asbestos Fact Sheet

NDEE developed Weatherization Forms and Factsheets are available for download to all Subgrantees and program clients on the NDEE website.

Additionally, during PY 2024-2025 the NeWAP will work and provide assistance, as requested with the National Renewable Energy Laboratory'd (NREL), in the development of client education resources. NeWAP's existing client education resources have been provided to NREL for their review, input, and use (as needed). It is our belief that our use of NeWAP's current resources, used in association with NREL's planned informational and format updates, will help educate NeWAP's clients about energy efficiency that will help them to continue to save valuable energy resources into the future, well beyond the impact being created by the weatherization work.

CLIENT EDUCATION ACTIVITIES REGARDING H&S ISSUES AS INDICATED IN WPN 22-7

- O AIR CONDITIONING AND HEATING SYSTEMS
- ASBESTOS
- BIOLOGICALS AND UNSANITARY CONDITIONS
- BUILDING STRUCTURE AND ROOFING
- CODE COMPLIANCE
- COMBUSTION GASES
- o ELECTRICAL
- o FORMALDEHYDE, VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOCs), FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, AND OTHER AIR POLLUTANTS
- FUEL LEAKS

- Gas Range/Ovens
- HAZARDOUS MATERIALS DISPOSAL
- O INJURY PREVENTION OF OCCUPANTS AND WEATHERIZATION WORKERS
- LEAD BASED PAINT
- O EPA'S LEAD RENOVATION, REPAIR & PAINTING PROGRAM (RRP)MOLD/MOISTURE
- PESTS
- RADON
- SAFETY DEVICES
- VENTILATION AND INDOOR AIR QUALITY
 - AMERICAN SOCIETY OF HEATING REFRIGERATION AND AIR-CONDITIONING ENGINEERS (ASHRAE)
- O WINDOW REPAIR, DOOR REPAIR
- WORKER SAFETY
 - OSHA
- O ADDITIONAL TOPICS AS DESCRIBED IN HEALTH & SAFETY PLAN

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Nebraska WAP Subgrantees provide on-site, electronic and hardcopy educational resources to clients including, but not limited to, the following topics:

Air Conditioning and Heating Systems

- Discuss appropriate use and maintenance of units.
- o Provide all paperwork and manuals for any installed equipment.
- Where combustion equipment is present, provide a copy of the Combustion Equipment Safety FACTSheet describing how to avoid backdrafting.
- When bulk fuel tanks are not removed as part of the weatherization work, discuss and provide information on proper disposal.
- When deferral is necessary information is provided to the client, in writing, describing conditions that must be met in order for weatherization to commence with a copy of this notification placed in the client file.

Asbestos

- o Inform the client in writing if suspected Asbestos Containing Materials (ACMs) are present and what precautions will be taken to ensure the occupants' and workers' safety during weatherization.
- o Instruct client in writing not to disturb suspected ACMs.
- Provide a copy of the Asbestos FACTSheet information to the client.
- When deferral is necessary, provide information in writing describing conditions that must be met in order for weatherization to commence.

Biologicals and Unsanitary Conditions

- o Inform client in writing of observed conditions.
- o Provide information on how to maintain a sanitary home.
- When deferral is necessary, provide information in writing describing conditions that must be met in order for weatherization to commence.

Building Structure and Roofing

- Notify client in writing of structurally compromised areas.
- When deferral is necessary, provide information in writing describing conditions that must be met in order for weatherization to commence.

Code Compliance

- o Inform client in writing of observed code compliance issues when it results in a deferral.
- When deferral is necessary, provide information in writing describing conditions that must be met in order for weatherization to commence.

Combustion Gases

• Provide the client with a copy of the Combustion Equipment Safety FACTSheet with combustion safety and hazards information.

Electrical

• When electrical issues are the cause of a deferral, provide information to client on over-current protection, overloading circuits, and basic electrical safety/risks.

Formaldehyde, Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs), Flammable Liquids, and other Air Pollutants

- Inform client in writing of observed hazardous condition and associated risks.
- o Provide client written materials on safety and proper disposal of household pollutants.
- When deferral is necessary, provide information in writing describing conditions that must be met in order for weatherization to commence.

Fuel Leaks

o Inform client in writing if fuel leaks are detected.

Gas Range/Ovens

- Inform client of the importance of using exhaust ventilation when cooking and the importance of keeping burners clean to limit the production of CO.
- Provide the client with a copy of the Combustion Equipment Safety FACTSheet.
- o Provide client with verbal and written information on the use of the CO detector.

Hazardous Materials Disposal

Inform client in writing of hazards associated with hazardous waste materials being generated/handled in the home.

Injury Prevention of Occupants and Weatherization Workers & Worker Safety

- o Inform client in writing of observed condition/hazard and its associated risks.
- When deferral is necessary, provide information in writing describing conditions that must be met in order for weatherization to commence.

Lead Based Paint and EPA's Lead Renovation, Repair & Painting Program (RRP)Mold/Moisture

- Follow pre-renovation education provisions for RRP.
- When deferral is necessary, provide information in writing describing conditions that must be met in order for weatherization to commence.
- Provide a copy of the Weatherization Deferral Notice completed by the Weatherization
 Representative and signed by the client or building owner.

Pests

- o Inform client in writing of observed condition and associated risks.
- When deferral is necessary, provide information in writing describing conditions that must be met in order for weatherization to commence.

Radon

- Provide all clients EPA's A Citizen's Guide to Radon and inform them of radon related risks.
- Review with all clients the radon informed consent/consent to perform work form. The form must be signed with a copy of the included in the client file prior to receiving weatherization services.

Safety Devices

- Provide the client with verbal and written information on the use of smoke detectors, propane detectors and CO detectors.
- Provide the client with a copy of the Combustion Equipment Safety FACTSheet.

Ventilation and Indoor Air Quality and the American Society of Heating Refrigeration and Air-Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE)

- Provide client with information on function, use, and maintenance (including location of service switch and cleaning instructions) of ventilation system and components.
- Provide client with equipment manuals for installed equipment.
- o Include disclaimer that ASHRAE 62.2 does not account for high polluting sources or guarantee indoor air quality.

- $\circ\quad$ Provide the client with a copy of the ASHRAE 62.2 FACTSheet. Window Repair, Door Repair
- o Provide information on lead risks wherever issues are identified.

PY 2024-2025

Weatherization Readiness Funding Plan

Distribution of Funds

The Department of Environment and Energy (NDEE) will distribute the Weatherization Readiness Funding (WRF) among the states existing Subgrantees utilizing the formula allocation, with a weighted average based on population, used for the Annual Weatherization Funding.

Priority for Service Delivery

Clients will continue to serve clients by date of application submission, by priority, and by county. For deferred homes, the following Priority List shall be considered when prioritizing the delivers of WRF services:

- 1. The number of issues associated with the deferral,
- 2. The number of possible Energy Efficiency Measures impacted by the use of WRF, for example:
 - a. Roof Repairs will allow for the completion of three Attic Insulation ECMs and a Kneewall Insulation Measure,
 - Addressing missing electrical switch places and a missing electrical box cover allows for the completion of Exterior Wall Insulation ECMs, Attic Insulation Measures and Kneewall Insulation Measures,
 - c. Completing water leak repairs from the plumbing system or from drainage issues results in the completion of a Foundation Insulation ECM, a Sillbox Insulation and a Floor Insulation,
 3) The estimated cost associated with correcting the deferral issue and the extent of damage (i.e. limited termite damage, small leaks, percentages of missing siding or trim),
- 3. The time elapsed since the deferral, and
- 4. The date of construction of the home, older homes (constructed before 2000) should be given higher priority.

Average Cost per Unit (WRF ACPU)

The NeWAP WRF Average Cost per Unit (WRF ACPU) is \$15,000.00. Units that exceed the \$5,000 limit must receive preapproval from the NDEE prior to implementation of WRF implementation.

Funding Restrictions and/or Limitations

In PY 2024, the use of Weatherization Readiness Funding (WRF):

- Is only available for use on Only Owner-Occupied Homes
- Is limited for Cleanup or Remediation purposes; including but not limited to Lead paint,
 Asbestos (confirmed or suspected, including vermiculite), mold and/or moisture, etc.
 Subgrantees that plan to install drywall and/or joint tape/finish, utilizing WRF, must be reviewed
 and approved by NDEE on a case-by-case basis, prior to implementation.
- Is limited for the installation of missing drywall and joint tape/finish and is only allowed when it
 directly impacts the implementation of an ECM and to ensure accurate blower door testing on
 the unit can be completed. Subgrantees that plan to install drywall and/or joint tape/finish,
 utilizing WRF, must be reviewed and approved by NDEE on a case-by-case basis, prior to
 implementation.

Subgrantee Monitoring

Each subgrantee is required to perform a Final Inspection on work performed with WRF funding to ensure that the completed work is satisfactory, allows for the completion of weatherization work and

meets state, local and agency code and contractual requirements. Documentation is required to be kept in each client file as evidence that a final inspection has been performed.

Grantee Monitoring

NDEE monitors will complete inspections of Subgrantee submitted WRF units as part of the onsite inprogress and Quality Control Inspections discussed and quantified in the Nebraska Department of Environment and Energy Program Monitoring and Compliance Strategy (table) in Section 5.0 – Technical Assistance of this PY 2024-2025 Annual Plan.

Subgrantee Tracking

Subgrantees will continue to work with the NDEE to develop a Deferral Tracking system, as part of the NDEE database system, which will 1) provide a consistent tracking across the NeWAP system, 2) be used in the development of the Avoided Deferrals Summary of the Monitoring and Leveraging Report discussed below and 3) will provide Subgrantee and Grantee managers with data that will be used in program development for possible future funding opportunities.

Grantee Tracking

NDEE will track use the NDEE database system to track and provide, as part of the Monitoring and Leveraging Report, an Avoided Deferrals Summary of all units in PY 2024-2025 that utilize the WRF. The Summary will include the number of dwelling units made weatherization ready with these funds and for each building or unit the following information will be provided:

- Year of construction,
- Housing Type (site-built single family, manufactured housing),
- Nature of repairs needed which prohibit weatherization (where applicable, identify multiple repairs or remediation reasons for a single building). Including but not limited to:
 - o Roof repair/replacement
 - Wall repair (interior or exterior)
 - Ceiling repair
 - Floor repair
 - Foundation or subspace repair
 - Exterior drainage repairs (e.g., landscaping or gutters)
 - Plumbing repairs
 - Electrical repair
 - o DOE WRF expenditure per unit and building; and,
 - Leveraged fund expenditure per unit and building (i.e., funds such as LIHEAP, HUD, nonfederal, etc. braided with DOE WRF to make building weatherization ready)

Weatherization Grantee Health and Safety (H&S) Plan- Optional Template

State of Nebraska Weatherization Assistance Program

1.0 - GENERAL INFORMATION

Additional information that does not fit neatly in one of the other sections of this document.

The average per dwelling expenditure of financial assistance provided under WAP for labor, weatherization materials, and related matters may not exceed \$8,497 statewide in PY 2024-2025 WAP Program. As per the U.S. Department of Energy's Weatherization Program Notice 24-1. Historically, Nebraska has not limited H&S investment to a per-unit cost, but it has allocated between 20-23 percent of its annual allocations to cover H&S related expenditures. A per dwelling unit limit for Health and Safety expenditures of \$1,800 has been established, based on historical data. Units may exceed the \$1,800 limit if approved in advance by the Nebraska Department of Environment and Energy (NDEE) on a case-by-case basis.

- 1. Please see the USDOE approved Nebraska Weatherization Field Guide and Installation Standards, Chapter 2 for Nebraska's WAP Health and Safety requirements for Single Family, Small Multi-Family and Manufactured Homes. (Links to be posted on the Nebraska Department of Environment and Energy website http://dee.ne.gov/Publica.nsf/pages/22-045
- 2. Subgrantees requesting approval to exceed any Health & Safety limits need to submit the correct NeWAP Health & Safety request form, written request and bidding documentation to the NDEE weatherization technical staff for review and approval prior to implementation.

2.0 - BUDGETING

Grantees are encouraged to budget H&S costs as a separate category and, thereby, exclude such costs from the Average Cost Per Unit (ACPU) cost limitation. This separate category also allows these costs to be isolated from energy efficiency costs in program evaluations. H&S costs that are budgeted and reported under the Program Operations category rather than the H&S category, the related H&S costs must be included in the calculation of the ACPU and cost-justified through the Grantee's Department of Energy (DOF)-approved energy gudit tool.

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Select which option used below.		
Separate H&S Budget ☑	Contained in Program Operations	

3.0 - H&S EXPENDITURE LIMITS

Pursuant to 10 CFR 440.16(h), Grantees must establish H&S expenditure limits for their Program and provide justification for those limits by explaining the basis and related historical H&S expenditures. DOE acknowledges that it may be necessary for Grantees to deviate from historical expenditures when certain circumstances arise (e.g., funding source changes).

10 CFR 440.16(h)(2) dictates that these limits must be expressed as a percentage of the ACPU. To calculate this percentage, use the following formula:

 $\textit{Total Average H\&S Cost per Unit} = \frac{\textit{H\&S budget amount}}{\textit{Program Operations budget amount}}$

For example, if the ACPU is \$5,000 and a Grantee's Program expends an average of \$750 per dwelling on energy-related H&S measures, the Total Average H&S Cost per Unit would equal 15 percent. DOE acknowledges that this percentage may vary

TRAINING AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE (T&TA) PLAN TEMPLATE

1.0 — GENERAL INFORMATION

COMMENTS THAT DO NOT GENERALLY FIT INTO THE AVAILABLE TABLES BELOW

ENTER ADDITIONAL H&S INFORMATION HERE

 Not all training outlined will be paid with DOE funds. We will be using LIHEAP funding to cover some of the training costs.

2.0 - OVERALL T&TA PLAN

YOUR OVERALL T&TA PLAN MUST INCORPORATE SUGGESTIONS AND FEEDBACK THE FOLLOWING ELEMENTS.

FEEDBACK FROM INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL REVIEWS, EXAMPLES INCLUDE:

- FEEDBACK FROM DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY (DOE) PROJECT OFFICER (PO) MONITORING VISITS
- INTERNAL STATE AUDITS
- GRANTEE MONITORING OF THE SUBGRANTEES
- Office of Inspector General (OIG) Reports
- AMERICAN CUSTOMER SATISFACTION INDEX FEEDBACK, AND
- OTHER. EXAMPLES INCLUDE:
 - TRAINING FEEDBACK
 - TRAINING RETENTION ACTIVITIES
- The NeWAP Network strives to provide our clients with work that meets the most progressive industry standards and technologies. Meeting this goal requires that everyone within the network work to provide staff with the best training options and formats available. Those training formats and options that meet the requirements of the various job types/descriptions within the network including, but are not limited to:
 - o Federal and regional training workshops and conferences,
 - Job specific on-line trainings,
 - NeWAP Quarterly Working Group meetings/trainings that cover:
 - Programmatic, auditing and technical changes,
 - issues or concerns being noted through in-field monitoring and/or Energy Audit Reviews
 - issues or concerns being noted as part of the annual energy consumption evaluation, and
 - changes, updates or concerns associated with the NeWAP database system.
 - In-field trainings incorporated into the In-Progress Monitoring completed by the WAP Technical Monitors
- NDEE incorporates the following suggestions and feedback when developing the statewide T&TA Plan:
 - Grant requirements
 - o Feedback from Department of Energy (DOE) Project Officers (PO) and monitoring reports
 - o Grantee Technical, Programmatic & Fiscal Monitoring Reports of the Subrecipients
 - Subrecipient submitted questions and training requests
 - Quarterly Weatherization Working Group Meetings
 - Subrecipient feedback
 - American Customer Satisfaction Index survey feedback
 - Public Comment received during the Public Comment period for the DOE State Plan
 - WAP Policy Advisory Council (PAC) feedback

EXISTING OR PLANNED ACCREDITED TRAINING CENTER PARTNERSHIP OR WORKING RELATIONSHIP.

At this time, the Nebraska WAP (NeWAP) network has a BPI Certified Quality Control Inspector on staff at all Subgrantee agencies. Additionally, the majority of Subgrantees have an experienced Energy Auditor on staff, a number of which are BPI Certified or in the process of earning their certification. The relatively low demand for additional Energy Auditor and/or Quality Control Inspector training in Nebraska makes it more cost-effective for the NeWAP to outsource this training and testing to IREC Accredited Programs with BPI Energy Auditor/QCI Certified trainers, testers and facilities to receive quality training. Historically NeWAP BPI certified staff have met these Comprehensive Training requirements through Santa Fe Community College, the Energy and Environmental Training Center of Kansas City, the Montana Weatherization Training Center or Indiana Community Action Association and those working relationships will continue.

PREPARATIONS FOR FUTURE/UPCOMING PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS, EXAMPLES INCLUDE:

- UPDATED STANDARD WORK SPECIFICATIONS (SWS)
- MIGRATION TO ONLINE WEATHERIZATION ASSISTANT
- Inclusion of specific language from Weatherization Program Notices (WPN)
 - The Nebraska WAP Retrofitting Nebraska Installation Standards for Single Family and Manufactured Housing Field Guide was submitted to DOE for review and approved and the NeWAP received an Updated Approval of the State of Nebraska Energy Audit Procedures for Site-Built Single Family, Manufactured Housing, and Small Multi-Family for the Weatherization Assistance Program with an Effective Date of 6/2/2021 and an Expiration Date of 6/2/2026. Nebraska Grantee staff provided all subgrantees with electronic copies of the approved Field Guide and Installations and the updated NeWAP Policies and Procedures in a Quarterly Working Group meeting.
 - To date grantee technical staff participated in the online Train-the-Trainer event provided by Oakridge National Laboratory (ORNL), made state-specific training modifications and completed NeWAP set-up, supply and fuel cost libraries, worked with Sub-Grantee Weatherization Managers to establish Agency specific staff designations and audit access options and provided in-house training of all NeWAP energy auditing and administrative staff. Grantee technical staff continues to work with subgrantee and ORNL staff based on the following timelines and dates:

Training/Wav10 Event	Description	Scheduled Date
Train-the-Trainer event	NDEE Technical Staff attended the training	March 8, 2023 -
provided by ORNL	to learn the options for starting the	Completed
	transition	
NDEE Technical Staff working	NDEE technical staff to make state-specific	April - July 1, 2024 -
with Sub-Grantee	training modifications and complete	Continuing
Weatherization Managers	NeWAP specific set-up, supply and fuel	
	cost libraries	
Documentation Submittal	Submit set-up libraries, supply libraries	Working with ORNL
	and fuel cost libraries to DOE for review	on "sharing" options.
	and approval	DOE submission
		planned for March 1,
		2024
Add Agency Administrator Staff	Work with Sub-Grantee Weatherization	July 2023 - Completed
into Nebraska Specific WAv10	Managers to establish Agency specific	
website	staff designations and audit access options	
Hands-on training of NeWAP	In-house training of all NeWAP energy	January 23 & 24, 2024
Subgrantee Energy Auditor and	auditing and administrative staff	- Completed

Administrative Staff		
Hands-on trainings	For new network hires	February & March
		2024
Final NeWAP Technical Staff	In conjunction with the NeWAP Quarterly	March 2024
conversion meeting/update	Working Group Meeting.	
Work with ORNL to begin data	Statewide WA web-based site available for	April 1, 2024
conversion and aggregation	use (wa-xx.ornl.gov)	
Determine if NeWAP Policy	NDEE Technical Staff will complete and	March thru June 2024
Changes are required	review sub-grantee audits and determine	
	whether fuel-switching or other audit	
	options will require NeWAP Policy	
	Changes	
Wav8.9 to Wav10 Transition	Agencies will begin running Energy Audits	February thru March
	in both Wav8.9 and Wav10 until NDEE	2024
	and/or ORNL believes the sub-grantee	
	staff is prepared for full web-based	
	conversion.	
Final Transition Day	The network is completely transitioned to	May 1, 2024
	Wav10	

All Weatherization Program Notices are provided to the Subgrantee's Weatherization Program Managers for the appropriate dissemination among their staff. WPN information requiring specific language or field work changes will be distributed to all Subgrantee management through monthly Subgrantee virtual meetings. Information will also be provided to technical staff in Quarterly Working Group meetings or if needed in **Specific** "hands-on" trainings throughout the program year.

WHAT PROTOCOLS ARE IN PLACE WHICH ENSURE UNTRAINED STAFF ARE NOT LEFT WITHOUT SUPERVISIONS DURING FIELD OPERATIONS?

The Nebraska WAP requires Grantee, Subgrantee or sub-contracted staff, paid with weatherization funds, be supervised for all work activities until all appropriate training is completed and/or certification requirements are met. No untrained, unsupervised field staff are allowed on-site to perform weatherization activities. Below are the training/certifications requirements for completing on-site work without direct supervision:

- Energy Auditor/QCI Staff:
 - Each Subgrantee to have on staff at least one BPI Energy Auditor (EA)/Certified Quality Control Inspector (QCI) or contract inspections with an individual(s) with the required EA/QCI Certifications. Subgrantees replacing or hiring new EA/QCI staff must be certified or have the knowledge, skills and abilities to meet the Job Task Analysis (JTA) requirements and to secure their certification within six months of their hire date.

Field Staff:

- All existing field staff must have been trained, or in the case of new hires be trained, in the
 appropriate training covering their appropriate JTA, as developed by Everblue in conjunction
 with BPI, through the NeWAP Badges Program or an IREC certified facility (on-line or in-person).
- Replacement or new hires must receive their training within six months of their hire date and be supervised by trained and/or certified staff until such time that skills are satisfactorily demonstrated, and any required certifications are received.
- All existing technical and field staff must be RRP Certified. Subgrantees replacing or hiring new technical, or field chief staff must be certified or have the knowledge, skills and abilities to secure their certification within six months of their hire date or be supervised by RRP trained/certified staff until such time certification is received.
- Training will be made available to all field staff as per Section 4.0.

PARTNERSHIPS WITH THE STATEWIDE HOME PERFORMANCE INDUSTRY ON TRAINING ISSUES; IF APPLICABLE.

The NDEE Training and Technical Assistance plan reflects the current DOE Energy Auditor/Quality Control Inspector Weatherization Assistance Program initiatives while looking forward to implementing future program requirements that will allow Nebraska's WAP network to meet all of the BPI Home Energy Professional Certifications. During PY2024-2025 and beyond, the Nebraska WAP will make all training opportunities available, for a fee that covers the cost of the training, to individuals, organizations and other interested parties that are not members of the Nebraska WAP Network.

HOW DOES ANALYSIS CONDUCTED, AS DETAILED IN SECTION V.6 OF THE ANNUAL APPLICATION, INFLUENCE THE DEVELOPMENT OF T&TA ACTIVITIES AND PRIORITIES?

- Program technical monitoring activities (in-progress and QCI) provide NDEE Monitors the opportunity
 to note and document specific Subgrantee, crew or contractors' inconsistencies or concerns and allows
 them to provide/schedule on-site or Specific trainings to help alleviate any deficiencies. Examples of
 these types of past training opportunities include sidewall core density testing, CAZ testing (on-site and
 in group format) with newer, less experienced field staff, and on-site blower door testing with
 crews/contractors that have provided dubious testing results.
- The results of the Nebraska WAP Annual Consumption Evaluations are provided to all program Subgrantees during one of the program's Quarterly Working Group (QWG) meetings. The individual Subgrantee, as well as the state-wide, results are discussed with technical staff to evaluate "trends" being experienced by specific Subgrantees or within the program as a whole. Following the QWG meeting each agency is provided with each of their reviewed client charts, that shows the energy use impact of the weatherization services on their home. Subgrantee's review the client file associated with the chart(s) provided to help to educate their crews and/or contractors regarding the impact of the completed work and to address non-beneficial trends that they may be experiencing. The results of the Nebraska WAP Annual Consumption Evaluation are used by NDEE to develop training options or focus on missed energy-efficiency opportunities within the network to ensure upward savings trends. (i.e. providing trainings/information regarding ASHRAE 62.2 calculations and adding Refrigerator Replacement as an additional electric savings ECM when the percentage of state-wide electric savings was reduced in conjunction with the full program implementation of ASHRAE 62.2).

3.0 — WORKFORCE CREDENTIALS

DESCRIBE THE FOLLOWING ASPECTS OF YOUR T&TA PLAN RELATED TO WORKFORCE CREDENTIALS.

FEDERALLY REQUIRED CREDENTIALS. EXAMPLES INCLUDE:

- Environmental Protection Agency Lead Renovation, Repair, and Painting Program
- Home Energy Professionals Quality Control Inspector Certification
- The Nebraska WAP requires:
 - Each Subgrantee to have on staff at least one BPI Certified Quality Control Inspector or to contract inspections with an individual(s) with the required QCI Certifications.
 - All existing Subgrantee technical, field staff and, contractors to be RRP Certified.

 All Subgrantee technical and field staff to be trained in the appropriate training covering the Home Energy Professional Certifications, as developed by BPI, that most closely represents their job duties.

GRANTEE/STATE REQUIRED CREDENTIALS. EXAMPLES INCLUDE:

- Building Performance Institute Building Analyst
- GRANTEE-DEVELOPED CERTIFICATIONS

The Nebraska WAP has no additional national or Grantee-developed credentialing requirements.

SUBGRANTEE/LOCAL REQUIRED CREDENTIALS. EXAMPLES INCLUDE:

CONTRACTOR LICENSING

The State of Nebraska currently does not require state-wide or local jurisdictional licensing of contractors, excluding electricians, but numerous local jurisdictions do have local licensing requirements for specific construction trades that are involved in implementing weatherization work. NeWAP Policies and Procedures require subgrantees to develop and maintain a separate contractor file for each contractor that includes a checklist(s) of all required documentation to assist in NDEE and/or federal monitoring reporting. Required documentation includes, but is not limited to: General Liability Insurance, Proof of Worker's Compensation Insurance or documentation of Sole Proprietorship with no employees, current signed contract, Current Contractor's Registration with the State of Nebraska, Current Electrical, Plumbing and Mechanical Licenses (as applicable) Proof of being a Lead Renovator Firm and Proof of Completing Lead Renovator Training.

INDUSTRY REQUIRED CREDENTIALS. EXAMPLES INCLUDE:

- EQUIPMENT/MATERIAL MANUFACTURE CERTIFICATION
- VENDOR CERTIFICATION

(e.g. EQUIPMENT/MATERIAL MANUFACTURE CERTIFICATION, VENDOR CERTIFICATION)

The Nebraska WAP has no additional equipment, vendor, or manufacturer credentialing requirements.

PROCESS FOR MAINTAINING WORKFORCE CREDENTIALS

The Nebraska WAP incorporates the following into the NeWAP *Policies and Procedures Manual* to help ensure and/or maintain Subgrantee staff workforce credentials:

- Subgrantees replacing or hiring new QCI staff must be certified or have the knowledge, skills and abilities to meet the JTA requirements and to secure their certification within six months of their hire date.
- When subgrantees replace or hire new field staff they must be trained in the appropriate JTA, as developed by BPI, through an IREC facility (on-line or in-person) within six months of their hire date.
- Subgrantees technical staff replacement or new hires must receive training, in the Home Energy Professional Certifications, as developed by BPI, that most closely represents their job duties within six months of their hire date.

HOW CREDENTIALS ARE TRACKED

- NDEE tracks all attendees of trainings that have been provided through the Nebraska WAP network since 2010 and to track all Nebraska WAP network staff member trainings (per Subgrantee) who have completed additional virtual trainings or have received BPI QCI and EA Certifications.
- NDEE communicates in Quarterly Working Group meetings with Subgrantees regarding their staff
 training needs and possible new hire training requirements and will also collect individual Subgrantee
 training information requiring specific language or field work changes will be distributed to all
 Subgrantee management through monthly Subgrantee virtual progress and update meetings.
- NDEE staff will continue to update the training and certification spreadsheets and make modifications

that will assist in tracking initial certifications, training, certification maintenance and continuing education requirements.

4.0 - TRAINING

GRANTEES HAVE TWO OPTIONS TO DESCRIBE THEIR TRAINING.

- A) Use the embedded spreadsheet* to Identify and describe the training schedule for <u>Grantee and Subgrantee</u> staff. Include technical and non-technical training.
- B) OR Use the fields below to identify and describe the training schedule for Grantee and Subgrantee staff. Include technical and non-technical training.

GRANTEE'S ARE TO INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING IN THEIR DESCRIPTIONS REGARDLESS OF WHAT OPTION IS BEING USED TO DESCRIBE THEIR TRAINING PLAN:

- SPECIFY WHETHER ATTENDANCE IS MANDATORY, AND THE RAMIFICATIONS FOR NON-COMPLIANCE.
- SPECIFY IF THE T&TA PLAN SPANS MULTIPLE PROGRAM YEARS (PY), INDICATE WHICH TRAININGS ARE INTENDED IN THE CURRENT PY AND WHICH ARE PLANNED FOR FUTURE PYS.
- * THE EMBEDDED SPREADSHEET, IF COMPLETED AT THE END OF THE YEAR TO RECORD DELIVERED TRAINING, CAN BE USED AS DOCUMENTATION FOR THE REQUIRED ANNUAL T&TA REPORT. DOUBLE CLICK TO OPEN SPREADSHEET. ENTER INFORMATION AND CLOSE. IT WILL AUTOMATICALLY SAVE YOUR INFORMATION



TTA Planning and Reporting Template F

PROGRAMMATIC/ADMINISTRATION TRAINING

- FINANCIAL (I.E. 2 CFR 200)
- MANAGEMENT (I.E. 10 CFR 440)
- Meeting NeWAP production and quality goals requires everyone within the network work to provide staff with the best training options and formats available. Those training formats and options that meet the requirements of program management and fiscal job types/descriptions within the network including, but are not limited to:
 - Federal and regional training workshops and conferences regarding the requirements associated with 2 CFR 200 and 10 CFR 440,
 - NeWAP Quarterly Working Group (QWG) meetings/trainings that cover programmatic updated regarding Weatherization,
- Subgrantees who have attended relevant conferences will be asked to provide a brief description of relevant issues at the QWG following the conference,
- Issues, changes, updates or concerns associated with the NeWAP database system and information submittal is address as part of the annual Fiscal Monitoring

COMPREHENSIVE TECHNICAL TRAINING ALIGNED TO THE JOB TASK ANALYSIS (IDENTIFY AT WHAT INTERVALS WORKERS WILL RECEIVE REGULAR, COMPREHENSIVE TRAINING AS REQUIRED BY WEATHERIZATION PROGRAM NOTICE (WPN) 15-4)

- QUALITY CONTROL INSPECTOR
- ENERGY AUDITOR
- CREW LEAD
- RETROFIT INSTALLER/TECHNICIAN

The Nebraska WAP is committed to increasing the network's expertise and numerous program technical training opportunities and hands-on training opportunities have been conducted with the goal to maximize energy savings, minimize production costs, improve quality of work, and foster management expertise.

Energy Auditor/Quality Control Inspectors:

As a result of this commitment, each Subgrantee in the Nebraska WAP network has on staff at least one BPI Certified Energy Auditor (EA)/ Quality Control Inspector (QCI) with the required EA/QCI Certifications, and the majority of have an experienced Energy Auditor (BPI Certified) on staff. Any additional required Energy Auditor/Quality Control Inspector trainings will be outsourced to facilities where the network can receive quality training by an IREC Accredited Program with BPI Certified Trainers and Testers where Certification in these areas can be provided. The low demand for the Energy Auditor and Quality Control Inspector training in Nebraska makes it more feasible to outsource these training at random intervals, as needed, at this time.

Installer and Crew Chief Field Staff:

NDEE has also contracted with Everblue to provide access to the NeWAP Network to their LMS: Moodle Learning Management System (LMS) Hosting and Technical Support Annual aka *Weatherization Badge Program*. Which includes access to 25 Badges and associated micro badges, individual progress tracking reports. Everblue directly links the LMS system to the Nebraska Weatherization NeWAP Field Guide Installation Standards with appropriate NDEE Logos. All subgrantee field staff will be required to complete appropriate badge training/certification and their individual progress will be tracked and monitored within the system.

Subgrantees are also encouraged to include eligible field staff in weatherization industry conferences, trainings and workshops to help to ensure that the Nebraska Network operates to meet the most progressive industry standards and technologies.

SPECIFIC TECHNICAL TRAINING

- TOPICS IDENTIFIED DURING MONITORING VISIT(S)
- ENERGY MODELING
- HEALTH & SAFETY. ALL H&S TOPICS IN WPN 22-7 REQUIRE SOME LEVEL OF TRAINING FOR ALL AFFECTED WORKERS,
 THE FREQUENCY OF THIS TRAINING IS A GRANTEE DECISION. EXAMPLES INCLUDE:
 - AIR CONDITIONING AND HEATING SYSTEMS
 - ASBESTOS
 - BIOLOGICALS AND UNSANITARY CONDITIONS
 - BUILDING STRUCTURE AND ROOFING
 - O CODE COMPLIANCE
 - COMBUSTION GASES
 - ELECTRICAL
 - FORMALDEHYDE, VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOCs), FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, AND OTHER AIR POLLUTANTS

- FUEL LEAKS
- GAS RANGE/OVENS
- HAZARDOUS MATERIALS DISPOSAL
- Injury Prevention of Occupants and Weatherization Workers
- LEAD BASED PAINT
- O EPA'S LEAD RENOVATION, REPAIR & PAINTING PROGRAM (RRP)MOLD/MOISTURE
- PESTS
- RADON
- SAFETY DEVICES
- VENTILATION AND INDOOR AIR QUALITY
 - AMERICAN SOCIETY OF HEATING REFRIGERATION AND AIR-CONDITIONING ENGINEERS (ASHRAE)
- O WINDOW REPAIR, DOOR REPAIR
- WORKER SAFETY
 - OSHA
- Additional topics as described in Health & Safety Plan
- CLIENT EDUCATION (TRAINING WORKERS TO CONDUCT CLIENT EDUCATION). EXAMPLES INCLUDE:
 - ENERGY SAVINGS STRATEGIES
 - PROGRAM-SPECIFIC INFORMATION. EXAMPLES INCLUDE:
 - WHAT TO EXPECT
 - ADDITIONAL RESOURCES
 - HEALTH & SAFETY ISSUES

Subgrantee technical staff:

Subgrantee technical staff: Specific Training will be delivered to the network state-wide based on the specific training type and the facility needs. Specific Trainings, required based on job designation, will be scheduled at random intervals as needed and may include, but not be limited to, the following:

Anticipated Specific Trainings	Staff Required	Training Requirement
Lead Safe Weatherization – RRP Certification	All Field Staff	Mandatory
Mobile Home Weatherization and Duct Pressures	All Field Staff	Voluntary
CAZ Testing	EA/QCI/Crew Chief	Mandatory
ASHRAE 62.2 Updates and Requirements	EA/QCI	Mandatory
NEAT/MHEA Web-based Trainings	EA/QCI	Mandatory
Blower Door Guided Air Sealing	All Field Staff	Voluntary
Installing and Testing Dense Pack Insulation	All Field Staff	Voluntary
Quarterly Technical Working Groups	Technical & Programmatic Staff	Mandatory
HVAC Inspections and Testing	EA/QCI	Voluntary
Badge Training Program	All Field Staff	Mandatory
BPI Energy Auditor & QCI Trainings & Certifications	EA/QCI	Mandatory

In the case of both Comprehensive and Specific Training, opportunities will be available for a fee, to cover the cost of training, to individuals and organizations that are not members of the Nebraska WAP Network.

Additionally, specific training needs will be addressed as identified during inspections and monitoring completed by NDEE Technical Monitors, the Building Program Specialist, Federal Aid Administrator, NDEE Grant Section Supervisor and USDOE Project Officers.

CONFERENCES. EXAMPLES INCLUDE:

- ENERGY OUTWEST
- BUILDING PERFORMANCE ASSOCIATION
- NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR STATE AND COMMUNITY SERVICE PROVIDERS
- COMMUNITY ACTION PARTNERSHIP

NDEE Technical Monitors, Building Program Specialist and Subgrantee Technical Staff will attend (as needed) weatherization industry conferences, trainings, and workshops to ensure that the Nebraska Network operates to meet the most progressive industry standards and technologies and to meet EA/QCI re-certification CEU requirements. Information provided as part of those trainings will be shared with all members of the Nebraska WAP through various training activities, Quarterly Working Group meetings and onsite inspections.

NDEE and Subgrantee management and fiscal staff will attend industry related conferences, trainings, workshops, and grant management webinars to increase their knowledge, skills and abilities in grant administration. Examples would be continued participation in training and webinars that address grant administration, such as the NASCSP Annual Conference and the Energy Out West Conference.

OTHER, PLEASE SPECIFY:

DESCRIBE OTHER TRAINING ACTIVITIES HERE

5.0 — TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE

DESCRIBE THE TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE ACTIVITIES INCLUDED IN THE T&TA BUDGET CATEGORY.

PROGRAMMATIC/ADMINISTRATION SUPPORT

Technical Monitors, a Building Program Specialist, a Federal Aid Administrator III and the Grants Section Supervisor are responsible for providing technical assistance, completing monitoring and evaluating the operation of the Nebraska WAP Subgrantees as per required in WPN 20-4. NDEE believes that strong internal systems, oversight, training and technical assistance are essential to enable Subgrantees to achieve the objectives of the Nebraska WAP and will ensure quality weatherization work and adequate financial and programmatic management controls. NDEE combines onsite inspections on in-progress units with an extensive training and technical assistance program and administrative, fiscal and technical monitoring to identify areas where more specific training is required to:

- improve work quality,
- improve delivery of program services, and
- to correct Subgrantee administrative and management problems.

TECHNICAL SUPPORT

NEWAP Technical Monitors and the Building Program Specialist are responsible for completing inspections and providing technical assistance activities as part of the Program Monitoring and Compliance Strategy. Technical assistance provided may include but is not limited to:

- staff training,
- policy interpretation,
- State Plan and Field Guide & Installation Standards clarification,
- working with Subgrantees to address deficiencies, and
- training Subgrantees on new and existing weatherization techniques.

Training is essential for staff development and is provided on an ongoing basis to upgrade the quality of service delivered by the WAP Technical Monitors. Each monitor is expected to research and attend training opportunities offered through the Nebraska WAP Training Network, which will enable them to gain additional knowledge and skills in building science principals, weatherization technology, furnace technology, and diagnostic equipment.

All NDEE monitoring including, onsite Quality Control Inspections, onsite In-progress inspections, desktop Energy Audit Reviews, Programmatic and Financial reviews of the NeWAP subgrantees are performed in an impartial and complete manner.

Technical Monitoring activities includes but are not limited to:

- Onsite Inspection of In-progress Units completed by NDEE Technical Monitors that are BPI Certified
 Quality Control Inspectors to provide technical guidance or assistance to Subgrantees and to verify
 compliance with program installation requirements. Some Subgrantees are monitored each month,
 while others are monitored more infrequently depending on production and identified needs to
 address quality and/or health and safety concerns. A minimum of 10 percent of weatherized homes for
 each Subgrantee will be completed with additional inspections completed if recurring inconsistencies
 are experienced.
- Quality Control Inspections on units submitted for reimbursement to NDEE as per Section 3 of WPN 22-4. These inspections will include, but not be limited to diagnostic testing, client file review and energy audit review. Five (5) percent or greater of all completed units will be inspected for each Subgrantee that utilizes a separate Energy Auditor and Quality Control Inspector. Ten (10) percent or greater of all completed units will be inspected for each Subgrantee that utilizes one person to perform both the Energy Auditor and Quality Control Inspections. Twenty (20) percent or greater of all completed units will be inspected for each Subgrantee that uses a Quality Control Inspector who works on no more than two thirds of the jobs. At least one third of the jobs must be inspected by someone who did not work on the job.
- **File Review Monitoring** completed on every weatherized home receiving an In-Progress or Quality Control Inspection.
- **Desktop Energy Audit Reviews** completed on audits submitted with reimbursement requests to ensure the appropriate audit tool is used, input values are appropriate, energy efficiency measures are identified and implemented according to SIR's for appropriate measures.
- February 1, 2018, NDEE implemented a more accountable process for NeWAP Technical Monitoring reporting and follow-up procedures. NDEE Technical Monitors started a process where after they have completed an in-progress monitoring or a QCI monitoring visit, they write-up a report to the Subgrantee identifying any findings, concerns, recommendations, commendations, or best practices, and identify any corrective actions that are required. The report will be reviewed and signed by the NDEE Grant Section Supervisor and sent to the Subgrantee within 30 days of the monitoring visit. The Subgrantee has 30 days to respond and resolve any corrective actions if needed. NDEE will utilize a tracking spreadsheet and use the NDEE online database to ensure all follow-up on Technical Monitoring has been completed in a timely manner.

The NDEE Building Program Specialist also completes a **Desktop Energy Audit Reviews** on weatherized homes. The audits are reviewed to ensure that the appropriate audit tool is used, input values are in accordance with program requirements, energy efficiency measures identified based on SIR's are implemented, etc. Issues and concerns associated with the reviews are discussed in the Quarterly Working Group and any procedural changes are incorporated into the audit process.

Administration/Fiscal Compliance Monitoring is an extremely important aspect of weatherization program management and NDEE believes that a successful monitoring program improves Subgrantee operations, identifies problems early enough for corrective action, promotes quality work and is essential in assisting Subgrantees in fulfilling program objectives.

 The Federal Aid Administrator conducts an Administrative/Fiscal Compliance Monitoring annually with each Subgrantee consisting of both an administrative review and a fiscal review. Prior to monitoring the Federal Aid Administrator will review the Subgrantees required annual audit and previous year's Administration and Fiscal Compliance Monitoring to ensure the Subgrantee has resolved any findings from these audits and monitoring.

The financial review will include:

- 1. A check of the contract files against contract procedures
- 2. Sample journal entries
- 3. Inventory reconciliation
- 4. Cost categories
- 5. Administrative expenses
- The program administration review will include:
 - 1. The outreach support level and client application process
 - 2. Reviewing client files for compliance with all federal and state WAP rules and regulations regarding mandated documentation of: household income, client certification of eligibility, owner/landlord permission for weatherization, rent declaration, fuel release statement, inspection statement, lien/debt statement, a complete Building Check & Job Order form/site-specific audit, complete material cost information, funding source designation, final quality control inspection and client release
 - 3. Client certification and prioritization system
 - 4. Inspection/quality control systems
 - 5. Subcontracting system
 - 6. Review of goals for serving elderly, disabled, and families with Children under 6 years old, highenergy use and high-energy burden
 - 7. Review of procurement systems
- A minimum of 10% of all USDOE unit client files completed in the time period being reviewed during
 the Program Compliance Administrative/Fiscal Monitoring visit will be examined. NDEE staff will review
 Subgrantee management systems to ensure compliance with rules, regulations, and mandated file
 documentation. Material records will be examined and inventory will be inspected to verify the
 adherence to Federal specifications. The financial review will encompass the examination of all
 completed programs not previously reviewed.
- NDEE will issue a report within thirty (30) calendar days to the Weatherization Program Director,
 Agency Executive Director and the Board President detailing the monitoring findings along with
 recommendations for Subgrantee improvement. The Subgrantee is required to respond within thirty
 (30) calendar days with a corrective action plan that includes steps to be taken to address findings
 identified during the onsite monitoring. NDEE Program Monitors and staff will follow-up during onsite
 visits to ensure that the corrective actions are implemented as directed.

Administrative/Fiscal Monitoring Schedule for PY 2024-2025:

- Blue Valley Community Action April 2025
- Central Nebraska Community Action Partnership October 2024
- Northeast Nebraska Community Action Partner November 2024
- Community Action Partnership of Lancaster and Saunders Counties
 February 2025

- Community Action Partnership of Mid Nebraska June 2025
- Northwest Community Action Partnership May 2025
- Southeast Nebraska Community Action Partnership March 2025
- Douglas County
 TBD once provider is determined.

Resolution Strategy

NDEE issues administrative/fiscal compliance monitoring reports to the Subgrantee Weatherization Program Director, Agency Executive Director and the Board President detailing the monitoring findings within thirty (30) calendar days after the monitoring visit along with recommendations for Subgrantee improvement. The Subgrantee is required to respond within thirty (30) calendar days with a corrective action plan that includes steps to be taken to address findings identified during the onsite monitoring. NDEE Administrative and Fiscal Compliance Monitor and staff will follow-up during onsite visits to ensure that the corrective actions are implemented as directed.

HEALTH & SAFETY SUPPORT ACTIVITIES

Quarterly Working Group

Meetings attended by technical staff personnel from each Subgrantee with NDEE staff provide training opportunities to discuss technical and administrative issues, specific problems, innovative solutions, and program direction. Technical Working Group meetings will continue to meet on a quarterly basis in PY2024-2025 and will communicate regularly on an as needed basis through email or by conference call.

Lead Safe Weatherization Training

Lead safe weatherization training, as needed, will be offered through the Nebraska WAP Training Network during the PY 2024-2025. NDEE will continue to ensure that WAP Network staff and crews receive training and ongoing technical assistance regarding Lead-Safe Weatherization work practices through the WAP Training Network and through monthly site visits to observe Lead Safe Weatherization practices of crews and contractors.

Lead Safe Weatherization Site Visits

NDEE Technical Monitors make periodic unannounced site visits to homes that are being weatherized to observe that the required lead-safe work practices are being used by crews and contractors. This is an opportunity to clarify and demonstrate best practices related to lead-safe weatherization.

MONITORING

WHAT PERCENTAGE OF T&TA FUNDING IS ALLOCATED TO MONITORING? (IF DEFINED IN SECTION B OF THE BUDGET DETAILS WITHIN THE ANNUAL APPLICATION, INCLUDE THAT WITHIN YOUR DESCRIPTION BELOW.)

The staff responsible for technical monitoring are listed by their position title and percentage of funds associated with administrative or technical monitoring by each person under this award. (This is not a percentage of all awards, such as LIHEAP and USDOE funding, but based on how it is paid as a percentage when working on monitoring activities related to this award.)

NDEE administrative/fiscal personnel:

- Grant Section Supervisor: 20% administrative/80% T & TA
- Federal Aid Administrator: 20% administrative/80% T & TA

NDEE Technical Monitoring Personnel:

- Building Program Specialist: 20% administrative/80% T & TA
- Two (2) Environmental Specialist II: 20% administrative/80% T & TA

• One (1) Environmental Specialist III: 20% administrative/80% T & TA

NDEE anticipates the following funding allocation percentage for Technical, Programmatic and Fiscal Monitoring activities:

• 20% administrative/80% T & TA

The NDEE Monitoring Strategy includes the following monitoring and program review activities for each Subgrantee:

Nebraska Department of Environment and Energy				
	Program Monitoring and Compliance Strategy			
Monitoring/Review Activity	Purpose	Conducted by:	# of Units	Frequency
Onsite Inspection of in-progress units	Provide technical guidance or assistance to Subgrantees on inprogress projects. Includes lead safe monitoring, training, and/or technical assistance.	(3) WAP Technical Monitors/Certified Quality Control Inspectors	10% of all units for each Subgrantee	Monthly or every other month as needed to reach targeted percentage of units per Subgrantee.
Onsite badge training and verification	Incorporate the Nebraska WAP Badges training and verification program into the network and verify trainee certifications in the tracking tool.	(3) WAP Technical Monitors/Certified Quality Control Inspectors and Building Program Specialist	N/A	Monthly or as needed based on Subgrantee field staff new hire dates
Quality Control Inspection	Quality Control Program Inspections including final diagnostic testing, or on-site monitoring of completed units submitted for reimbursement to NDEE. Includes client file review and energy audit review.	(3) WAP Technical Monitors/Certified Quality Control Inspectors	At least 10% of all completed units. 20% of all units for subgrantees that use the option to allow Quality Control Inspectors to work on no more than two thirds of the jobs.	Monthly
On-Site File Review Monitoring	Subgrantee agency office client files	(3) WAP Technical Monitors/Certified Quality Control Inspectors and Federal Aid Administrator	File review for each completed project that receives an onsite inspection and during annual Program Compliance Fiscal Monitoring.	Monthly or every other month to ensure that file review is completed for every unit inspected by a WAP Technical Monitor. Annual during Program Compliance Fiscal Monitoring.

Lead Safe Weatherization	Assure that lead-safe procedures are implemented as required.	(3) WAP Technical Monitors	n/a	At least once per quarter/per sub-grantee and per crew/contractor.
Program Compliance Administrative/ Fiscal Monitoring	Comprehensive review of Subgrantee program administration including a financial review and a systems monitoring.	Federal Aid Administrator	n/a	At least once annually for each Subgrantee.
Desktop Energy Audit Review	Review energy audits submitted with reimbursement requests to ensure the appropriate audit tool is used, input values are appropriate, energy efficiency measures are identified and implemented according to SIR's for appropriate measures.	Building Program Specialist and WAP Technical Monitors/Certified Quality Control Inspectors	10% of all completed units	Sampling from Reimbursement Requests

OTHER, PLEASE SPECIFY

PERFORMANCE AND RISK ASSESSMENT

NDEE Technical monitors complete both In-Progress and QCI monitoring visits followed-up by reports identifying any findings, concerns, questioned costs, missed measures, quality control concerns or Health & Safety violations and require corrective action. These reports are included in a risk assessment that looks at not only the Technical Monitoring but Fiscal and Program Compliance Monitoring(s) as well. Based on the results of these Monitoring's and Risk Assessment, NDEE can designate a subgrantee as Vulnerable or At-Risk and adjust the amount of desktop monitoring, on-site visits and the number of units inspected for each agency. Subgrantees designated as Vulnerable can receive an increased monitoring of 10% until such time as the Agency has corrected its deficiencies. While an At-Risk designation increases the monitoring an additional 10%, again until it has corrected its deficiencies or puts its funding At-Risk. Additional monitoring visits may be required based on the severity and frequency of noncompliance.

In situations where inspectors are found not upholding the high quality of work expectations or are approving work, which is not consistent with the Nebraska's SWS Field Guide, inspectors and subrecipients will be notified in writing. Corrective action plans may be required to be developed and implemented based on the severity and frequency of noncompliance. Increased monitoring percentage and frequency may be required. Concerns will be tracked to resolution. Repeat offenders may be suspended or disqualified from conducting final inspections for the NDEE.

6.0 CLIENT EDUCATION

DESCRIBE WHAT CURRENT AND PLANNED CLIENT EDUCATION MATERIALS AND/OR ACTIVITIES ARE INCLUDED IN THE T&TA BUDGET CATEGORY. ONLY THOSE PAID FOR WITH T&TA FUNDS NEED TO BE MENTIONED.

NOTE: THIS DOES NOT INCLUDE TRAINING WORKERS TO DELIVER CLIENT EDUCATION. THIS SHOULD BE DESCRIBED IN THE TRAINING SECTION, ABOVE.

CLIENT EDUCATION ACTIVITIES PRIOR TO, DURING AND AFTER WEATHERIZATION WHICH ADDRESS THE WEATHERIZATION

PROCESS AND ENERGY SAVINGS DETAILS

The Nebraska WAP approach to client education has been designed to enhance program participants' understanding of home energy efficiency improvements, to increase energy savings, and to contribute to the ongoing effectiveness of installed weatherization measures. Educational materials prepared by NDEE and federal program initiatives are provided to our Subgrantees to provide important client education to each WAP client. Subgrantees will be required to provide (at a minimum) the following client educational materials in verbal and written format:

- Prior to Weatherization
 - Radon Informed Consent/Consent to Perform Work Form WX6
 - Home and Safety Home Screening Questionnaire Form WX7
 - Renovate Right (occupants of all buildings built pre-1978)
 - Lead Hazard Pre-Renovation Form WX3
 - Health and Safety Checklist Form WX8
- During Weatherization
 - Weatherization Deferral Notice Form WX4
 - o A Brief Guide to Mold, Moisture and Your Home
 - Nebraska Mold Assessment and Release Form WX5
 - o EPA's a Citizen's Guide to Radon
 - Combustion Equipment Safety Fact Sheet
- Following Weatherization
 - Nebraska Weatherization Program Even More Dollar and Energy Savings Brochure
 - ASHRAE 62.2 Fact Sheet
 - Consumer Product Safety Asbestos Fact Sheet

NDEE developed Weatherization Forms and Factsheets are available for download to all Subgrantees and program clients on the NDEE website.

Additionally, during PY 2024-2025 the NeWAP will work and provide assistance, as requested with the National Renewable Energy Laboratory'd (NREL), in the development of client education resources. NeWAP's existing client education resources have been provided to NREL for their review, input, and use (as needed). It is our belief that our use of NeWAP's current resources, used in association with NREL's planned informational and format updates, will help educate NeWAP's clients about energy efficiency that will help them to continue to save valuable energy resources into the future, well beyond the impact being created by the weatherization work.

CLIENT EDUCATION ACTIVITIES REGARDING H&S ISSUES AS INDICATED IN WPN 22-7

- O AIR CONDITIONING AND HEATING SYSTEMS
- ASBESTOS
- BIOLOGICALS AND UNSANITARY CONDITIONS
- BUILDING STRUCTURE AND ROOFING
- CODE COMPLIANCE
- COMBUSTION GASES
- o ELECTRICAL
- o FORMALDEHYDE, VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOCs), FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, AND OTHER AIR POLLUTANTS
- FUEL LEAKS

- Gas Range/Ovens
- HAZARDOUS MATERIALS DISPOSAL
- O INJURY PREVENTION OF OCCUPANTS AND WEATHERIZATION WORKERS
- LEAD BASED PAINT
- EPA'S LEAD RENOVATION, REPAIR & PAINTING PROGRAM (RRP)MOLD/MOISTURE
- PESTS
- RADON
- SAFETY DEVICES
- VENTILATION AND INDOOR AIR QUALITY
 - AMERICAN SOCIETY OF HEATING REFRIGERATION AND AIR-CONDITIONING ENGINEERS (ASHRAE)
- O WINDOW REPAIR, DOOR REPAIR
- WORKER SAFETY
 - OSHA
- O ADDITIONAL TOPICS AS DESCRIBED IN HEALTH & SAFETY PLAN

•

Nebraska WAP Subgrantees provide on-site, electronic and hardcopy educational resources to clients including, but not limited to, the following topics:

Air Conditioning and Heating Systems

- Discuss appropriate use and maintenance of units.
- o Provide all paperwork and manuals for any installed equipment.
- Where combustion equipment is present, provide a copy of the Combustion Equipment Safety FACTSheet describing how to avoid backdrafting.
- When bulk fuel tanks are not removed as part of the weatherization work, discuss and provide information on proper disposal.
- When deferral is necessary information is provided to the client, in writing, describing conditions that must be met in order for weatherization to commence with a copy of this notification placed in the client file.

Asbestos

- o Inform the client in writing if suspected Asbestos Containing Materials (ACMs) are present and what precautions will be taken to ensure the occupants' and workers' safety during weatherization.
- o Instruct client in writing not to disturb suspected ACMs.
- Provide a copy of the Asbestos FACTSheet information to the client.
- When deferral is necessary, provide information in writing describing conditions that must be met in order for weatherization to commence.

Biologicals and Unsanitary Conditions

- o Inform client in writing of observed conditions.
- o Provide information on how to maintain a sanitary home.
- When deferral is necessary, provide information in writing describing conditions that must be met in order for weatherization to commence.

Building Structure and Roofing

- Notify client in writing of structurally compromised areas.
- When deferral is necessary, provide information in writing describing conditions that must be met in order for weatherization to commence.

Code Compliance

- o Inform client in writing of observed code compliance issues when it results in a deferral.
- When deferral is necessary, provide information in writing describing conditions that must be met in order for weatherization to commence.

Combustion Gases

• Provide the client with a copy of the Combustion Equipment Safety FACTSheet with combustion safety and hazards information.

Electrical

• When electrical issues are the cause of a deferral, provide information to client on over-current protection, overloading circuits, and basic electrical safety/risks.

Formaldehyde, Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs), Flammable Liquids, and other Air Pollutants

- Inform client in writing of observed hazardous condition and associated risks.
- o Provide client written materials on safety and proper disposal of household pollutants.
- When deferral is necessary, provide information in writing describing conditions that must be met in order for weatherization to commence.

Fuel Leaks

o Inform client in writing if fuel leaks are detected.

Gas Range/Ovens

- Inform client of the importance of using exhaust ventilation when cooking and the importance of keeping burners clean to limit the production of CO.
- Provide the client with a copy of the Combustion Equipment Safety FACTSheet.
- o Provide client with verbal and written information on the use of the CO detector.

Hazardous Materials Disposal

Inform client in writing of hazards associated with hazardous waste materials being generated/handled in the home.

Injury Prevention of Occupants and Weatherization Workers & Worker Safety

- o Inform client in writing of observed condition/hazard and its associated risks.
- When deferral is necessary, provide information in writing describing conditions that must be met in order for weatherization to commence.

Lead Based Paint and EPA's Lead Renovation, Repair & Painting Program (RRP)Mold/Moisture

- Follow pre-renovation education provisions for RRP.
- When deferral is necessary, provide information in writing describing conditions that must be met in order for weatherization to commence.
- Provide a copy of the Weatherization Deferral Notice completed by the Weatherization
 Representative and signed by the client or building owner.

Pests

- o Inform client in writing of observed condition and associated risks.
- When deferral is necessary, provide information in writing describing conditions that must be met in order for weatherization to commence.

Radon

- Provide all clients EPA's A Citizen's Guide to Radon and inform them of radon related risks.
- Review with all clients the radon informed consent/consent to perform work form. The form must be signed with a copy of the included in the client file prior to receiving weatherization services.

Safety Devices

- Provide the client with verbal and written information on the use of smoke detectors, propane detectors and CO detectors.
- Provide the client with a copy of the Combustion Equipment Safety FACTSheet.

Ventilation and Indoor Air Quality and the American Society of Heating Refrigeration and Air-Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE)

- Provide client with information on function, use, and maintenance (including location of service switch and cleaning instructions) of ventilation system and components.
- Provide client with equipment manuals for installed equipment.
- o Include disclaimer that ASHRAE 62.2 does not account for high polluting sources or guarantee indoor air quality.

- $\circ\quad$ Provide the client with a copy of the ASHRAE 62.2 FACTSheet. Window Repair, Door Repair
- o Provide information on lead risks wherever issues are identified.

Weatherization Grantee Health and Safety (H&S) Plan- Optional Template

State of Nebraska Weatherization Assistance Program

1.0 - GENERAL INFORMATION

Additional information that does not fit neatly in one of the other sections of this document.

The average per dwelling expenditure of financial assistance provided under WAP for labor, weatherization materials, and related matters may not exceed \$8,497 statewide in PY 2024-2025 WAP Program. As per the U.S. Department of Energy's Weatherization Program Notice 24-1. Historically, Nebraska has not limited H&S investment to a per-unit cost, but it has allocated between 20-23 percent of its annual allocations to cover H&S related expenditures. A per dwelling unit limit for Health and Safety expenditures of \$1,800 has been established, based on historical data. Units may exceed the \$1,800 limit if approved in advance by the Nebraska Department of Environment and Energy (NDEE) on a case-by-case basis.

- 1. Please see the USDOE approved Nebraska Weatherization Field Guide and Installation Standards, Chapter 2 for Nebraska's WAP Health and Safety requirements for Single Family, Small Multi-Family and Manufactured Homes. (Links to be posted on the Nebraska Department of Environment and Energy website http://dee.ne.gov/Publica.nsf/pages/22-045
- 2. Subgrantees requesting approval to exceed any Health & Safety limits need to submit the correct NeWAP Health & Safety request form, written request and bidding documentation to the NDEE weatherization technical staff for review and approval prior to implementation.

2.0 - BUDGETING

Grantees are encouraged to budget H&S costs as a separate category and, thereby, exclude such costs from the Average Cost Per Unit (ACPU) cost limitation. This separate category also allows these costs to be isolated from energy efficiency costs in program evaluations. H&S costs that are budgeted and reported under the Program Operations category rather than the H&S category, the related H&S costs must be included in the calculation of the ACPU and cost-justified through the Grantee's Department of Energy (DOF)-approved energy gudit tool.

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Select which option used below.		
Separate H&S Budget ☑	Contained in Program Operations	

3.0 - H&S EXPENDITURE LIMITS

Pursuant to 10 CFR 440.16(h), Grantees must establish H&S expenditure limits for their Program and provide justification for those limits by explaining the basis and related historical H&S expenditures. DOE acknowledges that it may be necessary for Grantees to deviate from historical expenditures when certain circumstances arise (e.g., funding source changes).

10 CFR 440.16(h)(2) dictates that these limits must be expressed as a percentage of the ACPU. To calculate this percentage, use the following formula:

 $\textit{Total Average H\&S Cost per Unit} = \frac{\textit{H\&S budget amount}}{\textit{Program Operations budget amount}}$

For example, if the ACPU is \$5,000 and a Grantee's Program expends an average of \$750 per dwelling on energy-related H&S measures, the Total Average H&S Cost per Unit would equal 15 percent. DOE acknowledges that this percentage may vary

significantly between Grantees due to different geographical areas and depending upon the availability of other funding sources, resource availability, etc. Low percentages should include a statement of what other funding supports H&S costs, while larger percentages will require greater justification and relevant historical support.

15 percent is not a maximum limit on H&S expenditures. DOE will conduct a secondary level of review on H&S Plans with a Grantee request of more than 15 percent of Program Operations used for H&S purposes. DOE strongly encourages using the table below in developing justification for the requested H&S budget amount. In accordance with 10 CFR 440.18(d)(15), these funds are to be expended by the Program in direct weatherization activities, "of which is necessary before, or because of, installation of weatherization materials." This same section of the regulation excludes the H&S costs from the ACPU limitation if H&S costs are budgeted separately.

DOE recommends reviewing recent budget requests and compare those to actual H&S expenditures to see if previous budget estimates have been accurate. The resulting Total Average H&S Cost per Unit multiplied by the Grantee's production estimate in the Annual File should correlate to the H&S budget amount listed in the Grantee's annual plan.

H&S expenditure limits and justification explaining the basis for setting the limits.

Historically, Nebraska has not limited Health & Safety investments in a home to a "per-unit dollar cost" but allocates between 20-23 percent of its annual allocation to cover Health & Safety related expenditures in homes state-wide. This annual percentage allocation is reviewed and evaluated annually by NDEE staff.

Based on this review the DOE PY 2024-2025 the estimated state-wide per dwelling unit limit Health & Safety expenditure is \$1,800. Units may exceed the \$1,800 limit if approved in advance by NDEE on a case-by-case basis.

See Measure Matrix Attachment

Utilizing the spreadsheet embedded below, provide a full list of H&S measures using historical data from your program, including average cost, and frequency rate. If installing more than a single instance of one measure in a unit (e.g. multiple CO alarms), Grantees may aggregate costs so that frequency does not exceed 100%, or enter a justification into the measure column, which explains why that measure has a frequency rate of over 100%. The spreadsheet will auto calculate your expected Total Average H&S Cost per Unit.

Instructions: Double-click icon directly below to open, view and edit Measure Matrix Spreadsheet. Complete the spreadsheet by entering the required information. To save, close the spreadsheet and it will save to this document.



Measure Matrix Final.xlsx

4.0 - INCIDENTAL REPAIR MEASURES

Any measures that could potentially be identified as H&S, but the Grantee chooses to instead identify and treat those measures as incidental repair measures (IRMs), must be implemented consistently throughout the Grantee's weatherization program. The measure must fit the regulatory definition of an IRM and be cost justified along with the associated energy conservation measure and/or package of measures. 10 CFR 440.3 defines Incidental Repairs as, "those repairs necessary for the effective performance or preservation of weatherization materials."

H&S measures identified and treated as IRMs within your Program.

Incidental repairs are those repairs necessary for the effective performance or preservation of weatherization materials and are not Health and Safety measures and accordingly would not be charged as such.

Minor wall, attic, or roof repairs to preserve installed insulation shall be deemed an IRM, and not H&S. Minor repairs are those that can be corrected following IRM rules when the cost is associated with the ECM.

5.0 – OCCUPANT PRE-EXISTING OR POTENTIAL HEALTH CONDITIONS AND HAZARD IDENTIFICATION AND NOTIFICATION FORM(S)

Grantees must develop a written policy that includes, at a minimum, the following documentation relating to H&S Plan implementation and maintain signed copies in each client file. <u>Each notification must include</u> the occupant(s) (and landlord if applicable) name and address, be signed and dated by the occupant (and landlord if applicable) indicating that they understand and have been informed of their rights and options and signed by the Subgrantee personnel collecting the information.

Required topics are:

Occupant Pre-existing or Potential Health Condition Screening

- Provides documentation that allows occupant(s) to self-report known or suspected health concerns as part of initial application for weatherization, during the energy audit, or other part of the weatherization process as specified. Must minimally contain the following:
 - Any known risks associated with the measures and materials being installed
 - Subgrantee point of contact information for occupant(s)
 - Date of screening

Hazard Identification Notification

- Provides documentation that the occupant and landlord (if applicable), have been informed of any potential hazards identified during the energy audit or intake process. Must minimally contain the following:
 - Date(s) of the energy audit/assessment and when the occupant(s) (and landlord, if applicable) was informed of a potential H&S issue
 - A clear description of the problem, including any testing results
 - A statement indicating if, or when weatherization could continue

Radon Informed Consent Form

- Provides documentation that the occupant(s) (and landlord if applicable) have been informed of any potential hazards associated with radon in weatherized dwellings. The form must minimally contain the following:
 - An explanation on the potential small risk of increasing radon levels when building tightness is improved. This
 is based on the results of the <u>Buildings Assessment of Radon Reduction Interventions with Energy retrofits</u>
 Expansion Study (The BEX Study)
 - A list of precautionary measures WAP will install based on <u>EPA Healthy Indoor Environment Protocols.</u>
 - Some of the benefits of Weatherization including energy savings, energy cost savings, improved home comfort, and increased safety.

Procedure for soliciting occupants' health and safety concerns related to components of their homes

 Prior to any on-site inspection work being scheduled in a home, sub-grantee intake personnel will assist clients in completing a Weatherization Client Questionnaire and a Health & Safety Home Screening Questionnaire (WX7) as part of the application process.

- The questionnaire provides information on health concerns and/or issues such as non-working furnaces, foundation issues, leaks, debris, pet/pest issues, broken glazing, etc. in the home that impact not only the client's safety but the safety of weatherization workers.
- The questionnaire will be included in the client file for future reference.

Procedure for determining whether occupants suffer from health conditions which may be negatively impacted by the act of weatherizing their dwelling

• If it is determined through the Health & Safety Home Screening Questionnaire that someone in the home is sensitive to a product that may be or is intended to be used during the weatherization process, the sensitivity must be documented in the file and, if possible, an alternative product may be used. If no successful alternative is found, the weatherization of the home may proceed without completion of the measure with no impact on weatherization measures with lower SIRs, with prior Nebraska Department of Environment and Energy approval.

Procedure for addressing potential health concerns including pre-existing health conditions when they are identified

- When a client's health is fragile and/or the weatherization activities would constitute a health or safety hazard, the occupants at risk will be required to leave the home during the activities and requested to return at least 1 hour (or a reasonable time as determined by the installers) after installers are scheduled to leave to allow for clean-up and/or appropriate ventilation of the home.
- Weatherization funds cannot be used to relocate clients or reimburse them for such costs incurred as a result of the requirement to leave during the day. If the client is unable to leave the home and the intended work may exacerbate an occupant's health condition, the home may need to be deferred.
- Sub-grantees must take all reasonable precautions against performing work on homes that would subject clients to Health & Safety risks.

& Satety risks.		
Location where forms have been uploaded/submitted		
Separate attachment to SF424 □	Separate attachment to H&S Plan ☑	

6.0 - Health and Safety Categories

For each of the following H&S categories identified by DOE in the following tables, follow the directions below.

- Any section that is "Required" below must be explicitly detailed in the H&S Plan regardless of funding source used. If the Grantee checks the box for "Concurrence with DOE Guidance" the contents of the box may be left as it exists or reference the section/location within Grantee Policy and Procedure manual that contains language or insert Grantee specific language. If the "Alternative Guidance" box is checked, the Grantee must provide that alternative guidance in the box.
 - o If a Grantee is proposing an alternative action/allowability for a "Required" item, the alternative requires comprehensive explanation of how it meets the intent of the DOE program notice.
 - o If a "Required" item/category will not be addressed with any funding source and will always result in deferral, the H&S Plan must state that.
- Any section that is "Allowable" below must be detailed only if DOE WAP funds are used to implement the measures. If the Grantee uses DOE funds for any "Allowable" activities from the Table of Issues then they must be described here in detail, including defining "minor", "major", "limited", "case-by-case", and "at-risk" if the term is applied. If you only check the box "Allowed with Alternative Funds" then no additional information is required.
- Any section that is "Prohibited" below may not be addressed with DOE WAP H&S funds and does not need to be specifically addressed in the H&S Plan. The Grantee simply needs to check the "Concur with DOE guidance" box and indicate if the condition will result in deferral/referral.

•	The Grantee H&S Plan may address additional H&S hazards specific to their program that are not included in the Table of Issues. If a Grantee chooses to include additional measures as DOE WAP funded H&S costs, the H&S Plan must include details pertaining to the measures allowed, testing required, and client education for these specific hazards.
•	All required "Testing/Inspection" related items must be documented in the client file to verify completion and results.

6.1 – Air-Conditioning, Heating Systems, and Combustion Appliances			
Required Actions			
Concur with DOE Guidance	Alternative Guidance ☑ Results in Deferral/Referral □		
DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑	Funds ☑ Alternative Funds □		

Air Conditioning

- Repair of air conditioning systems or heat pump is an allowable Health & Safety Cost. Replacement or installation of air conditioning system is not an allowable Health & Safety Cost.
 - A maximum \$500 may be spent to repair heat pumps and central air conditioning systems, although approval to
 exceed this limitation will be reviewed on a case-by-case basis by the Nebraska Department of Environment and
 Energy *prior* to any work being implemented.
 - In renter occupied homes, if the cost to repair the central air conditioner or heat pump exceeds \$1,500, the owner may repair or replace the unit. However, if the central air conditioner or heat pump is replaced in accordance with the requirements of this Field Guide and Installation Standards, the Nebraska Weatherization Assistance Program (NeWAP) may contribute a maximum of \$1,500 to the replacement cost.
- Use proper protocols (Manual J, NEAT/MHEA outputs, etc.) based on post-weatherization housing characteristics, including installing mechanical ventilation, when installing or replacing a heating or cooling appliance.

Heating Systems

- "Red tagged", inoperable or non-existent primary heating system replacement, repair, or installation is an allowable H&S Cost
- Repair or replacement of heating systems is an allowable Health & Safety Cost.
 - A maximum \$500 may be spent to repair heating systems, although approval to exceed this limitation will be reviewed on a case-by-case basis by the Nebraska Department of Environment and Energy *prior* to any work being implemented.
 - In renter occupied homes, if the cost to repair the heating system exceeds \$1,500, the owner may repair or replace the unit. However, if the heating system is replaced in accordance with the requirements of this Field Guide and Installation Standards, the Nebraska Weatherization Assistance Program (NeWAP) may contribute a maximum of \$1,500 to the replacement cost.
- Use proper protocols (Manual J, NEAT/MHEA outputs, etc.) based on post-weatherization housing characteristics, including installing mechanical ventilation, when installing or replacing a heating or cooling appliance.
- Unsafe primary units must be repaired, replaced and removed, or rendered inoperable, or deferral is required.
- Replacement or Repair of gas-liquid-fueled space heater is not allowed.
- Gas-liquid-fueled space heater units that conform to the safety standards on ANSI Z21.11.2 may remain as back-up heat sources.
- Units that do not meet ANSI Z21.11.2 must be removed, and properly disposed of, prior to weatherization but may remain until a replacement heating system is in place.
- Gas-liquid-fueled space heater units that conform to the safety standards on ANSI Z21.11.2, but are not operating safely, must be removed and properly disposed of.
- A gas-liquid-fueled space heater that remains in a completed single-family house after weatherization shall:
 - Not have an input rating in excess of 40,000 Btu/hour;
 - Not be located in, or obtain combustion air from sleeping rooms, bathrooms, toilet rooms, or storage closets, except:
 - One listed wall-mounted space heater in a bathroom if permitted by the authority having jurisdiction which:
 - has an input rating that does not exceed 6,000 Btu/hour;
 - Is equipped with an oxygen-depletion sensing safety shut-off system; and
 - The bathroom has adequate combustion air;
 - One listed wall-mounted space heater in a bedroom if permitted by the authority having jurisdiction which:
 - has an input rating that does not exceed 10,000 Btu/hour;
 - Is equipped with an oxygen-depletion sensing safety shut-off system; and
 - the bathroom has adequate combustion air.

Combustion Appliances

Combustion safety testing is required when combustion appliances are present.

A backdraft test must be performed at the time of Initial Inspection, the Quality Control and at the end of each workday (utilizing Daily Safety Test Out (DSTO) Form WX10) in which envelope or duct sealing measures have been performed, if the project will require more than one day, on all vented naturally drafting combustion appliances. **Solid-Fuel Burning Appliances** A backdraft test must not be performed on solid fuel burning appliances. **Allowable Actions** Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds

✓ Allowed with Alternative Funds □

- Repair of air conditioning systems, which do not qualify as an ECM, is an allowable H&S cost as follows:
 - A maximum of \$500 may be spent to repair heat pumps and central air conditioners in owner occupied unit, although approval to exceed this limitation will be reviewed on a case-by-case basis by the Nebraska Department of Environment and Energy **prior** to any work being implemented.
 - In renter occupied homes, if the cost to repair the central air conditioner or heat pump exceeds \$1,500, the owner may repair or replace the unit. However, if the central air conditioner or heat pump is replaced in accordance with the requirements of the Field Guide and Installation Standards the NeWAP may contribute a maximum of \$1,500 toward the replacement cost.
- Repair or replacement of heating systems is an allowable Health & Safety Cost.
 - A maximum \$500 may be spent to repair heating systems, although approval to exceed this limitation will be reviewed on a case-by-case basis by the Nebraska Department of Environment and Energy *prior* to any work being implemented.
 - In renter occupied homes, if the cost to repair the heating system exceeds \$1,500, the owner may repair or replace the unit. However, if the heating system is replaced in accordance with the requirements of this Field Guide and Installation Standards, the Nebraska Weatherization Assistance Program (NeWAP) may contribute a maximum of

\$1,500 to the replacement cost.		
Prohibited Actions		
Concur with DC	DE Guidance ☑	
Using DOE WAP H&S funds for replacement or installation of secondary heat sources is prohibited.		
Required Testing/Inspection		
Concur with DOE Guidance ✓	Alternative Guidance	

Air Conditioning

N/A

Heating Systems

- Verify that systems are present, operable, and performing correctly.
- Run DOE-approved audit to determine if the system can be installed as an energy conservation measure (ECM) prior to replacement as a Health & Safety measure.
- For combustion equipment, inspect chimney and flue and test for Combustion Appliance Zone (CAZ) depressurization.

Combustion Appliances

- NeWAP subgrantees must complete CAZ testing on all areas within a home that contain one or more atmospherically vented combustion appliances.
- CAZ testing must be completed on all weatherized homes, at the time of the initial and quality control inspections, with all testing results documented in the client file using the CAZ Depressurization Test (Form WX9).
- Depressurization and spillage testing is required for all Category 1 appliances pre- and post-weatherization and before leaving the home on any day when work has been done that could affect draft (e.g., air or duct sealing, adding exhaust ventilation).
- CO testing is required for all combustion appliances, regardless of venting type.
- Inspect venting of combustion appliances and confirm adequate clearances.
- Combustion safety testing is required when combustion appliances are present.
- Test naturally drafting appliances for draft and spillage under worst case conditions before and after air tightening.
- NeWAP subgrantees must verify and document in each client file that each Combustion Appliance Zone in a weatherized home has adequate combustion air supply.

Solid-Fuel Burning Appliances

- Visually inspect the entirety of solid fuel-fired appliance installations (e.g., wood stoves, coal stoves, pellet stoves, fireplaces) including the venting system to ensure that it adheres to the applicable code or local authority having jurisdiction. Appliances must be inspected pre- and post-weatherization.
- The inspection shall include, but not be limited to:
 - System clearances to combustibles, inside and outside of the home.
 - The type and condition of the flooring material where the unit is installed.
 - O Visual signs of wear or missing or malfunctioning components.
 - Evidence of ash deposit build-out.
 - o Evidence of creosote build-up.
 - Signs of structural failure.
 - Evidence of blockage, restriction, leakage, corrosion and/or flame roll-out.
 - Visual evidence of soot on the walls, mantel or ceiling or hearth.

Gas Fireplaces

Non-sealed combustion type fireplace that vents into a conventional chimney with or without a pre-constructed liner.

- A spillage test is required and is to be performed when the CAZ is under worst case depressurization.
 - Complete test by using a smoke stick and moving it directly in front of the fireplace in a traverse-like pattern.
 - Any spillage after one minute is a failure.
 - If spillage occurs under worst case depressurization, spillage testing would then be performed under natural conditions.
- CO is to be tested in ambient air directly in front of and above the fireplace if the inspector is unable to place the test probe in the exhaust vent or exterior termination point.

Sealed combustion insert.

• A spillage test is not required, but it is recommended to use a smoke stick directly in front of the fireplace while operating. Any sign of spillage may indicate an issue and should be appropriately documented.

• CO is to be tested in ambient air directly in front of and above the unit if the inspector is unable to place the test probe in the exhaust vent or exterior termination point.

Gas Stoves

- If the gas stove is specified for use as a heating appliance:
 - A spillage test is required and is to be performed when the CAZ is under worst case depressurization.
 - Any spillage after one minute is a failure.
 - If spillage occurs under worst case depressurization, spillage testing would then be performed under natural conditions.
 - o If the vent pipe is accessible, carbon monoxide testing is required.
 - o If the vent pipe is accessible, draft testing is required.

Wood Fireplaces and Pellet Stoves

- Non-sealed combustion type and venting into a conventional chimney.
 - A backdraft test must not be performed on wood fireplaces and pellet stoves.
 - o A spillage test must not be performed on wood fireplaces and pellet stoves.
 - o CO tests must not be performed on wood fireplaces and pellet stoves.

Cooking Stoves/Ovens

Inspect cooking burners for operability and flame quality.

Grantee Combustion Testing Action Levels

Cooling Systems

N/A

Heating Systems and Combustion Appliances

 The NeWAP requires Energy Auditors and Quality Control Inspectors to complete combustion, spillage and efficiency testing and compare those results to the BPI 1200 (2017) Standard and to follow all Action Levels associated with the Standard.

Solid Fuel Burning Appliances - homes containing wood, gas or pellet fireplaces and/or stoves

- must be evaluated for the weatherization impact of their operation on other combustion appliances. A blower door
 must be set to run at 300 CFM (set up as for depressurization testing) to mimic the worst-case airflow dynamics likely
 when a fireplace or stove is in use.
- If spillage occurs in the other combustion appliances under the worst-case depressurization test, spillage testing would then be performed under natural conditions and Carbon Monoxide Detectors will be installed, as per manufacturer's instructions, located adjacent to the fireplace and the back-drafting appliance.

manufacturer's instructions, located adjacent to the r	replace and the back-draiting appliance.	
Grantee Woodstove & Fireplace inspection/testing policy including actions/limits		
Concur with DOE Guidance	Alternative Guidance ✓	

- Manufactured homes that have non-manufactured home, or incorrectly installed solid fuel combustion heating systems must be deferred.
- Fireplaces must be inspected pre- and post-weatherization.
- The inspection shall include, but not be limited to:
 - o System clearances to combustibles, inside and outside of the home.
 - The type and condition of the flooring material where the unit is installed.
 - o Visual signs of wear or missing or malfunctioning components.
 - Evidence of ash deposit build-out.
 - Evidence of creosote build-up.
 - Signs of structural failure.
 - Evidence of blockage, restriction, leakage, corrosion and/or flame roll-out.
 - Visual evidence of soot on the walls, mantel or ceiling or hearth.
- Assessing solid fuel fired appliances involves inspecting the venting/chimney and the overall installation to ensure it adheres to applicable state and local codes.
- State code requires that the flue areas and chimney requirements of masonry fireplaces meet the following requirements:
 - > Flue area requirements of masonry fireplaces (excluding sealed combustion/direct vented units) must meet the following requirement:
 - Round chimney flues shall have a minimum cross-sectional area of at least 1/12 of the fireplace opening.
 - Square chimney flues shall have a minimum cross-sectional area of at least 1/10 of the fireplace opening.
 - Rectangular chimney flues with an aspect ratio less than 2 to 1 shall have a minimum cross-sectional area of at least 1/10 of the fireplace opening.
 - Rectangular chimney flues with an aspect ratio of 2 to 1 or more shall have a minimum cross-sectional area of at least 1/8 of the fireplace opening.
 - Chimney terminations must extend at least 2 feet higher than any portion of a building within 10 feet but shall not be less than 3 feet above the highest point where the chimney passes through the roof.
 - Appropriate chimney caps and/or rain caps must be in place.
- Homes with fireplaces and solid fuel fired appliances that do not meet state and local code requirements regarding flue area and chimney terminations must not be weatherized.
- Homes with fireplaces and solid fuel fired appliances that are indicated in the pre-inspection of having any deficiency that could cause an unsafe condition must not be weatherized.
- Weatherized homes containing wood, gas or pellet fireplaces and/or stoves must be evaluated for the impact of their operation on other combustion appliances. A blower door must be set to run at 300 CFM (set up as for depressurization testing) to mimic the worst-case airflow dynamics likely when a fireplace or stove is in use.
- If spillage occurs in the other combustion appliances under the worst-case depressurization test, spillage testing would then be performed under natural conditions and Carbon Monoxide Detectors will be installed, as per manufacturer's instructions, located adjacent to the fireplace and the back-drafting appliance.

Required Occupant Education Concur with DOE Guidance Alternative Guidance

- When deferral is necessary, provide information to the client, in writing, describing conditions that must be met in order for weatherization to commence. A copy of this notification must also be placed in the client file.
- Discuss appropriate use and maintenance of units.
- Provide all paperwork and manuals for any installed equipment.
- Where combustion equipment is present, provide a copy of the Combustion Equipment Safety Factsheet describing how to avoid back drafting.
- When bulk fuel tanks are not removed as part of the weatherization work, discuss and provide information on proper disposal.
- Where combustion equipment is present, provide safety information regarding how to recognize depressurization.

6.2 – Asbestos (Confirmed and/or Presumed Asbestos Containing Material) **Required Actions** Alternative Guidance ✓ Concur with DOE Guidance □ Results in Deferral/Referral □ DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑ Alternative Funds □ As per the NeWAP Policies and Procedures Manual: The presence of asbestos or suspected asbestos containing material (ACM) in a weatherization home requires Subgrantees to take reasonable and necessary precautions to prevent asbestos contamination in the home. In homes where a friable suspected ACM is found, as determined by an appropriately trained crew leader, auditor or inspector or testing is present, the sub-grantee must take precautionary measures as if it contains asbestos, utilize personal air monitoring and follow the following requirements based on the location/type of suspected ACM material. **Grantee ACM policy** In siding, walls, ceilings, etc. In homes where a friable suspected ACM is located, as determined by an appropriately trained crew leader, auditor or inspector or testing, is present the sub-grantee must take precautionary measures as if it contains asbestos, such as utilizing personal air monitoring. In homes with asbestos siding, as determined by an appropriately trained crew leader, auditor or inspector or testing, is present and in good condition weatherization work may continue. In vermiculite If the presence of asbestos has been previously confirmed or if the sub-grantee believes that vermiculite insulation is present, when blower door tests are performed, it must be performed using pressurization instead of depressurization. On pipes, furnaces, or other small, covered surfaces An appropriately trained crew leader, auditor or inspector shall complete an initial visual inspection of all surfaces and subsurfaces, piping, and equipment for a suspected ACM. Assume asbestos is present in suspect covering materials. In homes where friable suspected ACM is present the sub-grantee must take precautionary measures as if it contains asbestos, such as utilizing personal air monitoring and blower door testing must not be completed. In homes with asbestos present, encapsulated and in good condition weatherization work may continue. **Grantee Blower Door Testing Policy When Suspected ACM Exists** In siding, walls, ceilings, etc. In homes where friable suspected ACM siding, as determined by an appropriately trained crew leader, auditor or inspector or testing, is present, blower door testing, using positive pressure techniques, must be completed. In homes with asbestos siding, as determined by an appropriately trained crew leader, auditor or inspector or testing, is present and in good condition, blower door testing, using either negative or positive pressure techniques, must be completed. In vermiculite If the presence of asbestos has been previously confirmed or if the sub-grantee believes that vermiculite insulation is present, when blower door tests are performed, it must be performed using pressurization instead of depressurization. On pipes, furnaces, or other small, covered surfaces In homes where friable suspected ACM, as determined by an appropriately trained crew leader, auditor or inspector or testing, is present blower door testing must not be completed. In homes with asbestos, as determined by an appropriately trained crew leader, auditor or inspector or testing, is present, encapsulated and in good condition blower door testing, using either negative or positive pressure techniques, must be completed

Allowable Actions

Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds

✓

Allowed with Alternative Funds □

In siding, walls, ceilings, etc.

- In homes where asbestos siding is present and in good condition installing dense-pack insulation from the exterior is allowed
- In homes where asbestos siding is present and in bad condition wall insulation measure work must be completed from the interior of the home.
- Removal of siding is allowed to perform energy conservation measures; however, precautions must be taken not to
 damage the siding. Asbestos siding should never be cut, sanded or drilled. Where possible, insulate the exterior walls
 through the interior of the home.

In vermiculite

• The costs associated with vermiculite/asbestos *testing* is an eligible Health & Safety expenditure, to specified expenditure limits and when AHERA sample testing is conducted by a certified tester.

Prohibited Actions Concur with DOE Guidance ☑

In siding, walls, ceilings, etc.

• The costs associated with testing, abatement or replacement with new siding are not eligible expenditures in the NeWAP.

In vermiculite

• The costs associated with vermiculite abatement or encapsulation are not eligible expenditures in the NeWAP.

On pipes, furnaces, or other small, covered surfaces

• In homes where friable suspected ACM, as determined by an appropriately trained crew leader, auditor or inspector or testing, is present the costs associated with asbestos testing, abatement or encapsulation not eligible expenditures in the Nebraska Weatherization Assistance Program.

Required Testing/Inspection				
Concur with DOE Guidance	Alternative Guidance ☑		Results in Deferral/Referral	
DOE WAP H&S Funds	DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑		Alternative Funds □	
 Visual inspections of all surfaces an 	d subsurfaces, piping a	and equipment for sus	pected ACM.	
Allowable Testing/Inspection				
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑ Allowed with Alternative Funds □			ed with Alternative Funds 🗆	
 AHERA sample testing may be conducted by a certified tester and the cost of sample testing and asbestos training 				
requirements may be charged to the Health & Safety budget category.				
 Subgrantees are limited to a maximum cost of \$300 for vermiculite testing. 				
Required Occupant Education				
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑ Alternative Guidance □			lternative Guidance 🛚	
 Inform the client, and landlord if applicable, in writing if suspected ACMs are present and what precautions will be taken 				
to ensure the occupants' and workers' safety during weatherization				

- to ensure the occupants' and workers' safety during weatherization.
- Inform the client, and landlord if applicable, of results if testing is performed.
- Instruct client in writing not to disturb suspected ACM.
- Provide a copy of the Asbestos Factsheet information to the client.
- When deferral is necessary, provide information in writing describing conditions that must be met in order for weatherization to commence

6.3 – Biologicals and Unsanitary Conditions				
Required Actions				
Concur with DOE Guidance	Alternative Guidance ☑ Results in Deferral/Referral □		Results in Deferral/Referral □	
DOE WAP H&S Funds	s ☑		Alternative Funds □	

	teria, raw sewage, rotting wood, etc.) in the home pose a health ybe worsened and not resolved by weatherization activities.		
	d Actions		
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑	Allowed with Alternative Funds □		
	omote biological concerns and unsanitary conditions is allowed.		
	emediate these minor conditions, although approval to exceed		
	by the Nebraska Department of Environment and Energy prior to		
any work being implemented.	,		
Required Test	ting/Inspection		
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑ Alternative	Guidance Results in Deferral/Referral		
DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑	Alternative Funds □		
Sensory and visual inspection of interior, exterior, attics and actions are sensory and visual inspection of interior.	and basements.		
Prohibited Tes	sting/Inspection		
Concur with Do	OE Guidance 🗹		
 Testing or addressing bacteria, viruses or major biologic 	cal and/or unsanitary conditions is not an allowable reimbursable		
cost.			
Required Occu	upant Education		
Concur with DOE Guidance ✓	Alternative Guidance □		
 Inform client in writing of observed conditions. 			
 Provide information on how to maintain a sanitary home 	e.		
 When deferral is necessary, provide information in writing 	ng describing conditions that must be met in order for		
weatherization to commence.			
6.4 Building Structure and Boof	ing to a recting well foundation		
-	ing (e.g., roofing, wall, foundation)		
	Allewed with Alternative Funds D		
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑	Allowed with Alternative Funds □		
• Subgrantees are limited to a maximum cost of \$300 to implement minor repairs when necessary to effectively weatherize			
the home. Approval to exceed this limitation will be reviewed on a case-by-case basis by the Nebraska Department of			
Environment and Energy prior to any work being implement.			
Prohibited Actions Concur with DOE Guidance ☑			
Building rehabilitation is beyond the scope of the Nebraska Weatherization Assistance Program. Define "major" repairs			
 Building rehabilitation work that exceeds a maximum cost of \$300 or that is not reviewed and approved by the Nebraska Department of Environment and Energy, is beyond the scope of the Nebraska Weatherization Assistance Program. 			
	ting/Inspection		
	Guidance Results in Deferral/Referral		
DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑	. Quiuance \square		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	Alternative Funds □		
	Alternative Funds amages that compromise building durability and to verify that the		
portions of the home where weatherization will occur ar	Alternative Funds □		
portions of the home where weatherization will occur ar inspections.	Alternative Funds amages that compromise building durability and to verify that the re safe for entry and performance of assessments, work and		
portions of the home where weatherization will occur ar inspections. Allowable Tes	Alternative Funds amages that compromise building durability and to verify that the re safe for entry and performance of assessments, work and sting/Inspection		
portions of the home where weatherization will occur ar inspections. Allowable Tes Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑	Alternative Funds amages that compromise building durability and to verify that the re safe for entry and performance of assessments, work and sting/Inspection Allowed with Alternative Funds		
portions of the home where weatherization will occur ar inspections. Allowable Tes Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑ Structural testing is not an allowable reimbursable cost	Alternative Funds amages that compromise building durability and to verify that the re safe for entry and performance of assessments, work and sting/Inspection Allowed with Alternative Funds t.		
portions of the home where weatherization will occur ar inspections. Allowable Tes Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds Structural testing is not an allowable reimbursable cost Prohibited Tes	Alternative Funds amages that compromise building durability and to verify that the re safe for entry and performance of assessments, work and sting/Inspection Allowed with Alternative Funds		

Using DOE WAP H&S funds for any testing/evaluation of states.	structural materials by a third-party is prohibited.				
Required Occu	pant Education				
Concur with DOE Guidance ✓	Alternative Guidance 🛚				
 Inform client in writing of observed conditions. 					
When deferral is necessary, provide information in writing	g describing conditions that must be met in order for				
weatherization to commence.					
6.5 – Code	Compliance				
	e Actions				
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑	Allowed with Alternative Funds □				
	n allowable unless triggered by weatherization measures being				
installed in a specific room or area of the home.					
	ive Weatherization Measures include, but are not limited to: the				
	in the home, appropriate disconnect switching and clearance				
·	appropriately sized chimney liner when water heaters are				
	c. Costs associated with the purchase of any required permits are				
eligible.					
	therization-related work conforms with the applicable codes in				
the jurisdiction where the work is being performed.					
_	,				
The cost of the permits must not be passed onto the clier					
 When correction of preexisting code compliance issues is 	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	requirements with reference to the weatherization measure(s) that triggered the code compliance issue must be included				
	in the client file.				
	d Actions				
	DE Guidance 🗹				
Condemned properties and properties that have been deemed "unsafe" by local code authorities where H&S conditions					
exist that cannot be corrected under this guidance must	ng/Inspection				
	Guidance Results in Deferral/Referral				
DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑	Alternative Funds □				
 Visual inspection of building to verify that the conditions of the home are safe for entry and performance of assessments, 					
work and inspections.					
Allowable Testing/Inspection					
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds □	Allowed with Alternative Funds □				
Using DOE WAP H&S funds for any code compliance analysis/evaluation by a third-party is prohibited.					
Required Occupant Education					

	6.6 – Electrical		
Required Actions			
Concur with DOE Guidance	Alternative Guidance ☑	Results in Deferral/Referral	

When deferral is necessary, provide information in writing describing conditions that must be met in order for

Concur with DOE Guidance ☑

Inform client in writing of observed conditions.

weatherization to commence.

Alternative Guidance

DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑	Alternative Funds □			
The two primary energy-related H&S electrical concerns associa	ted with weatherization work are insulating homes that contain			
knob-and-tube wiring and overloaded electrical. Electrical safety	is a basic need that impacts home weatherization and repair.			
Knob-and-Tube Wiring				
Determine the location of live knob-and-tube wire location.				
•	sly covered with insulation determine where the wiring is located			
	tion may be completed by a licensed electrician, the use of a			
Overloaded Electrical	he wires or another verifiable option approved by the NDEE.			
	rical haves fitted with cover plates			
Wiring splices must be enclosed in metal or plastic elect Tlastrical bayes in attics must be marked with a float that				
Electrical boxes in attics must be marked with a flag that	ble Actions			
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑	Allowed with Alternative Funds □			
Knob-and-Tube Wiring	Allowed with Alternative Funds 🗅			
_	ng prior to insulating building components containing knob and			
tube wiring, as required by the AHJ.	ig prior to insulating building components containing knob and			
 Subgrantees are limited to a maximum cost of \$300 to in 	mplement these minor repairs, although approval to exceed this			
limitation will be reviewed on a case-by-case basis by th				
	the current electrical service in the house could potentially create			
•	tion measures, the sub-grantee will inform the client of the of the			
	Deferral Notice (Form WX4) completed by the Weatherization			
Representative and signed by the client or building own				
	ed Actions			
Knob-and-Tube Wiring	OOE Guidance 🗹			
N/A				
Overloaded Electrical				
	uses must remain intact. In homes that utilize fuses where attic			
• If no insulation is being installed in a home the existing fuses must remain intact. In homes that utilize fuses where attic insulation is being installed the State Electrical Board recommends the use of a licensed electrician for the installation of				
safety Type-S-Fuses as indicated in the National Electrical Code.				
	najor" repairs			
 Major electrical repairs are defined as costing over \$300).			
	ting/Inspection			
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑ Alternative	e Guidance □ Results in Deferral/Referral □			
DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑	Alternative Funds □			
A visual inspection of all of the home's areas for the presence and condition of knob-and-tube wiring.				
 Evaluating the existing knob-and-tube wiring for safety issues prior to beginning weatherization work. 				
 Check for building and/or system alterations that may create an electrical hazard. 				
Allowable Te	sting/Inspection			
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑	Allowed with Alternative Funds □			
Verification that existing knob-and-tube wiring is active.				
Required Occ	upant Education			
Concur with DOE Guidance ✓	Alternative Guidance □			

- When electrical issues are the cause of a deferral, provide information to client on over-current protection, overloading circuits, and basic electrical safety/risks.
- Serious electrical hazards exist when gross overloads such as over usage, overloaded outlets and/or oversized fuses are present. Should auditors and crews find such existing problems, they should notify the owner and note the problem in the client file.

6.7 – Fuel Leaks					
Required Actions					
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑	Alternative	Guidance 🗆	Results in Deferral/Referral		
DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑	1		Alternative Funds □		
 When a minor gas leak is found on t 	he property, but befo	ore (or in front) of the	meter, the utility service must be		
contacted before work can proceed					
 Fuel leaks that are the responsibility 	of the occupant (vs.	the utility) must be rep	paired before installing weatherization		
measures in the home.					
		e Actions			
	Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑ Allowed with Alternative Funds □				
Fuel leaks found on the property, but	·	•	ired before weatherizing a unit.		
		d Actions			
		DE Guidance 🗹			
			responsibility of the utility to address.		
 Using DOE WAP H&S funds to repair 		•	• •		
Using DOE WAP H&S funds for envir	•		leaks is prohibited.		
	•	ing/Inspection			
Concur with DOE Guidance		Guidance 🗆	Results in Deferral/Referral		
DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑			Alternative Funds		
 Test all exposed gas lines, fittings, valves, couplings, and connections for fuel leaks from the utility connection to the 					
	appliances throughout the home.				
	 Test all gas appliances for fuel leaks at all connections, valves, fittings, and burners. 				
Conduct sensory inspection of all but			e if leaks exist.		
Allowable Testing/Inspection					
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Fu			ed with Alternative Funds		
Test exposed gas lines from utility coupling into and throughout the home.					
Conduct sensory inspection on bulk					
		ting/Inspection			
		DE Guidance 🗹			
 Using DOE WAP H&S funds for environmental testing of soil or water is prohibited. Required Occupant Education 					
Consumuith DOF Cuidenes			Nhamatina Cuidanaa 🗇		
Concur with DOE Guidance			Alternative Guidance		
Inform occupants in writing of fuel leak testing results, including specific location if fuel leaks are detected.					
6	5.8 – Gas Ovens/S	Stovetops/Range	S		
		e Actions			
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds □ Allowed with Alternative Funds □					
There are no Allowable Actions in the NeWAP for using DOE WAP H&S Funds associated with Gas					
Ovens/Stovetops/Ranges.					

Prohibited Actions				
Concur with DOE Guidance				
Maintenance on or repair gas cook	tops and stoves is no	t allowed.		
Replacement is not allowed.				
	•	ing/Inspection	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
Concur with DOE Guidance		Guidance 🗆	Results in Deferral/Referral	
DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑			Alternative Funds	
Test gas ovens for CO. Yis all bis and a street line business and a street line business and a street line business.	l			
Visually inspect cooking burners and Define and		o and flame quality. O testing and resulting	a actions	
			Limit for ovens of less than 225 ppm as	
	Allowable Test	ing/Inspection		
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Fu			ed with Alternative Funds	
Test gas ovens for CO.				
 Visually inspect cooking burners and 	l ovens for operability	and flame quality.		
	Required Occu	pant Education		
Concur with DOE Guidance	$\overline{\checkmark}$	A	Alternative Guidance 🛚	
•	using exhaust ventilat	tion when cooking and	of keeping burners and broilers clean to	
limit the production of CO.				
	6 9 – Hazarda	ous Materials		
		Actions		
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑	Alternative		Results in Deferral/Referral	
DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑	, ,			
Hazardous Waste Materials generated during weatherization work (e.g., refrigerant, lead dust, mercury, CFL lighting/				
ballasts, etc.) shall be disposed of a	_			
 Subgrantees must document proper 	r disposal requiremen	ts in contract languag	e with responsible party.	
 Limited removal of pollutants is allo 	wed and required if t	hey pose a risk to wor	kers.	
 If pollutants pose a risk to workers a 	and removal cannot b	e performed or is not	allowed by the client, the unit must be	
deferred.				
Define "limited" removal of pollutants				
 Removal costs that do not exceed \$: 		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ost.	
		e Actions		
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑ Allowed with Alternative Funds □				
The removal and proper disposal of pollutants generated in the course of weatherization work.				
		d Actions		
	Concur with DO			
 Lead Remediation, Asbestos Remed H&S funds. 	iation, and Radon Mit	igation work is not eli	gible for reimbursement with DOE WAP	
Required Testing/Inspection				
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑	Alternative	Guidance 🗆	Results in Deferral/Referral	
DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑ Alternative Funds □				
 Sensory and visual inspection. 				

Allowable Testing/Inspection

Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑

Allowed with Alternative Funds □

 The NeWAP does not use DOE WAP H&S funds for any " 	allowable testing" of Hazard	dous Materials.	
Prohibited Te	sting/Inspection		
Concur with D	OE Guidance ☑		
 Using DOE WAP H&S funds for any testing for hazardous 	materials other than that s	specifically permitted in the asbestos,	
lead, and radon sections of this document is prohibited.			
Required Occ	pant Education		
Concur with DOE Guidance ✓	Alter	native Guidance 🏻	
 Inform client in writing of hazards associated with hazar 	dous waste materials being	generated/handled in the home.	
 Inform occupant in writing of observed hazardous condi 	tions.		
 Provide client written materials on safety and proper dis 	posal of household pollutar	nts.	
	ention of Occupants		
	le Actions		
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑	<u> </u>	vith Alternative Funds 🗹	
 When necessary to effectively weatherize the home, w 	orkers may make minor re	epairs and installations to allow for the	
implementation of weatherization measures.			
	ed Actions		
	OE Guidance ☑		
 Using DOE WAP H&S funds for major repairs, as defined 		is prohibited	
	ajor" repairs		
 Subgrantees are limited to a maximum cost of \$200 to it 	nplement minor repairs, alt	though approval to exceed this	
limitation will be reviewed on a case-by-case basis by th	e Nebraska Department of	Environment and Energy prior to any	
work being implemented.			
 Injury prevention repair costs that exceed \$200 can be of 		cost.	
Required Testing/Inspection			
Concur with DOE Guidance Alternative	Guidance ☑	Results in Deferral/Referral	
DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑		ernative Funds 🏻	
 Visual inspection and assessment of conditions that may 	require prevention.		
Allowable Testing/Inspection			
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds ☐ Allowed with Alternative Funds ☐			
 The NeWAP does not use DOE WAP H&S funds for any t 	esting options.		
Required Occupant Education			
Concur with DOE Guidance ✓	Alter	native Guidance 🏻	
 Inform client and landlord (if applicable) in writing of ob 	served condition and any po	otential hazards identified during the	
Energy Audit inspection or intake process including at a	minimum:		
 the date of the Energy Audit or assessment, 			
 the date of notification, 			
 a clear description of the problem, and 			
 when deferral is necessary, conditions that must be met in order for weatherization to commence. 			
C 11 Lood Bood Comford Committee	aga / Daint Mannish	Doofing etc.)	
6.11 – Lead-Based Surface Coveri		, Rooning, etc.)	
Required Actions			
	Guidance	Results in Deferral/Referral	
DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑	Alte	ernative Funds 🛚	

- Crews and contractors must follow EPA's Lead; Renovation, Repair and Painting Program (RPP) when working in pre-1978 housing unless testing confirms the work area to be lead free.
- Deferral is required when the extent and condition of the lead-based paint in the house would potentially create further H&S hazards, the sub-grantee will inform the client of the of the issues associated with a deferral in the Weatherization Deferral Notice (Form WX4) completed by the Weatherization Representative and signed by the client or building owner.
- Only those costs directly associated with the testing and lead safe practices for surfaces directly disturbed during weatherization activities are allowable.
- All weatherization auditors, inspectors, field monitors, and agency crew members must attend and successfully complete
 an approved Lead Safe Work Practice Training course and fulfill the necessary requirements to become Certified
 Renovators.
- NDEE staff currently tracks subgrantee RRP certifications and Licensed Renovation Firms. It is the responsibility of the subgrantee to verify that contractors are RRP certified & Licensed Renovation Firms. Verification is monitored during Technical Monitoring client file review.
- All general weatherization contractors and agency crews will be responsible for complying with the Lead Based Paint Renovation, Repair, and Painting Rule (RRP) as required by NDEE. Weatherization contractors and agencies with crews must be Licensed Renovation Firms.
- RRP and NDEE weatherization program requires all licensed firms to employ a Certified Renovator. The Certified
 Renovator will document that RRP requirements were followed. Agency crews will include this documentation in the
 client file. Contractors are responsible for completing and retaining proper documentation. Contractors and/or agency
 crews, will include a copy of the required documentation in the client file.

,	stems, with include a copy of the required accumentation in the cheme the			
Allowable Actions				
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑ Allowed with Alternative Funds □				
 Job site set up, implementation and cleaning verification 	ation as required under RRP with a Certified Renovator			
overseeing the work.				
Prohibite	ed Actions			
Concur with DOE Guidance 🗹				
Using DOE WAP H&S funds for lead abatement is prohibited.				
 Using DOE WAP H&S funds for purchase, resourcing, or n 	naintenance of X-ray Fluorescence (XRF) devices is prohibited.			
Allowable Test	ting/Inspection			
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑	Allowed with Alternative Funds □			
Testing to determine the presence of lead in paint that will be disturbed by WAP measure installation is allowed with EPA-				
approved testing methods.				
 Testing methods must be economically feasible and justified. 				
Required Occupant Education				
Concur with DOE Guidance ✓	Alternative Guidance			
EPA Pre-Renovation education documentation regarding RRP.				
When deferral is necessary, provide information in writing describing conditions that must be met in order for				
weatherization to commence and a copy of the Weatherization Deferral Notice completed by the Weatherization				
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑ Allowed with Alternative Funds □ • Testing to determine the presence of lead in paint that will be disturbed by WAP measure installation is allowed with EPA-approved testing methods. • Testing methods must be economically feasible and justified. Required Occupant Education Concur with DOE Guidance ☑ Alternative Guidance □ • EPA Pre-Renovation education documentation regarding RRP. • When deferral is necessary, provide information in writing describing conditions that must be met in order for				

6.12 – Mold and Moisture		
Allowable Actions		
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑	Allowed with Alternative Funds □	

Representative and signed by the client or building owner.

- Surface preparation where weatherization measures are being installed (e.g., cleaning mold off window trim in order to apply caulk) must be charged as part of the ECM, not to the H&S budget category.
- All clothes dryers and exhaust fans must be vented to the exterior.
- The NeWAP requires a full ground laid moisture barrier must be installed whenever possible in accessible crawl spaces and under manufactured and modular homes except when one exists, or the space has a concrete floor.
 - the moisture barrier must be a Class I vapor retarder, a minimum of 6 mils thick, extended up the walls and the support columns at least 12 inches and the joints must overlap a minimum of 12 inches.
- Limited water damage repairs and Minor source control work that can be addressed by weatherization workers and are allowed, and when necessary, in order to weatherize the home and to ensure the long-term stability and durability of the measures.
- Subgrantees are limited to a maximum cost of \$300 to implement limited repairs, although approval to exceed this
 limitation will be reviewed on a case-by-case basis by the Nebraska Department of Environment and Energy prior to any
 work being implemented.
- Subgrantees are limited to a maximum cost of \$300 to implement this minor source control (i.e., correction of moisture and mold creating conditions) independent of latent damage and related repairs. Approval to exceed this limitation will be reviewed on a case-by-case basis by the Nebraska Department of Environment and Energy prior to any work being implemented.

impiementeu.					
Prohibited Actions					
	Concur with DOE Guidance ☑				
 Mold cleanup is not an allowed Hea 	Ith & Safety cost.				
 Using DOE WAP Health & Safety fur 	nds for window and do	or replacement due to	o mold and moisture issues is prohibited.		
	Required Test	ing/Inspection			
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑	Alternative (Guidance □	Results in Deferral/Referral		
DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑ Alternative Funds □			Alternative Funds □		
 Visual inspection and assessment for 	or mold and moisture	damage during on-site	inspections and implementation of work.		
	Allowable Test	ing/Inspection			
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds ☐ Allowed with Alternative Funds ☐					
The NeWAP does not use DOE WAP H&S funds for any testing of Molds.					
Prohibited Testing/Inspection					
Concur with DOE Guidance ✓					
No mold testing of any type is allowed using DOE WAP Health & Safety Funds.					
Required Occupant Education					
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑ Alternative Guidance □					
 Client will be provided with a copy of the A Brief Guide to Mold, Moisture and Your Home. 					
 Review with and provide a completed copy to the client, of the Nebraska Mold Assessment and Release (Form WX5). 					
<u> </u>					

6.13 - Occupant Pre-existing or Potential Health Conditions			
	Required	Actions	
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑ Alternative Guidance □		Results in Deferral/Referral □	
DOE WAP H&S Funds ☐ Alternative Funds ☐		Alternative Funds □	
When a person's health may be at risk and/or WAP work activities could constitute an H&S hazard, the occupant is			
required to take appropriate action based on severity of risk.			
Deferral, if occupant risk cannot be mitigated.			
Allowable Actions			
Allowed with DOF WAP H&S Funds ☑ Allowed with Alternative Funds □			

			stitute a health and safety hazard, the	
			requested to return at least 1 hour (or a	
reasonable time as determined by th		tallers are scheduled t	o leave to allow for clean-up and	
appropriate ventilation of the home.				
		ng/Inspection		
Concur with DOE Guidance	Alternative (Guidance 🗆	Results in Deferral/Referral	
DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑			Alternative Funds	
Screen occupants for known or suspensions	ected health concern	s either as part of the	initial application for weatherization,	
during the Energy Audit or both.				
	/AP Form Wx/ Home	Health and Safety Sci	reening Questionnaire and keep completed	
Form in the client file	Allamakia Taat	:/!		
Allawad with DOF WAR IISC For	Allowable Test		and with Alternative Funds [7]	
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Fur			red with Alternative Funds Constitution Constitution	
The NeWAP does not use DOE WAP I	·		Occupant Pre-Existing Conditions.	
Consumurith DOF Cuidenes	Required Occu		Nhamatina Cuidanaa 🗇	
Concur with DOE Guidance			Alternative Guidance	
Inform occupant in writing of any known	•	•	screening form.	
Provide occupant with Subgrantee po	oint of contact inforn	nation in writing.		
	6.14 –	Pests		
	Required			
Concur with DOE Guidance	Alternative		Results in Deferral/Referral	
DOE WAP H&S Funds	Aucinative	Jaidance 🖂	Alternative Funds	
Pest removal issues that would excee	ed the maximum cos	t of \$300 to remedy m		
- Test removal issues that would excee	Allowabl	·	idst be deletted.	
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Fur			ed with Alternative Funds	
Pest removal is allowed only where infestation would prevent weatherization. Subgrantees are limited to a maximum cost				
of \$300 for pest removal, although approval to exceed this limitation will be reviewed on a case-by-case basis by the				
Nebraska Department of Environmer	•		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
•			o air sealing practices to prevent intrusion	
			moved or poses H&S concern for workers.	
station or posts may be sauce to	Allowable Test	•		
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Fur		•	ed with Alternative Funds	
The NeWAP does not use DOE WAP I	H&S funds for any te			
Required Occupant Education				
Concur with DOE Guidance	•		Alternative Guidance	
 Inform client in writing of observed condition and associated risks. 				
 When deferral is necessary, provide information in writing describing conditions that must be met in order for 				
weatherization to commence.				
6.15 – Radon				
Required Actions				
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑	Alternative (Guidance 🗆	Results in Deferral/Referral	
DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑			Alternative Funds □	

- The following radon precautions will be implemented in all weatherized homes to reduce the possibility of exacerbating any potential radon issues:
 - Whenever site conditions permit, cover exposed dirt floors within the pressure/thermal boundary with 6 mil (or greater) polyethylene sheeting, lapped at least 12" and sealed with appropriate sealants at all seams, walls and penetrations.
 - o Air seal existing sumps in such a way that water can drain from above and below the sump cover.
 - o Seal and caulk visible, accessible penetrations, openings or cracks in below-grade walls and floors that contact the ground with a sealant that meets the requirements of ASTM C920.
 - Other precautions may include, but are not limited to, sealing any observed floor and/or foundations penetrations isolating the basement from the conditioned space, and ensuring crawlspace venting is installed.
- The following additional radon precautions will be implemented in all weatherized homes equipped with active radon mitigation systems:
 - Verify that the radon vent fan is operating.
 - o If a previously installed radon mitigation system is not operating correctly advise the client to consult the system installer of the state radon office.
- The latest DOE approved ASHRAE 62.2 will be implemented.

Allowable Actions			
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑	Allowed with Alternative Funds □		
 Covering of exposed dirt floors within the pressure/therr 	nal boundary, sealed with appropriate sealants at all seams, walls		
and penetrations.			
 Installing air seal existing sumps. 			
 Sealing and caulking visible, accessible penetrations, 	openings or cracks in below-grade walls and floors that contact		
the ground.			
 Sealing any observed floor and/or foundations penet 	rations isolating the basement from the conditioned space.		
 Ensuring crawlspace venting is installed. 			
Prohibite	d Actions		
Concur with DOE Guidance ✓			
Radon mitigation is not an allowable Health & Safety cost.			
 Radon testing is not an allowable Health & Safety cost. 			
Allowable Testing/Inspection			
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds □	Allowed with Alternative Funds □		
The NeWAP does not use DOE WAP H&S funds for any testing associated with Radon.			
Required Occupant Education			
Concur with DOE Guidance ✓	Alternative Guidance		
 Provide all clients EPA's A Citizen's Guide to Radon and inform them of radon related risks. 			
 Provide all clients the radon informed consent/consent to perform work form (Wx6) signed. A copy of the signed form 			

6.16 – Safety Devices: Smoke and Carbon Monoxide Alarms, Fire Extinguishers				
Required Actions				
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑ Alternative Guidance □ Results in Deferral/Referral □				
DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑ Alternative Funds □				

must be included in the client file prior to receiving weatherization services.

Smoke/Fire Alarms:

- Battery operated smoke/fire alarms must be installed to replace non-working, outdated and missing units.
- Installation of Smoke Alarms and Carbon Monoxide Detectors, as per manufacturer's instructions, is required on initial inspection of the home. Battery operated or plug-in 110 Volt Detectors, located one per sleeping level and one adjacent to a combustion appliance, are eligible for reimbursement.
- Installation is required on the initial inspection of the home.
- One unit should be located in the vicinity of every bedroom, one on each occupiable level and one adjacent to a combustion appliance.

Carbon Monoxide Alarms:

- Battery operated smoke/fire alarms must be installed to replace non-working, outdated and missing units.
- Installation of Smoke Alarms and Carbon Monoxide Detectors, as per manufacturer's instructions, is required on initial inspection of the home. Battery operated or plug-in 110 Volt Detectors, located one per sleeping level and one adjacent to a combustion appliance, are eligible for reimbursement.
- Installation is required on the initial inspection of the home.

Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds

✓

• One unit should be located in the vicinity of every bedroom, one on each occupiable level and one adjacent to a combustion appliance.

Propane Gas Detectors:

 Non-working outdated and missing propane gas detectors must be installed in framed homes and manufactured housing, on permanent foundations, that have propane combustion appliances.

Allowable Actions

The gas detectors must be permanently installed according to the manufacturer's instructions and 110 volts.

 Testing of existing smoke/fire alarms to ensure that they are operating correctly. 			
Prohibited Actions			
	Concur with DC	DE Guidance ☑	
Smoke/Fire Alarms, Carbon Monoxide Alar	ms and Propane Gas	Detectors	
 Using DOE WAP H&S funds for replanations manufacturer's stated lifetime is presented. 		smoke/fire, CO or Pro	pane Gas Detectors that are not beyond
Fire Extinguishers:			
 The costs associated with providing 	fire extinguishers are	not allowable Health	& Safety Costs.
	Required Test	ing/Inspection	
Concur with DOE Guidance 🗹	Alternative (Guidance 🗆	Results in Deferral/Referral □
DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑ Alternative Funds □			
Smoke/Fire Alarms, Carbon Monoxide Alarms and Propane Gas Detectors			
 Verify the operation of existing installed Alarms and Detectors. 			
Verify the age of existing installed Alarms and Detectors.			
Allowable Testing/Inspection			
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑ Allowed with Alternative Funds □			
Testing of existing smoke/fire alarms to ensure that they are operating correctly.			
Required Occupant Education			
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑ Alternative Guidance □			
 Provide the client with verbal and written information on the use of newly installed Smoke/Fire Alarms, Carbon Monoxide 			

6.17 – Ventilation and Indoor Air Quality

Provide the client with a copy of the *Combustion Equipment Safety FACTSheet*.

Alarms and Propane Gas Detectors.

Allowed with Alternative Funds □

Required Actions			
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑	Alternative (Guidance \square	Results in Deferral/Referral
DOE WAP H&S Funds 🛚	<u> 1</u>		Alternative Funds □
 NDEE requires ventilation be install 	ed to meet the latest	DOE approved ASHRAE	62.2. If occupant refuses the installation
of a required ventilation fan the ho			
	Allowabl		
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S F			ed with Alternative Funds 🏻
			placed or upgraded to meet whole-house
·	ons to prevent zonal p	ressure differences gre	eater than 3 pascals across the closed door,
if one exists.			
	•	ing/Inspection	
Concur with DOE Guidance 🗹	Alternative (Guidance 🗆	Results in Deferral/Referral
DOE WAP H&S Funds 🖸			Alternative Funds □
 NeWAP Subgrantees are required to measure the fan flow of existing fans and of installed equipment to verify 			
performance.			
• Complete pre- and post-weatherization ASHRAE 62.2 evaluations (Redcalc) to ensure that the home meets the Standard			
for Acceptable Indoor Air Quality and include both evaluations in the client file.			
• Exhaust fans must be vented to the outdoors, and never into building attics or crawl spaces. They should have tight-fitting			
backdraft dampers. Allowable Testing/Inspection			
Allancad mith DOF WAR HOCE		•	ad with Altanoative Conde
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S F			ed with Alternative Funds
Measure the fan flow of existing fan			
Complete ASHRAE 62.2 evaluations	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		ventilation and fan flow requirements.
Required Occupant Education			
Concur with DOE Guidance Alternative Guidance			
Provide client with information on function, use, and maintenance (including location of service switch and cleaning)			
instructions) of ventilation system and components.			
Provide client with equipment manuals for installed equipment.			
 Include disclaimer that ASHRAE 62.2 does not account for high polluting sources or guarantee indoor air quality. 			
Provide the client with a copy of the ASHRAE 62.2 FACTSheet.			

6.18 – Water Heaters		
(see Combustion Appliances for combustion related requirements)		
Allowable Actions		
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑	Allowed with Alternative Funds □	

The costs associated with water heater repair and/or replacements are eligible for reimbursement through the NeWAP and all water heating measures that are indicated as cost-effective in the Energy Audit must be implemented.

- Water heater tank insulation must be a minimum R-11 blanket secured with tape and bound with a minimum of 2 wires, cords, plastic or nylon bands on the tank.
- Insulation must not be installed on water heaters if doing so voids the warranty of the unit.
- Insulation must not cover the pressure relief valve, end of the drip leg, draft hood, burner air inlet, pilot light access door, thermostat control, drain valve or the top of the water heater on natural gas or propane water heaters.
- Electric water heaters must have the top insulated and the thermostat control access panels accessible or marked and labeled if doing so does not void the warranty.
- Insulation must not cover the pressure relief valve, the drip leg, high limit switch, and plumbing pipes or drain valve on electric water heaters.
- Water lines must be insulated a minimum of 6 feet (to a maximum of 18 feet, if cost effective) of the hot or inlet piping and a minimum of 6 feet of outlet piping in all directions from the water heater, using properly sized preformed pipe wrap or insulation specifically designed as pipe wrap.
- Accessible pipes must be insulated with 1-inch material having a minimum R-4 pipe insulation specifically manufactured as pipe insulation. Joints and elbows must be insulated.
- Each section of preformed pipe wrap must be fastened with a minimum of 3 wires, cords, plastic or nylon bands.
- Joints and elbows must be insulated.
- Duct tape must not be used as a means of fastening pipe wrap.
- Maintain a minimum of 6" between combustible pipe insulation and fuel-fired water heater draft hood and/or single wall metal vent materials.
- Water lines that have asbestos pipe wrap must not be insulated or sealed in the area containing the asbestos.
- In Manufactured Housing: All accessible water lines in the water heater compartment must be insulated using properly sized preformed pipe wrap or insulation specifically designed as pipe wrap.
- Existing unvented gas water heaters must be vented to the exterior.
- Missing or damaged Temperature and Pressure Relief Valves (drip legs) must be replaced as per local, state and national codes and be plumbed within 6 inches of the floor.
- A maximum of \$500 in material and labor may be spent to correct deficiencies in water heaters in owner occupied homes.
 If the material and labor exceed \$500, the unit must be replaced in owner occupied homes, although approval to exceed this limitation will be reviewed on a case-by-case basis by the Nebraska Department of Environment and Energy *prior* to any work being implemented.
 - This maximum limitation does not apply to the addition of power vents to existing, operating units where drafting is negatively impacted by air sealing the home thru the weatherization process.
- In renter occupied homes, the owner must repair or replace the water heater if the replacement is required due to Health & Safety concerns. If the Health & Safety replacement is made in accordance with these installation standards the Nebraska Weatherization Assistance Program may contribute a maximum of \$1,500. Weatherization of the building must not proceed until the water heater has been repaired or replaced.
- All water heaters must have working pressure relief valves with drip legs without threaded bottoms.

Required Testing/Inspection				
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑ Alternative Guidance □ Results in Deferral/Referral □				
DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑			Alternative Funds □	

- Visual inspection of all water heaters and related piping for safety and leaks
- See Combustion Appliances section for related combustion safety testing requirements.
- Conduct a fuel leakage test of the appliance piping and control system downstream of the shutoff valve in the supply line to the appliance.
- Visually inspect the venting system for proper size and horizontal pitch and determine that there is not blockage, vent size reduction or restriction, leakage, corrosion or other deficiencies that could cause an unsafe condition.
- Inspect burners and crossovers for blockage and corrosion.
- Determine that the pilot is properly burning and that main burner ignition is satisfactory.
- Test the pilot safety device to determine that it is operating properly.
- Visually determine that main burner gas is burning properly.
- Test for spillage at the draft hood relief opening.
- Verify that the water heater has a pilot access door, pressure relief valve with drip leg and draft hood.
- Inspect for evidence of water or combustion product leaks.
- Inspect for exposed wiring.

Allowable Testing/Inspection				
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds ✓	Allowed with Alternative Funds □			
 All required testing as discussed above. 				
Required Occu	pant Education			
Concur with DOE Guidance ☑	Alternative Guidance			
 Discuss appropriate use and maintenance of units. 				
 Provide all paperwork and manuals for any installed equipment 	Provide all paperwork and manuals for any installed equipment.			
 Where combustion equipment is present, provide a copy of the Combustion Equipment Safety FACTSheet describing how to avoid backdrafting. Additionally provide information on how to recognize depressurization, the dangers of CO poisoning, and the fire risks associated with combustion appliance use. When bulk fuel tanks are not removed as part of the weatherization work, discuss and provide information on proper disposal. 				

6.19 – Worker Safety				
Required Actions				
Concur with DOE Guidance ✓	Alternative (Guidance □	Results in Deferral/Referral □	
DOE WAP H&S Funds 🛭	1		Alternative Funds □	
Subgrantee crews and contractors in	nust comply with Occ	upational Safety and H	ealth Administration (OSHA) standards	
and Safety Data Sheets (SDS) and ta	ike precautions to ens	ure the health & safety	y of themselves and other workers,	
including the use of personal protection	ction equipment.			
	Allowabl	e Actions		
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S F	unds 🗹	Allowe	ed with Alternative Funds 🛘	
 Costs incurred by subgrantees to co 	mply with OSHA requ	irements may be charg	ged to the Health & Safety budget	
category.				
OSHA standards including, but not limited to:				
 respirator protection, 				
 techniques for safely lifting heavy objects, 				
 electrical equipment safety, 				
 ladder safety, and 				
o general worker protection.				
Prohibited Actions				
Concur with DOE Guidance ✓				

•	Using DOE WAP H&S funds for major repairs as defined by the Grantee's H&S Plan is prohibited.		
Define "major" repairs			
•	• Costs exceeding \$200 are considered "major" repair costs in the NeWAP associated with Injury Prevention of Occupants and Weatherization Workers.		
Allowable Testing			
	Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds ☑ Allowed with Alternative Funds □		
 The costs associated with vermiculite/asbestos testing is an eligible Health & Safety expenditure in the NeWAP. 			

6.X – (Insert Additional H&S Items for Use of DOE WAP H&S funds)						
	Required Actions					
Concur with DOE Guidance □	Alternative (Guidance □	Results in Deferral/Referral □			
DOE WAP H&S Funds []		Alternative Funds □			
	Insert re	quired item text				
	Allowabl	e Actions				
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S F	unds 🗆	Allowe	ed with Alternative Funds 🛘			
If DOE WAP H	I&S Funds are used fo	r any "allowable" actio	ons, detail them here.			
	Prohibite	d Actions				
	Concur with DC	DE Guidance 🛚				
What is prohibited						
Required Testing/Inspection						
Concur with DOE Guidance	Alternative (Guidance 🗆	Results in Deferral/Referral			
			Alternative Funds □			
Insert required item text						
	Allowable Test	ing/Inspection				
Allowed with DOE WAP H&S F	Allowed with DOE WAP H&S Funds ☐ Allowed with Alternative Funds ☐					
If DOE WAP I	H&S Funds are used fo	r any "allowable" testi	ng, detail them here.			
Prohibited Testing/Inspection						
Concur with DOE Guidance						
What is prohibited						
Required Occupant Education						
Concur with DOE Guidance		A	lternative Guidance 🛚			
	Insert re	quired item text				

PY 2024-2025

Weatherization Readiness Funding Plan

Distribution of Funds

The Department of Environment and Energy (NDEE) will distribute the Weatherization Readiness Funding (WRF) among the states existing Subgrantees utilizing the formula allocation, with a weighted average based on population, used for the Annual Weatherization Funding.

Priority for Service Delivery

Clients will continue to serve clients by date of application submission, by priority, and by county. For deferred homes, the following Priority List shall be considered when prioritizing the delivers of WRF services:

- 1. The number of issues associated with the deferral,
- 2. The number of possible Energy Efficiency Measures impacted by the use of WRF, for example:
 - a. Roof Repairs will allow for the completion of three Attic Insulation ECMs and a Kneewall Insulation Measure,
 - Addressing missing electrical switch places and a missing electrical box cover allows for the completion of Exterior Wall Insulation ECMs, Attic Insulation Measures and Kneewall Insulation Measures,
 - c. Completing water leak repairs from the plumbing system or from drainage issues results in the completion of a Foundation Insulation ECM, a Sillbox Insulation and a Floor Insulation,
 3) The estimated cost associated with correcting the deferral issue and the extent of damage (i.e. limited termite damage, small leaks, percentages of missing siding or trim),
- 3. The time elapsed since the deferral, and
- 4. The date of construction of the home, older homes (constructed before 2000) should be given higher priority.

Average Cost per Unit (WRF ACPU)

The NeWAP WRF Average Cost per Unit (WRF ACPU) is \$15,000.00. Units that exceed the \$5,000 limit must receive preapproval from the NDEE prior to implementation of WRF implementation.

Funding Restrictions and/or Limitations

In PY 2024, the use of Weatherization Readiness Funding (WRF):

- Is only available for use on Only Owner-Occupied Homes
- Is limited for Cleanup or Remediation purposes; including but not limited to Lead paint,
 Asbestos (confirmed or suspected, including vermiculite), mold and/or moisture, etc.
 Subgrantees that plan to install drywall and/or joint tape/finish, utilizing WRF, must be reviewed
 and approved by NDEE on a case-by-case basis, prior to implementation.
- Is limited for the installation of missing drywall and joint tape/finish and is only allowed when it
 directly impacts the implementation of an ECM and to ensure accurate blower door testing on
 the unit can be completed. Subgrantees that plan to install drywall and/or joint tape/finish,
 utilizing WRF, must be reviewed and approved by NDEE on a case-by-case basis, prior to
 implementation.

Subgrantee Monitoring

Each subgrantee is required to perform a Final Inspection on work performed with WRF funding to ensure that the completed work is satisfactory, allows for the completion of weatherization work and

meets state, local and agency code and contractual requirements. Documentation is required to be kept in each client file as evidence that a final inspection has been performed.

Grantee Monitoring

NDEE monitors will complete inspections of Subgrantee submitted WRF units as part of the onsite inprogress and Quality Control Inspections discussed and quantified in the Nebraska Department of Environment and Energy Program Monitoring and Compliance Strategy (table) in Section 5.0 – Technical Assistance of this PY 2024-2025 Annual Plan.

Subgrantee Tracking

Subgrantees will continue to work with the NDEE to develop a Deferral Tracking system, as part of the NDEE database system, which will 1) provide a consistent tracking across the NeWAP system, 2) be used in the development of the Avoided Deferrals Summary of the Monitoring and Leveraging Report discussed below and 3) will provide Subgrantee and Grantee managers with data that will be used in program development for possible future funding opportunities.

Grantee Tracking

NDEE will track use the NDEE database system to track and provide, as part of the Monitoring and Leveraging Report, an Avoided Deferrals Summary of all units in PY 2024-2025 that utilize the WRF. The Summary will include the number of dwelling units made weatherization ready with these funds and for each building or unit the following information will be provided:

- Year of construction,
- Housing Type (site-built single family, manufactured housing),
- Nature of repairs needed which prohibit weatherization (where applicable, identify multiple repairs or remediation reasons for a single building). Including but not limited to:
 - Roof repair/replacement
 - Wall repair (interior or exterior)
 - Ceiling repair
 - Floor repair
 - Foundation or subspace repair
 - Exterior drainage repairs (e.g., landscaping or gutters)
 - Plumbing repairs
 - Electrical repair
 - o DOE WRF expenditure per unit and building; and,
 - Leveraged fund expenditure per unit and building (i.e., funds such as LIHEAP, HUD, nonfederal, etc. braided with DOE WRF to make building weatherization ready)